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OUNTRY,
D WANTED.
Cabel House, £12
monthly; beside train.
B
Hills, 4 miles Bray,
rooms, large sitting-
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House, Dundrum.
D
Hingford Lough, exten-
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ge, Rosslare, Co.
38/9.—Holmes' George's st.
B 16
50 DOZ. Pure Wool Black Cashmere Hose, perfectly
stainless, warranted; 1/11, 2/11. wonderful value.
Artificial silk Hose, all new shoe shades and black, 2/11.
At Holmes', George's st. C
1,000 YDS. Fine White Muslin Flouncing, base-
ment; Hemstitch, Embroidered, neat designs, for
Children's Frocks, 27 inches wide, 1/11 per yd. worth
3/11; fine French Voile, lovely designs, in this fine
broidery, 1/11 per yd.—W. Holmes (Dublin), Ltd., 59,
70, 71 George's st. C

JAMES H. NORTH & CO.,
110 GRAFTON STREET.
'PHONE—DUBLIN 62.

STILLORGAN ROAD, within a short dis-
tance of electric
tram, and of Booterstown and Blackrock
Railway Stations: GENTLEMAN'S RESI-
DENCE, with 13 acres of ground, for Sale
with possession. A most desirable residen-
tial property, within easy reach of the city.—
James H. North and Co., 110 Grafton
street.

LANSDOWNE ROAD, with possession, De-
sirable DETACHED HOUSE for Sale, will suit
has side entrance and large garden.—
James H. North and Co., 110 Grafton
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JAMES H. NORTH & CO.,
110 GRAFTON STREET.

GREYSTONES—To LET or SELL, CHARMING
DETACHED VILLA, bright sunny location,
6 family bedrooms, 3 sitting, non-basement, town
court, gardener.
ARTHUR JONES and SON.

GREYSTONES—IDEAL VILLA, non-basement
FOR SALE, possibly with Furniture; unique
in compact design of consummate merit, in perfect
repair; 6 family bedrooms, 4 sitting, with verandah;
hot baths, 2 maids' rooms, greenhouse, fully stocked
gardens, with choice flowering shrubs. POSSES-
SION.
ARTHUR JONES & SON,
Auctioneers,
GREYSTONES.

BALLINAPARK HOUSE, Newtownmoore, Co.
Wexford, TO LET, WITH FISHING, from
the present. The House is partially FURNISHED
and contains 3 reception, 5 bedrooms, bathroom,
servants' accommodation, garden, stabling, out-
offices.—JAMES ADAM and SONS, Agents, 17 Mer-
rion row, Dublin.

PEMBROKE TOWNSHIP.—Modern Non-basement
House for Sale, for £1,950; contains 6
sitting, 4 bedrooms, maid's room, bath, electric light,
etc.—JAMES ADAM and SONS, Agents, 17 Merrion
row.

AN EASTER
COAT FROCK.

A particularly smart Frock, skilfully tailored, at a low price where quality and workmanship are considered.

Elegant Nigger Coat Frock, V shaped neck, with vest let in. Collar may be worn low or buttoned high to the neck, three-quarter length loose sleeves, accordeon-pleated skirt. Bodice and sleeves lined white Jap.

Price 9 Guineas.

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60 GRAFTON ST., DUBLIN

MONEY, ETC., CONTINUED.

WANTED, few Ladies, £100 to £500 each by Private Company, Ladies' Specialities.—L 902, Irish Times Branch Office, Kingstown.

£1,000 TO Invest, established business; Direct Agencies; principals only considered.—A. B., Irish Times Branch Office, Kingstown.

DENTISTRY.

DENTIST MacDonnell attends daily, 10 to 7; Saturdays, 10 to 1.—67 Grafton st. (over Wood worth's Stores). T

MISCELLANEOUS.

A^T Sharpley's, Baby Linen Specialists—Ladies invited to write Catalogue Baby Linen, Accouchement, Nursery Requisites.—Sharpley's, Lower Camden st., Dublin. T

ANTISEPTIC Electrolysis Removes Hair permanently and without mark; Superfluous Hair Specialist.—Miss Reed, Certified Specialist, Second Floor, 4 Dawson st. Hours 10-5. X

COAL, superior quality, 70/- ton; Best Wigan, 68/-; Steam Nuts, 54/-; superior Blend, 56/.—Robb-wall, 39 North King st. C

DYING Old Velour and Felt Hats Cleaned and Re-shaped equal to new.—Ellery, Hat Specialist, 18a Harcourt road, Dublin. 'Phone, 3651. D

MATRIMONY—Lonely young Spinster wishes to meet Bachelor 30-35, C.E., good position, genuine, view to shares.—B 1742, this office.

THANKS, Jack; well. Will send photo, if say where to.

WATCH Repairs at Pre-War Prices—Cleaning, Main-spring, Hairspring, 3/6 each; Hands, Glasses 6d.; Keys, 4d.; all repairs guaranteed; large selection watches, jewellery, always in stock; country orders promptly attended to.—Moore and Alexander, 14 South Anne st., Dublin. T 2 11

2/11—LADIES' Ribbed Knickers, elastic waist and shoulders, spliced knees; worth 5/11.—W. Holmes, Dublin, Ltd., George's st. S 16

12/9 CHILDREN'S Pure Wool Kilties and Knicker Suits, to fit ages 2 to 6; 12/9 each; worth double.—Holmes', George's st. S 16

Hingford Lough, exten-
—B 1816, this office.
ge, Rosslare, Co.
38/9.—Holmes' George's st. S 16
50 DOZ. Pure Wool Black Cashmere Hose, perfectly
stainless, warranted; 1/11, 2/11. wonderful value.
Artificial silk Hose, all new shoe shades and black, 2/11.
At Holmes', George's st. C
1,000 YDS. Fine White Muslin Flouncing, base-
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Children's Frocks, 27 inches wide, 1/11 per yd. worth
3/11; fine French Voile, lovely designs, in this fine
broidery, 1/11 per yd.—W. Holmes (Dublin), Ltd., 59,
70, 71 George's st. C

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Never before has property been so valuable as it is to-day. Maintain it by painting. Use S. W. P. (Sherwin-Williams Prepared Paint). It covers more, lasts longer, and gives real protection. Look for the "Covers the Earth" trade mark on the can.

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TUESDAY, MARCH 22, 1921.

IF IT'S
A LITTLE
THE WORSE
FOR WEAR

SEND IT TO
PRESCOTTS
for a new lease of life.
'PHONE—DUBLIN
571 and 2905. (5)

The Irish Times.

PRICE TWOPENCE. DUBLIN, WEDNESDAY, MARCH 23, 1921. VOL. LXIII. NO.—19,956.

Births, Marriages, and Deaths (which in all cases must be authenticated), 5 lines, 20 words, 2/6; each additional line of 7 words, 8d.

ROLL OF HONOUR.

In Memoriam.

BUTLER—In ever-loving memory of George Victor Butler, Lieutenant, Lincolnshire Regiment, killed in action...at Ervillers, France, March 23rd, 1918, dearly-loved second son of Mr. and Mrs. J. Marshall Butler, Sutton, Co. Dublin.

BUTLER—In loving memory of our dear son, William Butler, Second Lieutenant, 3rd Leinster Regiment, killed in action, at St. Emilie, France, on 22nd March, 1918. "Faithful unto death."

LENNON—In loving memory of David Ward'aw Lennon, Second Lieutenant, Leinster Regiment, killed in action March 23rd, 1918.

BIRTHS.

CHADWICK—March 19, 1921, at 14 Leinster square, Rathmines, the wife of F. Chadwick, 31 Inner Bagnal st., of a son.

DOMVILE—March 19, 1921, at 46 Beaufort Gardens, London, N.W. 3, the wife of C. B. Domvile, of Loughlinstown House, Dublin, a son.

HEWITT—March 18, 1921, at Calcutta the wife of Richard Claude L. Hewitt, B.A.I., P.W.D., Angul, Orissa, a son. (By cable.)

HUMPHREYS—March 18, 1921, at 1 Annadale ave, Fairview, the wife of George L. Humphreys, the gift of a son.

JOHNSTON—March 17, 1921, at Vancouver, B.C., the wife of Thomas A. Johnston (nee Ellie Gordon), a son. (By cable.)

MAGUIRE—March 11, 1921, at 40 Upper Fitzwilliam st., Dublin, the wife of Martin C. Maguire, 39 Park av., Sydney Parade, a son.

O'LOGHLEN—March 17, 1921, at St. Andrew's rec., Waterford, to Mr. and Mrs. J. W. O'Loghlen, a son.

SEALE—March 19, 1921, at Belfast Bank House, Tandragee, to Mr. and Mrs. W. F. Seale, a son.

SOMERS—St. Patrick's Day, 1921, at the Gardens, Corann House, Achill, to Sinclair and Mrs. Somers, a son (Patrick George).

DEATHS.

BENSON—March 21, 1921, at Eskeragh, Sutton, Mary K. Benson, daughter of the late Professor Charles Benson, M.D. Funeral Service at Mount Jerome Church, at 12.45, to-morrow (Thursday). Funeral private.

BOYLAN—March 22, 1921, at a Nursing Home, Annie, beloved wife of Patrick Boylan, 9 Terenure Park. R.I.P. Funeral to Dean's Grange, from St. Joseph's, Berkeley rd., to-morrow (Thursday) at 9.45.

BYERS—March 19, 1921, 5 Herbert avenue, Dublin, Cornelius Byers, aged 76 years. Interment took place at Clonsilla Cemetery, Tallaght, on Monday, 21st inst.

BYRNE—March 22, 1921, at Downings, Co. Kildare, Alice Eleanor, third dearly-beloved daughter of Mrs. and Mr. Michael J. Byrne, aged 21 years. Sadly mourned by her loving and affectionate parents, sisters, and brothers. Funeral to Downings to-morrow (Thursday), 3 p.m.

CASSIDY—At her son's residence, 6 Mountain View, Ballybrack, Catherine, relict of the late Joseph Cassidy. Deeply regretted by her sons and relatives. R.I.P. Funeral from Church of St. Alfonso and Columba to-day (Wednesday), at 4 o'clock, for family burial ground, Rathmichael.

CHANNEY—March 21, 1921, at Cork street Hospital, Mary Frances, dearly-beloved wife of Joseph Channey, Bettyville, Raheny, and eldest daughter of late Francis H. Symes, Hillbrook, Shillelagh. Funeral (private) to Dean's Grange to-morrow (Thursday).

COLLINS—March 21, 1921, at Gibbstown, Navan, Co. Meath, Ellen Collins (nee Gerrard), in her 81st year. Funeral (strictly private) at Donaghpatrick, to-morrow (Thursday).

GAMBLE—March 20, 1921, suddenly, in a Nursing Home, Richard Keene Gamble, B.L., J.P., of 51 Fitzwilliam square, Dublin.

KEEGAN—March 21, 1921, at Rahasa House, Midleton, Co. Cork, Jane Anne, the beloved wife of John J. Smith, and daughter of the late William Maese, Derrylahan, Roscrea, Co. Tipperary, aged 77 years.

IN MEMORIAM.

DAUGHTON—In loving memory of my dear mother, Harriet M. Daughton, Ballynasilly, Thurles, who passed away on March 23rd, 1920, after long suffering.
Sleep on, dear mother, and take your rest,
They miss you most who loved you best.
Charlotte.

DAVIS—In loving memory of Mary Davis, of 63 Harcourt st., Dublin, who departed this life 23rd March, 1918. "Till the day break and the shadows flee away."

MATHERS—In loving memory of Joseph (Joe), the dearly-loved younger son of Joseph and Mary Mathers, who entered into rest 23rd March, 1920.
Calm on the bosom of thy God,
Fair spirit, rest thee now;
E'en while with ours thy footsteps trod,
His seal was on thy brow.
Dust to its narrow home beneath,
Soul to its place on high;
They that have seen thy look in death
No more may fear to die.
In sad and loving memory of my dear mother, departed this life 23rd March, 1920. "For ever with the Lord." Inserted by her loving daughter, Hattie.

ANNOUNCEMENTS received late for insertion in this Column will be found on Page 4.

NICHOLS' 'Phone—276. 'Phone—276.
FUNERAL AND CARRIAGE ESTABLISHMENT,
London and Jersey Westland Row, Coffins Hearse and one
and Every Requisite. Economy and Punctuality.

FUNERAL REQUISITES OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.
WALLER,
49 and 50 DENZILLE STREET
SALOON MOTOR HEARSE. Private Mortuary.
'Phone 151. Wires—"Undertaker, Dublin."

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'Telephone—711.

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Telegrams—Collier Bray.
'Phone—Bray, 116 (3 lines).

ARTISTIC Memorials
G. D. HARRISON & CO.,
33 AMIENS ST. (Monumental) DUBLIN
N.B.—All Correspondence to above address.

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COMMONWEALTH GOVERNMENT LINE.
FORTNIGHTLY CARGO SERVICE TO AUSTRALIA.

For	Steamer.	From
Fremantle	*S.S. COOEE (7,000 tons)	London Mar. 24.
Perth, Adelaide, Melbourne, Sydney, Brisbane.	*AUSTRAL-PEAK (7,180 tons)	Newport March 30; Liverpool April 2; Glasgow April 9.
	*BOORAL (6,840 tons)	Middlesbro' May 5; Hull May 11; London May 21.

*Also calling at Hobart and Newcastle, N.S.W., if inducement offers.

Adelaide, Melbourne, Hobart, Sydney.	BULLA (8,300 tons)	Hull Apr. 9; Middlesbro' Apr. 13; London Apr. 23.
	†DONGARRA (8,720 tons)	Newport and/or Avonmouth April 20; Liverpool April 26; Glasgow May 7.

†Also calling at Fremantle and Newcastle, N.S.W., if inducement offers.

Ss. DONGARRA will also call at Launceston. Particulars apply to
LEOPOLD WALFORD TRANSPORTS, LTD.,
41 Donegall quay, BELFAST.
Or to Turner Davidson and Co., Ltd., 41 St. Mary Axe, London, E.C.3.

FLEEMAN'S CITY AND HALL LINES
JOINT SERVICE OF
FAST PASSENGER STEAMERS
LIVERPOOL to
EGYPT AND INDIA.

Steamer.	Tons	Sailing.	Destination.
City of Poona	7,463	Apr. 2	Bombay & Karachi
City of Genoa	6,344	Apr. 9	Bombay & Karachi
City of Cairo	7,967	Apr. 23	Bombay & Karachi
City of Calcutta	7,679	May 3	Calcutta

All Sailings subject to alteration or cancellation without notice.
Outside Deck Cabins with electric fans. Marconi Wireless. First and Second Saloon.
APPLY 70—Hall Line, Ltd., 9-11 Fenchurch avenue, E.C.3; Montgomerie and Workman (1920), Ltd., 36 Gracechurch street, E.C.3; Bierman's City Line Agency or Hall Line, Ltd., 22 Water street, Liverpool; or to Geo. Smith and Sons, Glasgow.

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FAST TWIN-SCREW MAIL AND PASSENGER STEAMERS.
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CEYLON, BURMAH, & SOUTHERN INDIA.
Liverpool to Marseilles, Port Said, Colombo, and Rangoon.
LANCASHIRE ..... March 31
YORKSHIRE ..... April 14
WARWICKSHIRE ..... May 12
For further particulars apply to BIBBY BROS. and CO., 26 Chapel street, Liverpool; or 10-11, Mincing Lane, London, E.C.3.

MISCELLANEOUS.

ST. LORETTO.—Bodice built to suit all trades. John Hutton and Sons, Ltd., 2 Dawson st., Dublin.

WOLSELEY CARS—The Car that has double the life of another is worth twice the money. Compare prices by writing for particulars to BOOTH BROS., Upper Stephen street, Dublin.

HORSEMANN Light Cars. Immediate delivery. DUBLIN MOTOR CO., LTD., Stephen's Green, Dublin.

AUTOCARS IRELAND, LTD., authorised Ford Dealers for City and County Dublin, 19 Chatham street (off Grafton street). Immediate delivery of Ford Tourers or Cars, £240; Vans, £235; Chassis, £180; Sedan, £420; Ton Truck Chassis, £210. All plus carriage, £7.

MOTOR CAR ACCESSORIES AND SUPPLIES.
W. R. CRAWFORD, 29 and 30 Dawson street.

WHEN you want a New FORD, a Repaired FORD, or advice about a FORD, the Original Ford Agents—with absolute knowledge and long experience—are the Firm to consult about it.
W. ARCHER & CO., 65 Lower Mount street, Dublin. 'Phone 5076.

MORRIS-OXFORD, the Light Car de Luxe. Sole Irish Agents—G. A. Britain, Ltd., Haich s., Dublin.

MOTORISTS—Inspect our Exhibition of Cars and Lorries at G. Bronwick st., Dublin. THOMPSON'S MOTOR CAR CO., LTD.

LEYLAND—The Lorry for Loads—Ashenhurst, Williams, & Co., Ltd., 75 Talbot place, Dublin. THE FIRM FOR LORRIES AND TRACTORS.

A 1 MOTOR CARS for Hire. Cleanest and best Service.
WAYTE BROS., Harry street. 'Phone 2010.

RATHMINES AND SOUTH DUBLIN UNIONIST ASSOCIATION.
51a DAWSON STREET, DUBLIN.
The Adjourned Special General Meeting of the above Association, will be held on TO-DAY (WEDNESDAY), the 23rd day of March, 1921, at 5 o'clock p.m., at the offices of the Association. All members are specially requested to attend.

DUBLIN ASSOCIATED HOSPITALS' FETE.
DR. STEVENS'S HOSPITAL, STALL.
Mallaranny (Recess) Raffle—Winner, Miss J. O'Brien, Lucan Park. Ticket No. 346.

THE GOLD, SILVER, AND ALLIED TRADES EMPLOYERS' ASSOCIATION.
The following Business Houses will be CLOSED on SATURDAY NEXT, March 26th, viz.:—
Messrs. West and Son, Edmond Johnson, Ltd.; Messrs. Weir and Sons, Messrs. Hopkins and Hopkins, Mr. Chancellor, Mr. Morton, Mr. Stokes, Messrs. Frongley Bros.
JAMES C. WALLACE, Hon. Secretary.

MITCHELL and SON (Wine Merchants), LTD., 21 Kildare street, Dublin, beg to announce that their Office will be Closed from Thursday evening, 24th instant, to Tuesday morning, 29th instant.

HOTEL MANAGEMENT—The services of an Expert Hotel Manager (38) will shortly be available; good organiser and business builder; U.K. experience. Address "Z 858, Manager," this office.

FOR SALE, Fine Modern House, situate in best part of Terenure, containing 6 reception, 4 bedrooms, servant's room, bathroom (h. and c.), 2 w.c.'s, garden and flat garden roof; every convenience. Seen by appointment. Purchaser can have immediate possession.—B 1662, this office.

26 ST. LAWRENCE ROAD, CLONTARF—Bright, Modern, Detached, Non-basement House, with immediate possession, for Sale by Auction, at 27 Merrion Row, on MONDAY, 4th April, at 3 o'clock.—JAMES ADAM and SONS, Auctioneers.

BALLSBRIDGE—25 SERPENTINE AVENUE—Modern, Semi-detached Villa. Residence, for Sale, by Auction, with possession, at the Estate Salerooms, 17 Merrion Row, on MONDAY, 11th April, at One o'clock.—JAMES ADAM and SONS, Auctioneers.

VALUATIONS OF FURNITURE, HOUSE Property, etc., made for Probate and all purposes. James H. North and Co., Valuers, Grafton street.

INCOME Tax Recovered; Super Tax, Excess Profits, Returns, Accounts.—T. S. Wallace, Expert, 10 Nassau street, Dublin. 'Phone 1588.

E. AND H. REID and CO., 114 GRAFTON STREET, DUBLIN. Every Class of Insurances Arranged. Lowest Rates.

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SEE WINDOW DISPLAY.
ANDERSON, STANFORD, & RIDGEWAY, Ltd.,
HOUSE FURNISHERS,
38, 39 GRAFTON STREET.

PRESERVE YOUR EGGS WITH HOYTE'S WATERGLASS.
9d. per lb. Tin; 1/4 per 2lb. Tin.
Post Extra.
1lb. will preserve 10 Dozen.
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17 LOWER SACKVILLE STREET, DUBLIN.

SPRING CLEANING.
You will again find our Service PUNCTUAL, ACCURATE, AND REASONABLE.
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Telephone—4334 and 4335.

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FLOWER & McDONALD,
14 D'OLIER STREET,
DUBLIN.

THE G.W.K.
has proven in open contest that it has no equal in Reliability, Hill-Climbing, and Petrol Consumption.
It has entered every trial since 1912, let the ingenuity of the experts has never found a test to down it.
Nono Renowned Makers have met, fame in Motor Contests, but none can show a finer or more consistent Record than the G.W.K. is its Class.
TWO-SEATER, £350 FOUR-SEATER, £375
Particulars from
GRAFTON MOTOR CO.,
GRAFTON STREET, DUBLIN.

CRETONNES & TISSUES FOR LOOSE COVERS AND CURTAINS.
EXCLUSIVE DESIGNS.
MODERATELY PRICED.
Inspection Invited.
PIM BROTHERS, LTD.,
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EASTER HOLIDAYS.
GREAT DISPLAY OF
GENTLEMEN'S OUTFITTING.
Latest Patterns in Coloured OXFORD AND CEYLON SHIRTS. 5/11, 6/6, 8/6, and 10/6.
PYJAMAS, 10/6, 12/6, and 15/6.
GRANDY'S,
STEPHEN'S GREEN
(CORNER OF DAWSON ST.)

WOLFHILL COLLIERIES.
CHEAP IRISH COAL,
45/- PER TON.
F.O.R. AT COLLIERY.
HOUSEHOLD, STEAM, SUCTION GAS, in 6 Ton Lots. Cash with order.
NEW IRISH MINING CO.,
WOLFHILL, QUEEN'S COUNTY.

A LARGE AND SURPLUS STOCK OF CARPETS, LINOLEUM, HEARTH RUGS, OUR OWN MANUFACTURE. CHESTERFIELD COUCHES AND EASY CHAIRS AT REDUCED PRICES DURING STRUCTURAL ALTERATIONS.
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To all seeking employment four insertions are allowed for prices of three.

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MOTOR CARS.

CLALEY, CHEVROLET, CALCOTT. 2/4 Seater £450, 4/5 Seater £450, 2/4 Seater £550. Agents, WALLEN, TRINITY ST. GARAGE. Prompt Delivery. T

A.C. TWO Seater, electric light, hood, screen, perfect order — £260.—Woods', Westland Row. T

ABSENCE of bidding and delightfully easy Steering are but two of the features of the 10 H.P. ENFIELD. The Most Loved Car. Full particulars from LINCOLN MOTOR CO., 4-7 Lincoln place, Dublin. 'Phone, 4423. T

NEW CARS. ALWAYS IN STOCK Or for Early Delivery. 11.9 Two Seater MORRIS-COWLEY, £375. 11.9 Four Seater MORRIS-COWLEY, £402. 11.9 Two Seater MORRIS-OXFORD, £510. 11.9 Four Seater MORRIS-OXFORD, £565. 11.9 Coupe MORRIS-OXFORD, £605. Plus Carriage. Sole Agents for G. A. SEFTALIN, LTD., HATCH STREET, DUBLIN. T

CALTHORPE CARS. Late 1920 Four Seater, brand new, fully equipped, lamps, horn, &c., £450. KEATING AND LUNDY, 205 GREAT BRUNSWICK ST., DUBLIN. X

SINGER 10, THE QUALITY LIGHT CAR "TEAS" IS FINISHED BETTER. CUMMING AND DILLON'S AUTO SERVICE, 4 LOWER ABBEY ST., DUBLIN. 'Phone 4779. T

The Result of 24 Years' Experience. THE UNRIVALLED RENAULT. 13.9 h.p. Model ..... Chassis Price £485 15.2 h.p. Model ..... Chassis Price £650 Order for strict rotational Delivery from SOUTH OF IRELAND AGENTS, THE IRISH MOTOR AND ENGINEERING COMPANY, LTD., 6-7 NASSAU STREET, DUBLIN.

REPAIRS. We have the finest Repair Shops in Dublin. Let us quote for Overhauling your Car. Our work is good and the price is right. HARRY FERGUSON, LTD., 134 LOWER BAGGOT STREET.

CITROEN LIGHT CARS. Paris Factory covers 40 Acres. Daily Output 75-100 Cars per day. PRICES REDUCED £100. 40 m.p.h., 38 m.p.c. develops up to 18 h.p. Tax £11. New Cars Guaranteed for 12 Months. Doctor's Coupe, £395. 2 and 4 Seaters, £393. Demonstration Cars Available. Immediate Delivery. MCENTAGART BROS., Sole Agents, 85 LOWER MOUNT ST., DUBLIN.

EASTER HOLIDAYS.

WE HAVE A FEW REALLY GOOD SECONDHAND CARS AT VERY LOW PRICES. . . .

ANY TRIAL OR EXPERT EXAMINATION. . . .

DUBLIN MOTOR CO. LTD., 25 STEPHEN'S GREEN.

MOTOR CARS CONTINUED.

MOTOR VEHICLE INSURANCE. Apply for Proposal to FRANK SIMMONDS AND CO., LTD., 30 ANGLESEA ST., DUBLIN. X

SINGER Little Car for Sale, with detachable wheels 4 cylinder engine, 3-speed gear, 4 speed gear, and tools, etc.; price £315.—Leslie this office. O

STUDEBAKER 4 Seater, starter, electric lights, all in perfect condition; cheap.—128 Upper Abbey st., Dublin. O

SINGER 10 h.p. 1914 Two Seater and double dicker, practically new, and having been used during war; all accessories and spares; sacrifice £240.—room Dublin by appointment, 127 Cabra.—B 1903, this office. O

1914 MAXWELL Four Seater, electric light, speedometer, perfect; any trial; economical.—B 1716, this office. O

1920 CALTHORPE, all weather type body (like new), £550; no offers.—Z 352, Mosse's. X

WANTED.

WANTED, 4-5 Seater Car, must be in good condition, state year; British preferred; good bike Ford not objected; also good Solo Motor Cycle.—Z 184, Ford's, this office. D

MOTOR CYCLES.

"A1"—WAYTE Bros., Ltd., London, at prohibited prices. 1920, 'phone No. 3610—Delivery of new Machines from Block—Seaborne, Harley-Davidson, P. and M., Lloyd, Sturmforth, Allen, New Imperial Jap, etc.; Secondhand Machines, all makes, very cheap to clear. T

A.J.S., TRIUMPH, ROVER, O.K., CLYNO. Agents: WALLEN, TRINITY ST. GARAGE. Prompt Delivery. T

ASTOUNDING Value—B.S.A. Twin Combination, £175; Singles, £100.—Woods', Westland Row. T

1921 OMEGA, Single Gear £50

1921 OMEGA, Two Speed Gear £68

Also FITTED WITH BLACKBURNE ENGINES. COULSON and BEVEL MOTOR CYCLES IN STOCK. CUMMING AND DILLON, 4 LOWER ABBEY STREET, DUBLIN. T

ADVANCES on Most Bikes, Cars, Jewels.—Gorman, Pawnbroker, Wicklow-st. (opposite Four Courts). X

CALTHORPE, 2 speed, £95; Royal Ruby, Two Stroke, £25; Indian, 5/6, £45.—Fitzgerald, 128 Stephen's Green. X

HARLEY-DAVIDSON 1920 Sidecar Combination, fitted with electric light and electric horn, special sidecar scarcely used; sacrifice £170 for quick sale.—Harry Ferguson, Ltd., 134 Lower Baggot st., Dublin. D

MOTOR Cycle—1921, "Sun," 2 speed, kick starter and clutch; only done 300 miles; £55.—19 Wellington st. T

RUTHE, Phillpson Pulley, 1914, overhauled, £30.—B-bett's Archway, Milltown. D

SUNBEAM 3½ h.p. (late 1916) and Sunbeam sidecar, all accessories, new condition; ideal lady's outfit; £160.—B 1625, this office. O

2½ DOUGLAS, 2 speed, new parts, perfect; trial; £44 (ofers).—B 1676, this office. O

3½ H.P. RUDGE Multi 1918, splendid order; any trial; £60 for quick sale.—B 1822, this office. O

1920 WOOLER 2½ horse power, Flat Twin; cost £120; only £80; this office. F

1920 4 H.P. Triumph Combination, as new; seen any time.—Z 373, Triumph," this office. F

WANTED.

WANTED, Motor Cycles and Push Bicycles, prompt cash.—Fitzgerald, 128 Stephen's Green. Apply M. Brien.

WANTED, 4 h.p. Motor Cycle Combination; price £50.—B 1584, this office. O

LORRIES, VANS, MOTOR & STEAM HAULAGE.

ALWAYS AT THE TOP. KARRIER 50 h.p. MOTOR LORRIES are the highest expression of efficiency, and you are invited to inspect the new 1921 Model, with electric lighting, etc.

MOTOR HIRAGE AND SALES CO., LTD., 190 Great Brunswick street, Dublin. T 'Phone, 1038.

HIRE, 2½ ton Electric Lorry, three guineas per day. Thos. Thompson and Son, 19 Lower Abbey st., Dublin.

MOTOR Hearse for disposal, on six cylinder Napier Chassis, first-class.—Z 372, Bowring order; brand new heavy body, with bevelled plate panels; a really high class vehicle; price only £425.—W. Pullin Phibbs, Limited, North Strand, Dublin.

1920 Fiat One Ton Truck, with platform body and canopy; immediate delivery; slightly used.—Cummings and Dillon, 4 Lower Abbey street, Dublin. T

WANTED.

WANTED, Ford Ton Truck, with open body, with pneumatics tyres on rear wheels.—B 1553, this office. O

ACCESSORIES, TYRES, ETC.

BOSCH Magnetos, guaranteed genuine and brand new; a limited number only in stock.—The Irish Motor and Engineering Company, Ltd., 6/7 Nassau st. T

FOR Sale, H. Tension Magneto, B.T.H., new.—McCoy's Garage, Drogheda. T

BICYCLES.

A1 SUNBEAMS can now be supplied from stock; other makes, Shop Soiled Machines, Ladies' and Gents', Guaranteed 100% perfect, Secondhand Machines from £6.—Wayte Bros., Ltd., Lennox street, Phone, 2010.

ALL low frames, Sunbeam, Rover, Rudge, Raleigh, Ivel, 16 ins., 20/-; extra.—Fitzgerald, 128 Stephen's Green.

BUY the Best—Cycles and Motor Cycles with all the latest improvements for 1921. Models now on view. Inspection invited. Catalogues free. Write for particulars. Lowest Prices.—Mackey's Improved Rudge Depot, 26 to 28 Lower Ormond quay.

GENTLEMAN'S Raleigh, B 90 Saddle, Dunlop tyres, near cover, perfect, £10.—546 North Circular road.

LADY'S Secondhand Rudge, Dunlop tyres, £5.—Lalor's, 2 Sandymount road.

RALEIGHS, Humbers, Enfields; large stock.—B. Price Brothers, Chatham st (immediately off Grafton st.). T 12 29

CHAUFFEURS, MECHANICS.

WANTED

A FURDSON Tractor Driver Mechanic Wanted (Married, Protestant), state wages, if used to farm machinery; must do other work required; highest references essential.—Z 287, Mechanic," this office. D

DISENGAGED.

A YOUNG Man, married, R.C., would Drive Private Car or Lorry; steel 27½; Tipperary or district preferred.—Z 310, this office. O

CHAUFFEURS CONTINUED.

DISENGAGED.

CHAUFFEUR disengaged; highly recommended; private or commercial; city, suburbs.—B 1622, this office.

CHAUFFEUR, disengaged, desires position, private or commercial; good references and recommendation.—B 1724, this office.

AUTO Motor Driver, experienced, wants work; lady's garden, etc.—B 1468, this office. O

DOMESTICS CONTINUED (FROM PAGE 1).

WANTED, young Cook General, doctor's house. Dun Laoghaire.—Z 622.—B 1683, this office.

WANTED, steady girl, 22/26, for country house, West Cork; good wages.—Z 622.—B 1683, this office.

WANTED, for Co. Louth, Cook General; £30; Cook and Housemaid, £30; Cook General, £30; Cook General; this office.

WANTED, young Girl, Cook General; Allenbury Wood; family three; no scrubbing; £36; no country objections.—B 1824, this office.

WANTED, Plain Cook; R.C.; kitchenmaid stayed out, and help; good wages; no washing.—Apply 10 Merrion Square, North.

WANTED at once, Cook or General; particularly good; R.C.; state age, wages.—Miss Ryan, Emly Lawn, Emly.

WANTED, good Cook General; country girl preferred; must have good discharges; wages £30.—Apply to Mrs. Crean, 4—5 to 6.30. Apply 7 Ashton Park, Kingstown.

WANTED, Cook for Co. Carlow, two in family; small dairy and fowl. Apply Z 356, Cook," this office.

WANTED immediately, good Cook; small dairy and baking; wages £30.—Lady Fry, Glenmalure House, via Wicklow.

WANTED, Cook General and House Parlourmaid for 1st April; two in family; newly done up house. Interview 9 Fitzwilliam Place, eight to nine o'clock or after 5 p.m.

WANTED, Cook General and House Parlourmaid for a cheerful home in Kensington; wages according to experience. Full particulars and references to Mrs. Hamilton, 3 Kensington Gardens, Kensington, London, W. 14.

WANTED, young Cook General; no washing or scrubbing; good wages to suitable applicant. Reply 10 Upper Leeson street. D

GENERALS WANTED.

CAPABLE, clean, honest young General Wanted, 1st April.—Apply Mrs. Fodlow, 59 Anglesea road, Ballsbridge, Dublin.

EXPERIENCED General Wanted immediately for three gentlemen; suburbs; house parlourmaid kept; some help; wages £32.—B 1762, this office. O

GOOD General Wanted. Apply 47 Wellington road, Dublin.

GENERAL Wanted daily; family two. Apply 7 Warrington place, after 5 o'clock.

GENERAL, second Wanted beginning of April; four in family; no children; good wages; no washing.—Mrs. Williamstown, Blackrock, Co. Dublin.

SUPERIOR, experienced General Wanted early April; good home; small family; good wages. Apply Wednesday, Friday, 3 to 6, 9 Argyle road, Herbert road, Bray.

SMART tidy General Wanted; three in family; nurse boy; small washing. Call 148 Pembroke road.

STRONG young Girl as General Wanted immediately; 2 servants kept; no washing; wages £20, rising.—Irish Times Branch Office, Kingstown.

WANTED, young General to train; light duties; family 2½; commencing—Mrs. Lloyd Sandland House, Rathmines road.

WANTED, experienced General, good plain cook, small washing; no scrubbing; £30; good outing; Protestant; bicycle district.—B 1751, this office. O

WANTED, young General; two in family; references.—Mrs. Lombard, Lombard road.

WANTED, for Lisnagton, Warwickshire, experienced young General; three in family; help; good wages; must have exceptional references.—Apply, with full particulars, B 1798, this office.

WANTED, experienced General; good wages. Apply 20 Grosvenor road.

WANTED, good General; outdoor; good references essential.—Z 230, Irish Times Branch Office, Kingstown.

WANTED, active Girl or Widow, General, country gentleman's family; good cook, washing, poultry.—Jones, Glenageary, Dalkey. D

WANTED, strong young General; must be good cook; comfortable home; every consideration and good wages to suitable applicant.—Low, 14 Royal Terrace, Kingstown.

SPECIAL FEATURES

in the

Weekly Irish Times

to-day include:—

FUTURE OF IRISH FLAX INDUSTRY—An Anxious Situation.

BENEFITS FOR DISABLED WAR NURSES—Official Announcement.

EASTER FASHIONS—Pictures and full descriptions.

DRAWING COMPETITIONS — For young men and women.

Full Record of Week's Happenings in Ireland.

See the

Weekly Irish Times

On Sale To-day.

PRICE TWOPENCE.

HOUSE AND PARLOURMAIDS WANTED.

AN experienced Housemaid Wanted immediately, near Dublin; country house; good wages.—B 1842, this office.

EXPERIENCED Housemaid Wanted; good references; wages £28. Apply Lady Darragh, Garvagh, Co. Derry.

HOUSE Parlourmaid required for London, one lady in family; tall girl; age about 22 years; wages £50, and first half, 60 to Mrs. Fitzpatrick, 9 Lowndes Square, London.

HOUSE Parlourmaid, understand tar duties; well recommended; £30; please send copies and particulars.—Mrs. Gunn, Carrowmenagh, Hollymount, Mayo.

IMMEDIATELY Wanted, superior House Parlourmaid, whose experience is necessary; family travelling; good wages.—Z 375, Maid's this office.

LINEN Housemaid required to go to nursery; must have had some experience. Apply, with particulars, Housekeeper, Johnstown Castle, Wexford.

UPPER Housemaid Wanted; thoroughly experienced; (Protestant); reliable.—Mrs. Bernard, Provost's House, Trinity College, Dublin.

UPPER Housemaid of two required immediately, family 16; wages £40.—Lady Fry, Governments House, via Wicklow.

WANTED, good Strong House Parlourmaid; good references. Apply, after three, 21 Lower Fitzwilliam street.

WANTED, Housemaid for Dublin, immediately after Easter; family of two; wages £30. Apply Mrs. White, 32 Fitzwilliam place, after 6, daily.

WANTED, experienced Parlourmaid and nursery Housemaid; wages £30. Apply 285, Parkgate, Phoenix Park.

WANTED, a young Girl with some experience as House Parlourmaid. Apply, between 1 o'clock and 3 o'clock, or after 5 o'clock, 21 Fitzwilliam place.

WANTED, Single Housemaid, Kitchenmaid and Parlourmaid; good wages.—Dr. Smyth, Nurtown, Kingstown.

WANTED, Nurse Housemaid and House Parlourmaid, middle of April, for quiet country place; must be recommended; wages £20.—Z 307, Housemaid," this office.

YOUNG, capable House Parlourmaid Wanted immediately; family, small family, town; good needlewoman; £30; good outings; comfortable situation; send copies; early.—B 1671, this office. O

NURSES WANTED.

A GENT for NURSES, MAIDS, and ATTENDANTS. Miss Phillipson, York S Gardens, Dublin. Only recommends all classes of experienced Nurses. T

EXPERIENCED, capable Nurse Wanted immediately for baby from the month for Ch. Kildare. Reply Mrs. de Burgh, temporary address, Kensington Palace Mansions, London, W. 8.

LADY wants thoroughly experienced Children's Nurse (R.C.) to take entire charge of boy 5, years and girl 3 years. Baby, sterling wages, full particulars of previous 2 situations. Mrs. Hamilton, Bunch Grove, Waterford.

NURSE (experienced) required for baby five months and boy six years; Protestant.—Apply, Dublin, by all particulars, to Mrs. Aldrus, Commanding Officer's House, Naval Barracks, Curragh, Cmnra.

WILL any Lady kindly recommend a good Nurse to a baby girl? Apply from 2 to 4 to Mrs. Smith, Carrigmore, Co. Cork.

WANTED, reasonable Children's Nurse to take charge of Protestant boy (baby); state terms. For particulars apply B 1686, this office. O

WANTED, Nurse Children, experienced; two children; elderly preferred, to take charge of infant and child of three. Apply, stating terms, Z 324, Nurse," this office.

WANTED, superior young Nurse or Nursery Governess, for three young children; good wages.—Mrs. McKeever, Sandycove, Dublin.

WANTED, first class Nurse for Kingstown, child of two and infant three months; state experience and salary expected.—B 1901, this office.

KITCHEN, LAUNDRY, ETC., WANTED.

WANTED, for Wednesday, 1st April, Kitchenmaid; must be well recommended; state age, wages, duties. Send copies "8 788, Richmonds," this office.

DOMESTICS DISENGAGED.

A Kennedy's, 68, Sackville st.—Cooks, Parlourmaids, Housemaids, Nurses, Generals, Apprentices.

EXPERIENCED General Housemaid disengaged; good all-round woman; interview, Dublin.—Z 417, Maid," this office.

GALLAGHAS, C. Generals, H. Pantry Maids, Daily Workers. Apply Quinn's Select Registry, Suffolk st.

LADY wants Position for baby; baby 5 months; will go to 5, shop or with children; 10/ weekly.—B 1728, this office.

LADIES' Maid disengaged, Protestant seeks situation; thoroughly understands dressing and hair; good needlewoman; town or country.—Miss Jones, Ballymoney, Tipperary.

RESPECTABLE young Woman wishes a situation as Working Housekeeper in small family; experience of all kinds of housework; plain cooking; references given if required.—B 1776, this office. O

WORKING Housekeeper.—Respectable country Woman wishes employment; good plain cook, care dairy, fowl; well recommended.—Miss Ryan, 10 Lower Rieder pl., Rathmines.

WORKING Housekeeper, capable, experienced, Wants good position, country; thoroughly understands dairy, fowl, good cook; good reference.—747, 60 Wimpole street, London, W. 1.

YOUNG country Girl desires training as Parlourmaid; wishes to be trained; highly recommended.—Z 359, Girl," this office. O

BOOKS AND DAIRYMAIDS DISENGAGED.

A FIRST Class Cook disengaged; also temporary Cook.—Blackwood's, Lr. Mount st.; 'phone 4174.

COOK, young, useful; good plain cook; three; £28.—B 1845, this office. O

EXPERIENCED Cook, Parlourmaid, Housemaid, Nurse, Nurse disengaged, R.C.; good references.—Z 275, Nurse," this office. O

'Phone, 1038. Apply Miss Jackson as Nurse; would take baby from first; mother's experience.—Irish Times Branch Office, Regent st. Bridge. C

HIRE, 2½ ton Electric Lorry, three guineas per day. Thos. Thompson and Son, 19 Lower Abbey st., Dublin.

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GENERALS DISENGAGED.

COUNTRY Girl seeks situation General; plain cooking, good laundress; recommended.—B 1842, this office.

TWO Girls as General and House Parlourmaid, aged 30, 32, R.C.'s, to go together.—R., Harte's Newsagency, Mountmellick. D

HOUSE AND PARLOURMAIDS DISENGAGED.

A PARLOURMAID, H. Protst; disengaged; city, suburbs.—Blackwood's, Lr. Mount st.

EXCELLENT Housemaid, long discharges, highly recommended. Seen 24 Main st., Blackrock.

EXPERIENCED Parlourmaid; or temporary; caves, value.—Z 416, Parlourmaid," this office.

HOUSEMAID Waitress; excellent discharges; would go anywhere; age 30; please state wages.—B 1666, this office. O

HOUSEMAID desires situation, second or; single; highly recommended; good wages.—Kept M. Brien.

HOUSEMAID Wanted, Protestant; good character; small house; every comfort; family travelling.—Mrs. Cashman, Castlecomer, Co. Kilkenny.

WANTED, situation as Housemaid.—Apply E. C., 5 Mrs. Callaghan, Buttevant, Navan.

YOUNG country Girl desires training as Parlourmaid; good references.—B 1843, this office.

YOUNG experienced House Parlourmaid disengaged; highest references.—M., 19 Rutland square, Dublin.

NURSES DISENGAGED.

CHILDREN'S Maid, very eminently respectable Protestant Girl, desires situation with one family.—B 1845, this office. O

SUPERIOR young Nurse disengaged, R.C.; good reference.—Z 275, Nurse," this office. O

'Phone, 1038. Apply Miss Jackson as Nurse; would take baby from first; mother's experience.—Irish Times Branch Office, Regent st. Bridge. C

GARDEN, FARM, BEES, ETC.

ALL Owners of Gardens in danger best results should sow Dempsey's Vegetable and Flower Seeds; awarded over 1,000 First Prizes since 1903.—W. Dempsey and Sons, 57 and 58 Dawson st. T

A LL leading varieties Seed Potatoes in stock for immediate delivery.—Drummond's, Dawson street, Dublin.

ALL CABBAGE, 1/6; 1,000, 2/3 100; Cauliflowers, Colonel, 2/3 100, free.—Pennick, Greystones.

BRADSHAW—Roses for Arches and Pergolas, 6ft. high; Lady Gay Ensign, Crimson Rambler, Dorothy, Hiawatha, American Pillar, etc., 1/6 each, 15/- dozen. C

BRADSHAW, Arklow, sells 10 Parliament st.—Special offer—6d Apple Trees this week, all 3 to 5 years old, fruiting specimens, Ladies Pearmer, Derby, Peasgood, etc., 2/6 to 5/- each, 25/- 50/- down, packed free on rail; also plants, Tree Early Potatoes and all Garden Seeds, superior quality; inquiries solicited.

BRADSHAW—Choicest Plants, Elsom's Early and Early Queen, per 100 (by post free) 10/- per 1,000, free on rail; strong pushed plants. C

CABBAGE Plants, all varieties, extra large, strong, Sutton's seeds sent, 7/6 thousand, free on rail; cash with order.—Jones, Enniscrthy.

CABBAGE Plants, best varieties, and Drumhead, strong, 12/- 1,000; carriage paid, or 6/- unpaid.—Jones station, Kilcoole, Co. Wicklow.

CHICORY Plants, Giant, strong, selected roots, 6/- carriage free, 100 1/6, 500 6/-, 1,000 10/-.—Dempsey, Drumcondra. C

CHICORY Cauliflower Plants, strong, autumn transplanted, 100 3/-, post 1/—Dugan, Carlow. C

CHICORY Rhodedendrons, named, all colours, 2/- to 3/- per dozen, carriage paid.—Dugan, Carlow. C

CHICORY Climbers, Clematis, named, 2/-; Virginian Creepers, 2/-; free, 1/6 each.—Dugan, Carlow. C

CANADIAN Seed Oats, 7/6 per barrel; sacks extra; carriage on application.—Tyrie, Ballingarry, Rathnew.

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IMPORTED SEED GRAIN.

PRIME SCOTCH-GROWN OATS. RECORD, VIRLEIS, WAVERLEY, RESILIER, PROLIFIC, CAPTAIN, NEWMARKET, BANNER, POTATO, BLACK TARTARY. Bags free and carriage paid for cash with order. State sort and quality to EDMONDSON, BEDSMORE, 10 DAME STREET, DUBLIN.

IRISH Flax Industry—An serious situation is discussed in a special Article by the Organiser of the Farm Train in the "Weekly Irish Times" On Sale, to-day. Price Twopence.

KILN Dried Barley for Grinding, £12 per ton, rails paid, bags included.—William McEvoy, Ltd., Mountmellick.

LOGANBERRIES for immediate clearance, extra strong canes, 2/- dozen, 15/- hundred, free on rail.—Bowen's, 21, 22 Capel st, Dublin.

LAWN Mowers, Garden Rollers, Garden Tools, Garden Seeds, Bird Seed, Poultry Appliances, Fencing Wire, Netting, Staples, Barbed Wire, Gates, Poultry Netting, Wire Netting, Iron Hurdles, Iron Fencing, Iron Gates, Iron Railings, Iron Stakes, Iron Standards, Iron Tree Guards, Iron Flower Stands, Iron Flower Boxes, Iron Flower Vases, Iron Seats, Iron Tables, Iron Chairs, Iron Settees, Iron Arches, Iron Pergolas, Iron Trellis, Iron Rose Supports, Iron Hoops, Iron Pegs, Iron Hurdle Stakes, Iron Hurdle Feet, Iron Hurdle Rails, Iron Hurdle Bars, Iron Hurdle Crooks, Iron Hurdle Clips, Iron Hurdle Pins, Iron Hurdle Rings, Iron Hurdle Hooks, Iron Hurdle Eyes, Iron Hurdle Staples, Iron Hurdle Bolts, Iron Hurdle Nuts, Iron Hurdle Washers, Iron Hurdle Screws, Iron Hurdle Nails, Iron Hurdle Tacks, Iron Hurdle Rivets, Iron Hurdle Pegs

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SALE
OF HIGH GRADE
HOUSEHOLD
UTENSILS
has already made a very big impression on the Ladies of Dublin who value increased efficiency at a big saving in money.
Thos. McKENZIE & Sons, Ltd.
GREAT BRUNSWICK ST., DUBLIN.

A visit will give you pleasure.
A visit will save you money.

DYERS and CLEANERS
DARTRY DYE WORKS

We collect and deliver in Dublin and pay carriage one way to country.

Loose Covers
in cretonne or chintz should never be washed. We clean thoroughly with the least damage to delicate colours. If already faded, we can dye them.
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Agents throughout Ireland

23rd, 1921.
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POWELL.—...Co. and the ...All Days ...Ball. At ...2—Shillington ...Vth 1054; ...Master Kil...Master Ben...Brazil, ...that ...Bank, ...Gerrard, ...dates, be...sed, and ...plaintiffs ...stoffel is ...explained ...The ap...
WOUND ...Justice ...Thomp...ol, Mr. ...applied ...motion ...rs. Kate ...Brazil, ...that ...l Bank, ...Gerrard, ...dates, be...sed, and ...plaintiffs ...stoffel is ...explained ...The ap...
...In the ...e Rolls, ...Thomp...ol, Mr. ...applied ...motion ...rs. Kate ...Brazil, ...that ...l Bank, ...Gerrard, ...dates, be...sed, and ...plaintiffs ...stoffel is ...explained ...The ap...
...ing the ...Comp...ers, and ...Thomas ...Ltd., ...ounts H. ...for the ...order for ...med affi...ations to ...secure ...being ...which ...declined ...but there ...with the ...ficient in ...to money, ...ding the ...ing money ...petitor

PUBLIC AMUSEMENTS.

THE LAST DAY.

SACKVILLE "WHEN IT WAS DARK." Starring Matara Thru' Adapted from the Famous PICTURE Novel by Guy Thorne. HOUSE. Also Charlie Chaplin in "Good for Nothing."

GRAND SACRED CONCERT WILL BE HELD AT THE SALTHILL HOTEL, MONKSTOWN, ON GOOD FRIDAY, 4 to 6 O'CLOCK.

ARTISTES:

Miss GERTRUDE CUOLAHAN, Miss FLORENCE HOWLEY, Miss JEANNE GOLDFOOT, Mr. IRVINE LYNCH, Mr. ARTHUR DAVIES, Mrs. WILSON-KELLY (at the piano), Miss READE'S ORCHESTRA.

THERE WILL ALSO BE A CONCERT ON SUNDAY NEXT, 4 to 6.30 O'CLOCK.

SALTHILL HOTEL. DANCE, Saturday Next, 6.30 to 9.30 p.m. Tickets Obtainable at Hotel Office.

FEIS CEOIL, 1921. MAY 2nd to 7th. ENTRIES CLOSE 1st APRIL.

Office, 37 Molesworth street.—Open daily, 10.30-12 o'clock, and 30th March to 1st April (inclusive), 10.30-6 p.m.

EASTER CAKE FAIR, at the School of Cookery, 129 Stephen's Green, near College of Surgeons, THURSDAY NEXT, 24th MARCH, 3-6 p.m., also SATURDAY, 26th, 11-1, CAKES, HOME-MADE SWEETS, and CHOCOLATES FOR SALE.

LEGAL NOTICES.

FINAL NOTICE TO CLAIMANTS AND INCUMBRANCERS.

COURT OF THE IRISH LAND COMMISSION. LAND PURCHASE ACTS. Record No. E.C. 7514.

Estate of ROBERT SMITH CHATTERTON, deceased as to pending sales only in the name of WILLIAM A. CHATTERTON as personal representative of the said ROBERT SMITH CHATTERTON, Deceased. Further continued in the name of MARGARET I. CHATTERTON and ROBERT CHARLES D. CHATTERTON, as personal representatives and trustees of the Will of the said ROBERT SMITH CHATTERTON, Deceased.

County Dublin.

Take Notice that the Final Schedule of Incumbrances affecting the proceeds of the Sale of part of the Lands of Edenmore, containing 15 acres 0 roods 15 perches, or thereabouts, and part of the Lands of Toombaleby Upper and part of the Lands of Toombaleby Lower, containing 159a. 1r. 36p., both situate in the Barony of Gorey and County of Wexford, which have been and under the Land Purchase Acts, in fee-simple, has been lodged in the Registrar's Office of this Court, at 24 Upper Merrion street, Dublin; and any person having any claim not therein inserted, or objecting thereto, either on account of the amount or the priority of any charge therein reported as to due to him or any other person, or for any other reason, is required to lodge an objection thereto, stating the particulars of his demand and duly verified, with the Registrar of this Court on or before the 21st day of April, 1921, and to appear on the following Thursday, the 28th day of April, 1921, at 11 o'clock, before the Judicial Commissioner, at his Court, at the Four Courts, Dublin, when he will adjudicate upon the several claims appearing on the Schedule, and upon any objections lodged thereto. And take Notice that any demand reported by such Schedule is liable to be objected to within the time aforesaid. And further take Notice that I have fixed Monday, the 25th day of April, 1921, at my Chamber (Rm. 47), at 32 Nassau street, Dublin, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, for the vouching of the several claims appearing on the said Schedule, and all parties interested should attend before me on that day with the necessary proofs to vouch their respective claims, with a view to the funds being distributed on the said 25th day of April, 1921.

Dated this 22nd day of March, 1921.

C. H. LOCKINSON, Examiner.

H. and W. STANLEY, Solicitors for Vendors, 59 Dawson street, Dublin.

FINAL NOTICE TO CLAIMANTS AND INCUMBRANCERS.

COURT OF THE IRISH LAND COMMISSION. LAND PURCHASE ACTS. Record No. E.C. 5998.

Estate of JESSIE HORE (Widow), WILLIAM P. FITZ-WILLIAM, WILLIAM JOHN GUILFOYLE, CHARLES BEAUMAN HORE, MABEL JANE HORE (Spinster), and ETHEL HARRIET HORE, and ETHEL HARRIET DOBSON (Widow).

County Wexford.

Take Notice that the Final Schedule of Incumbrances affecting the proceeds of the Sale of the Lands of Tombaleby Upper and part of the Lands of Toombaleby Lower, containing 159a. 1r. 36p., both situate in the Barony of Gorey and County of Wexford, which have been and under the Land Purchase Acts, in fee-simple, has been lodged in the Registrar's Office of this Court, at 24 Upper Merrion street, Dublin; and any person having any claim not therein inserted, or objecting thereto, either on account of the amount or the priority of any charge therein reported as to due to him or any other person, or for any other reason, is required to lodge an objection thereto, stating the particulars of his demand and duly verified, with the Registrar of this Court on or before the 21st day of April, 1921, and to appear on the following Thursday, the 28th day of April, 1921, at 11 o'clock, before the Judicial Commissioner, at his Court, at the Four Courts, Dublin, when he will adjudicate upon the several claims appearing on the Schedule, and upon any objections lodged thereto. And take Notice that any demand reported by such Schedule is liable to be objected to within the time aforesaid. And further take Notice that I have fixed Monday, the 25th day of April, 1921, at my Chamber (Rm. 47), at 32 Nassau street, Dublin, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, for the vouching of the several claims appearing on the said Schedule, and all parties interested should attend before me on that day with the necessary proofs to vouch their respective claims, with a view to the funds being distributed on the said 25th day of April, 1921.

Dated this 22nd day of March, 1921.

C. H. LOCKINSON, Examiner.

H. and W. STANLEY, Solicitors for Vendors, 59 Dawson street, Dublin.

NOTICE OF CHARITABLE BEQUEST.

In the Goods of BARBARA CLEARY, late of 4 Doherty terrace, Kilkee, Co. Clare, Widow, Deceased.

Notice is hereby given, pursuant to the Statute 30 and 31 Vic., Cap. 54, that the above-named Barbara Cleary, late of 4 Doherty terrace, Kilkee, in the County of Clare, Widow, deceased, who died on the 14th day of August, 1919, bequeathed the sum of One Thousand Pounds to the Representative Church Body to the Church of Ireland upon trust, to apply the interest of same in the Maintenance of the Parish of Galbally, the same to be called "The Cleary Trust Fund."

The said Testatrix died on the 31st October, 1920, and probate of her Will was, on the 4th day of February, 1921, granted forth of the Principal Registry, King's Bench Division (Probate), of the High Court of Justice in Ireland, to me, George Latham Bennett, of No. 20, Monkstown road, Deansrock, in the County of Dublin, an Assistant Bank Manager, Sole Executor of her said Will.

Dated this 23rd day of March, 1921.

G. L. BENNETT, Executor.

To the Commissioners of Charitable Donations and Bequests for Ireland, and all others concerned.

G. R.

H.M. OFFICE OF LAND REGISTRY.—STATE GUARANTEED TITLE NOTICE.

TITLE NO. 245,745.

PHILIP ROLLASON THOMASON, of 11 Marloes road, Kensington, W. 8, is about to be registered as Proprietor with absolute title of the freehold land and buildings in the Parish of Lewisham, in the County of London, known as 1 to 19 (odd) and 23 and 25 Glenview road.

A plan of the land can be seen at the Land Registry, Lincoln's Inn Fields, London, W.C. 2. Objections (if any) must be made before the expiration of one month from the appearance of this notice. Information as to Registration, and the mode and cost of application for it, can be obtained at the Registry.

IN THE GOODS OF JANE SULLIVAN, late of 16 Tara street, in the City of Dublin, Widow, Deceased.

Notice is hereby given, pursuant to the 22nd and 23rd Vic., Cap. 35, that all persons claiming to be creditors or otherwise to have any claims against the estate of above Deceased, who died on the 9th day of December, 1920, are hereby required, on or before the 22nd day of April, 1921, to furnish (in writing) particulars of their claims to the undersigned Solicitor for the Executors, to whom probate of the Will of the said Deceased was granted on the 11th day of March, 1921, and in default thereof the Executors will proceed to distribute the assets of said Deceased, having regard only to such claims of which they shall have had notice.

Dated this 21st day of March, 1921.

THOMAS F. BOWERS, LL.D., Solicitor for the said Executors, 27 Molesworth street, Dublin.

STATUTORY NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

In the Goods of KATE HODGES, late of 13 Tullow street, Carlow, Widow, Deceased.

Notice is hereby given that all creditors and other persons having claims or demands against the estate of the above-named Deceased, who died on the 4th day of September, 1920, are hereby required to furnish particulars thereof (in writing) to the undersigned Solicitors for the Administrator of said Deceased on or before the 1st day of May, 1921, after which date the assets will be distributed by the said Administrator to the claims and demands furnished as above required.

Dated 14th day of March, 1921.

MALCOMSON and LAW, Solicitors for said Administrator, 3 Sackville street, Dublin.

RE JAMES L. BURKE, late of 49 Waterloo road and 53 Upper Sackville street, Dublin, Solicitor, Deceased.

All persons having any claim against the estate of the above Deceased are requested to send particulars of same to the undersigned Solicitor for the Executors of said Deceased.

JOHN BURKE, Solicitor, 53 Upper Sackville street, Dublin.

CONTRACTS.

DUN LAOGHAIRE URBAN DISTRICT COUNCIL.

DEN LAOGHAIRE OPEN SEA AND HOT SEA WATER BATHS.

TENDERS INVITED FOR LETTING SEASON, 1921.

The Dun Laoghaire Council are open to receive Tenders for the Letting of the above Establishment for the season, 1921. The tenant to have the entire Establishment including Tea Rooms, with the exception of the Superintendent's living accommodation.

The Open Sea Bathing at these Baths is the finest on the coast, and Hot Sea Water Baths are also of the latest type, and replete with modern requirements.

The Establishment was built thirteen years ago according to the Plans prepared by Messrs. Kaye Parry and Ross, Architects, and have since been added to and improved at a total cost of £15,000.

Full particulars can be had, and an inspection of the Baths arranged for, on application to the undersigned.

(Signed) J. SHERLOCK VAUGHAN, Town Clerk.

Town Hall, Dun Laoghaire, Co. Dublin. March, 1921.

ST. PATRICK'S HOSPITAL, DUBLIN.

In addition to the Main Hospital in James's street, the Governors have Branch Establishments at St. Edmondsbury, Lucan, standing in a Demesne of 200 acres, and provided with every facility for the Curative Treatment of Mental Cases.

The Mansion at St. Edmondsbury has been adapted for the Treatment of Ladies, and a Villa specially built to accommodate a limited number of gentlemen.

Urgent Cases can be admitted to the Hospital on application to the Medical Superintendent.

For further particulars, Forms, etc., apply to THE REGISTRAR, St. Patrick's Hospital, James's street, Dublin.

MONEY LOG by post, from £30 to £5,000 on Note of Hand alone, without security, to ladies or gentlemen; strictly private. No charge whatever unless loan is granted. Apply SECRETARY, the City and County Private Finance Co., Ltd., 12 South Leinster street, Dublin.

PUBLIC AMUSEMENTS.

THEATRE ROYAL. EVENING PERFORMANCE 5.30. MATINEE DAILY AT 3 O'CLOCK. TOM EDWARDS. AND ALL-STAR COMPANY.

WINTER GARDENS. Vocalist This Week—MISS FLORENCE HOWLEY.

DANCING.

MR. LEGGETT BYRNE regrets, owing to the new Curfew Restrictions, he has been obliged to Close his Evening Classes and Evening Dances

AN AFTERNOON DANCE Will be held on SATURDAY NEXT, from 4 p.m. to 7 p.m. Mr. W. A. Manahan's Band. 'Phone 1613 for Tables

Mr. and Mrs. LEGGETT BYRNE'S MATINEES, Will be Held in the THEATRE ROYAL On FRIDAY and SATURDAY, APRIL 15 and 16, At 2.30 p.m. Seats can be Booked now at 27 ADELAIDE ROAD.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

LOCAL GOVERNMENT BOARD FOR IRELAND.

NOTICE TO RATEPAYERS.

COUNTY OF LIMERICK—RURAL DISTRICT OF KILMALLOCK.

PAYMENT OF POOR RATE.

It has come to the knowledge of the Local Government Board for Ireland that a Mr. James P. O'Connor, whose appointment as Rate Collector in the County of Limerick has not been sanctioned by the Board, is collecting rates in the Rural District of Kilmallock, in the County of Limerick, notwithstanding that, not being a legally appointed Collector, he is not authorised to collect rates.

The Local Government Board hereby warn the Limerick County Council that they are attempting to collect these rates illegally by the employment of a person not duly authorised by law, and they hereby state, for the information of all ratepayers in the above Rural District, that no rates should be paid to Mr. James P. O'Connor or to any other person, except the legal Collector when duly appointed and sanctioned by the Board, who alone can give a valid receipt for rates.

Local Government Board, Dublin, 21st March, 1921.

SERMONS.

CHRIST CHURCH, LEESON PARK. STAINER'S "CRUCIFIXION" Will be Sung by the Choir GOOD FRIDAY AT 5.30 O'CLOCK.

RAILWAYS.

GREAT SOUTHERN & WESTERN RAILWAY. EASTER ARRANGEMENTS, 1921.

On Good Friday, 25th March, the Passenger Train Service will be the same as on Sundays, with the following additions:—

8.36 a.m.—Kilbarrin to Valentia Harbour.
3.0 p.m.—Valentia Harbour to Tralee.

Live Stock by Passenger Trains, Horse Boxes or Parcels Traffic will NOT be dealt with. Goods Traffic WILL be received and delivered at all stations.

On Easter Monday, 28th March, the Company's Goods Warehouses and Offices will be Closed, and no Goods Business will be transacted. Live Stock will only be dealt with where Fairs will be held, and for which special provision has been made.

A Special Train will leave Dublin (Kingsbridge Station, Dublin, March, 1921.

GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY (IRELAND). EASTER HOLIDAYS.

On Saturday, 26th March, EXCURSION TICKETS will be issued from DUBLIN TO BELFAST by Special Train leaving Dublin at 4.15 p.m. at the following Fares:—

1st Class.	2nd Class.	3rd Class.
55/6	40/-	28/

Tickets available for return by Ordinary Trains (Limited Mail excepted) up to and including 3rd April.

CHEAP TRIPS TO THE SEASIDE. On Easter Monday, 28th March, RETURN TICKETS AT SINGLE FARES will be issued from Dublin to Sutton, Howth, and Hill of Howth, by trains at 9.30, 10.45, 11.40 a.m., 1.0, 2.5, 3.30, and 5.0 p.m., and to Portmarnock, Malahide, Donabate, Rush and Lusk, Skerries, and Balbriggan by 11.45 a.m., 2.0, and 4.45 p.m. trains, available for day of issue only.

JOHN BAGWELL, General Manager. Dublin, March, 1921.

EASTER HOLIDAYS. DUBLIN AND SOUTH-EASTERN, MIDLAND GREAT WESTERN, GREAT SOUTHERN AND WESTERN RAILWAYS.

For bookings by above, to save delay and crush at Stations, apply

COOK'S OFFICE, OPPOSITE TRINITY COLLEGE, DUBLIN.

EDUCATION.

THE GOVERNORS OF THE SCHOOLS FOUNDED BY ERASMUS SMITH, ESQ.

VALUABLE FIRST & SECOND CLASS BOARDING SCHOLARSHIPS,

For Boys under 14 years of age on 1st June, 1921, tenable for three years, at Drogheda, Galway, or Tipperary Grammar Schools.

Examination for above will be held (D.V.) On the 7th and 8th of JUNE NEXT.

Entrance Forms must be lodged with the Registrar on or before the 26th May next.

Entrance Forms and full particulars may be had on application by or to ARTHUR L. B. MOORE, Registrar, 40 Harcourt street, Dublin.

LOANS BY POST, £20 TO £5,000 —in any part of Ireland and Great Britain—to all respectable persons, on Note of Hand. Loans arranged by post, without interview. No fees charged or beforehand charges. Director, THE STANDARD PRIVATE FINANCE COMPANY OF IRELAND, LTD. 15 ANGLESEA ST., DUBLIN. J. C. WALSHE, Secretary.

LOANS, £10 to £500, promptly and strictly Private Arranged, Farmers, Shopkeepers, Doctors, Ladies, Gentlemen, and all respectable applicants, on simple Promissory Note, Distance no objection. Repayments arranged to suit Borrowers. Reasonable interest. Special quotations for Short Loans. No fee or preliminary expenses unless business actually completed. Apply, personally, or by letter, to DAVID J. COHEN, 25 DRURY STREET, DUBLIN.

£5 TO £500 ADVANCED to FARMERS, TRADERS, PROFESSIONAL GENTLEMEN, in any part of Great Britain and Ireland on Note of Hand, Privacy Guaranteed. Apply, personally, or by letter to THE MANAGER, THE COMMERCIAL UNION LOAN AND DISCOUNT CO. (LIMITED), 57 MIDDLE ABBEY STREET, DUBLIN.

£10 TO £1,000. MONEY TO LEND. To all Classes—Professional Gentlemen, Farmers, Government Officials, etc.—Approved in an extreme low rate of interest. Loans to be repaid by small instalments to suit. ALL APPLICATIONS ARE TREATED AS STRICTLY CONFIDENTIAL. Apply S. FREEMAN and CO., 1 GARFIELD STREET, BELFAST.

INCOME TAX AND SUPER TAX. We Prepare all Classes of Repayment Claims and Appeals. HAYDEN and CO. Income Tax and Super Tax Experts, 68 MIDDLE ABBEY STREET, DUBLIN.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

The following is the order of advertisements in to-day's IRISH TIMES:—

First Page.	Second Page.
Shipping.	Sermons.
Hotels.	Education.
Births, Marriages, and Deaths.	Railways.
Horses.	Auctions.
Lost and Found.	Houses and Lands.
Situations Vacant and Wanted.	Dress for Sale & Wanted.
Medical.	Music, Pianos, &c.
Second Page.	Furniture & Household.
Cycles and Motor Cars.	Horses, &c.
Specific Articles for Sale and Wanted.	Dogs for Sale & Wanted.
Garden, &c.	Tuitions.
Poultry, Eggs, Dairy, &c.	Schools.
Fourth Page.	Business Premises.
Amusements.	Stabling to Let and Wanted.
Legal Notices.	Houses to Let & Wanted.
Contracts.	Apartments.
Public Notices.	Furnish and Country.
	Miscellaneous.

J. W. ELVERY & CO., LTD.

TENNIS, CRICKET, GOLF, CROQUET, LAWN BOWLS, Etc. BOY SCOUT AND GIRL GUIDE OUTFITS. TRAVELLING BAGS, SUIT CASES, TRUNKS, RUGS, STRAPS, Etc. SPECIAL LINE IN WEEK-END VISIT CASES.

ELEPHANT HOUSE. 45 & 46 LR. SACKVILLE ST. 76 MID. ABBEY STREET 34 NASSAU STREET, 65 DAWSON STREET, DUBLIN. ALSO AT CORK AND LONDON.

FARMING PROSPECTS AND PROPOSITIONS.

Farmers with capital, who contemplate transferring their activities to the Dominions, will find the Union of South Africa a farmer's country. Especially if they are able to re-start with a capital of from £5,000 to £10,000, they will find it a country offering good opportunities for themselves and their sons; a country, too, which their wives and daughters will like.

The future of South Africa lies mainly in its agriculture. Its people realise that. Their confidence in that future is proved by the capital they have invested, and are increasingly investing, in the land—not as a speculation, but as a means of livelihood.

The Union of South Africa merits attention from farmers with capital, because it has a stable government, light taxation of farmers, cheap land, security of title and tenure, and a farming community well organised and progressive.

Fuller information may be obtained from the Publicity Agent (Section 38), Office of the High Commissioner for the Union of South Africa, 39 Victoria street, London, S.W., 1.

(4)

BY APPOINTMENT. BY APPOINTMENT.

WEST & SON Jewellers, Silversmiths, and Watchmakers Invite Inspection of their Large and Varied Stock of RINGS, In all the Most Up-to-date Styles DIAMONDS, EMERALDS, PEARLS, SAPPHIRES, and RUBIES of the Finest Quality, in all PLATINUM SETTINGS. SHOWROOMS: GRAFTON HOUSE, 102 & 103 GRAFTON STREET, DUBLIN.

HIGH WATER AT DUBLIN BAR.

To-day....Morning 11. 2 | Evening 11.21
To-morrow.. " 11.41 | " 11.57

SUNRISE AND SUNSET.

To-day....Rises .. 6.32 | Sets 6.43
To-morrow.. " 6.19 | " 6.45

LIGHTING-UP TIME ..... 7.43 P.M.

ARRANGEMENTS FOR TO-DAY.

Theatre Royal—Hippodrome, 3 and 5.30 p.m.
Sackville Picture House—Continuous.
Rathmines and South Dublin Registration Society, 5 o'clock.
Pembroke Council—Special Meeting, 5.30 p.m.
Irish Agricultural Wages Board Society, 11 a.m.
Dublin Board of Guardians, 2 p.m.

The Irish Times.

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 23, 1921.

Bombs were flung at a military lorry in Grand Canal street, Dublin, last night. The Crown forces escaped injury, but three civilians were wounded.—(P. 5.)

Bombs were flung at a police patrol in Dundrum, County Dublin, on Monday night and two constables were wounded.—(P. 5.)

Two constables were killed and a sergeant was wounded in an ambush at Keadue, County Roscommon, on Monday night.—(P. 5.)

Organised attacks were made on Unionists in Fermanagh on Monday night. Two men were shot dead, others were wounded, and several houses were burned.—(P. 5.)

The bodies of two brothers named Skelton have been found in a field in County Wexford. The men were taken from their houses and shot dead.—(P. 5.)

In Cavan on Sunday the Most Rev. Dr. Finnigan denounced the ambushing of soldiers, and said that civilians killed in ambushes would be denied the right of Christian burial.—(P. 5.)

Various representatives of the cattle trade in Dublin yesterday opposed the proposed removal of the embargo on Canadian stores.—(P. 4.)

The awards under the Taylor art scholarships and prizes scheme are announced today.—(P. 6.)

The annual meeting of the Stillorgan Convalescent Home took place yesterday.—(P. 6.)

In the House of Lords yesterday it was agreed that inquiries under the Tribunal of Inquiries Bill should be sanctioned by both Houses.—(P. 6.)

The Committee stage of the Ministries of Munitions and Shipping (Cessation) Bill was concluded in the House of Commons yesterday.—(P. 5.)

Unemployment in Great Britain and the trade agreement with Russia were discussed in the House of Commons last night.—(P. 5.)

In the case of the loss of the Connaught, the English Court of Appeal ruled yesterday that the City of Dublin Company was entitled to be repaid the cost of replacing the vessel.—(P. 5.)

A conviction on a charge of conspiring to murder in connection with the Liverpool warehouse fires was quashed yesterday.—(P. 6.)

The French President and Premier both declare that Germany must be made to pay her war obligations.—(P. 5.)

Dr. Simons, addressing Silesian outvoters, has claimed the result of the plebiscite as a German victory.—(P. 5.)

London Stock Markets were quiet, with small business and lower prices. Money was in keen demand, and discount rates remained firm. Dublin Market was small and featureless. Dublin Artisans' Dwellings Shares fell £3.—(P. 7.)

DOCKYARD ORGANISATION.

As much of the exceptional work falling upon the dockyards since the Armistice has now been completed, whilst the remainder is sufficiently advanced for an approximate date to be fixed for its final completion, the Board of Admiralty have decided that this is an appropriate time for taking stock of dockyard organisation and procedure as a whole, and a Departmental Committee has, therefore, been appointed to report upon the organisation, functions, and procedure of the dockyards and victualling yards, indicating any changes that are likely to lead to increased efficiency and economy without detriment to the Naval Service and its requirements.

WEATHER FORECAST.

General Inference.—For the next day or two mild south-westerly winds will continue, with fair to cloudy weather, and some showers in most places, but in the South of England considerable fair periods are likely.

Ireland.—Moderate south-west winds; fair to cloudy; some showers; visibility fair to good; rather mild.

Dixon and Hempenstall, Barometers, 19 Suffolk street, Dublin.—(Adv.)

Silesia's Verdict.

The official results of the plebiscite in Upper Silesia have not yet been announced, but the votes have been counted and it is certain that Germany has won the day. For the purposes of the plebiscite Upper Silesia was divided into seventeen *Kreise*, or electoral areas, and in all, except four, of these a German majority has been recorded. In many districts every available inhabitant went to the polls, and it is believed that throughout the province ninety-five *per cent.* of the electorate have cast their votes. Out of a total poll of about 1,200,000 Germany secured slightly over sixty *per cent.* of the suffrages, leaving Poland in a minority of "thirty-nine *per cent.* West of the Oder and of the line Krappitz-Rosenberg there was an overwhelming Teuton majority, and the only notable Polish successes were in the rural districts of the South, where Rybnik and Pless—the seat of the German Prince Henry—voted solidly for union with the new Republic. A Polish majority also was found in Tarnowitz. The industrial area has declared strongly for Germany. In the *Kreise* of Kreuzburg, Rosenberg, Oberglogau, Kosel, Gleiwitz, Leobschütz, Ratibor, Königshütte, and Oppeln the Fatherland got 420,000 votes, as compared with Poland's 140,000. Both Poles and Germans, however, profess disappointment. The Poles expected to capture several of the industrial *Kreise*, whereas they have been successful only in the country. The Germans, on the other hand, were confident of a sweeping victory throughout the whole province, and their defeat in Tarnowitz by 28,000 to 17,000 votes has given them a rude shock.

The reasons for Germany's victory in Upper Silesia are manifold, but four chief factors played a decisive part. In the first place, despite Polish claims, the province is mainly German. Since its annexation by the great Frederick it has been "planted" systematically by Prussia, and the remarkable development of its industries during the last fifty years has peopled it with Germans from every part of the Reich. In the next place, nearly 200,000 out-voters were mobilised for the plebiscite by the German Defence League. Without them the voting would have given Germany just a bare majority, but, as the Peace Treaty gave a vote to every one over the age of twenty who was born in the plebiscite area, the Germans were quite within their rights in their mobilisation of the out-voters, and the Poles in this respect have no just grounds for complaint. Another point in Germany's favour was the state of the currencies. The German mark at present is worth almost exactly one penny, but over three thousand Polish marks can be bought with a pound. The workers of Upper Silesia have voted for the more valuable mark. The last factor, however, was largely political. In Germany, especially in the East, the term *Polnische Wirtschaft* (a Polish household) is used to describe anything that is slovenly or badly managed. The Poles, unfortunately, have not a good reputation for government, and, faced with a choice between two evils, the Silesians probably have chosen the less. At any rate, they have given their verdict, and the next move rests with the Allies.

The future of the province must be determined by the Supreme Council—on this point the Treaty is explicit. The Silesian Commission will communicate the result of the plebiscite to the Allies, with a recommendation as to the line which ought to be adopted as the frontier of Germany." Due regard will be paid "to the wishes of the inhabitants as shown by the vote and to the geographical and economic conditions of the locality." The Allies' task simply bristles with difficulties. It may be easy enough to delimit a frontier in the South by attaching Pless and Rybnik to Poland; but what will be the fate of Tarnowitz and Gross-Strelitz? Taken together, these two *Kreise* have a definite Polish majority, but they form an island in a sea of Germans. If the Allies follow the results of the plebiscite, partition will be inevitable and will produce even more ridiculous anomalies than it will produce in Ireland. Whether they follow it or not, there is bound to be trouble in Upper Silesia. There is more ill-feeling in the mines of Kattowitz than in the Belfast shipyards, and throughout the province next-door neighbours are at loggerheads. The safest plan would be to leave Upper Silesia as it is—namely, an integral part of the German Reich, with Rybnik and Pless attached to Poland. Germany governed it before the war, and probably could govern it just as successfully again. Its possession, moreover, would enhance her capacity to pay an indemnity to the Allies. Its vast mineral wealth is an invaluable asset, of which the Germans certainly are likely to take more advantage than the Poles. Be that as it may, the matter must be settled quickly. While it hangs fire there can be no settlement of the reparations problem and there can be no progress in European peace. A plebiscite in watertight compartments was a fairly hopeless expedient from the very outset, but, now that it has been taken, Germans, Poles, and Allies alike must be prepared to make the best of a sorry bargain.

Canadian Railways.

Canada has provided another example of the evil of State control. For a number of years the management of certain railways has been in the hands of Government officials, and none of them has earned sufficient revenue to defray the working expenses. Last year the Government took control of the Grand Trunk line and opened negotiations for its purchase. The undertaking was in a solvent condition, although its revenue had fallen during the war, and all the experts agreed that it was capable of development and expansion. Moreover, there was a possibility that when it was worked in conjunction with the Canadian Northern and other Government systems these "lame ducks" would grow strong and eventually become self-supporting. As soon, however, as the State assumed control the profits of the Grand Trunk system began to shrink. In the course of a few months they disappeared. Then the State was forced to provide a sum of £5,550,000 before the accounts would balance. The taxpayers grew uneasy, but the Government hastened to reassure them that it was a case of casting bread upon the waters. The grant would enable the managers to do work that had been neglected during the war, and then the profits would begin to accumulate rapidly. These hopes, however, have not been fulfilled. On the contrary, the deficit on the system's working has increased enormously. Further demands, amounting to £19,770,000, have been made on the public purse, and of this sum only £486,000 is required in connection with the Grand Trunk Pacific guarantee. Public opinion has been inflamed by these revelations and some very pointed questions have been asked. It is held that the situation admits of only two explanations: either the returns of revenue made by the owners of the line were misleading or the railway officials have been guilty of reckless extravagance. The Government, apparently, has become alarmed, and there is a rumour that it may drop the negotiations with the owners and abandon the whole project. In that event the company might be forced to go into liquidation and hundreds of shareholders would be ruined. Canada's experience is by no means unique. State control and efficiency cannot run in double harness. Our own railways, the French railways, the coal industry, the telephone service, and a host of other enterprises all bear witness to that fact. Yet some sections of the community still hanker after the nationalisation of industries and believe that it would solve all our troubles.

Mesopotamia.

A despatch from Baghdad to the *Daily Telegraph* throws some light on the nature of Britain's engagements in Mesopotamia—the most inexorable of her various "mandates." Her responsibilities are military, political, and financial. She must put the new Arab State of Irak on its feet, must help to organise its police and develop its resources, and, for her own protection, must maintain a body of British troops in the country. The new Defence Ministry of Irak has prepared plans for a national army on a basis of conscription. It thinks that 30,000 men with the colours and a like number in reserve will be sufficient. Of the former 20,000 will be employed on frontier defence and 10,000 will act as gendarmerie in ordinary times. The services of British advisers and assistants will be co-ordinated in a fashion which is designed to safeguard the highly cultivated *amour propre* of the Arab officers. Nearly two years must elapse, however, before an organised Army can be formed, and they may be troublesome years for Irak. Internal disorders are probable as the result of popular elections and other Western innovations. During those two years, at any rate, British soldiers must keep the peace, and this despatch puts the irreducible *minimum* at one division and one brigade of troops, with a considerable reinforcement of aeroplanes. A larger force would be needed if India, with its vital interest in Mesopotamia, were not close at hand. Clearly, Britain's task will be difficult and costly, and we are not encouraged to hope for early dividends. Nevertheless, we are bidden to remember that "Mr. Darcy sank a quarter of a million in this part of the world before he discovered a cupful of oil—but he then discovered the Anglo-Persian oilfields." The building of a new and great nation between the storied rivers would be a finer achievement than the discovery of all the oil in Asia.

Joshua's Long Day.

Just knows—and knows no more—her Bible true:

A truth the brilliant Frenchman never knew.

The average citizen of the twentieth century has neither the unquestioning faith of Cowper's peasant-woman nor the arrogant scepticism of Voltaire. He will read with much interest a distinguished astronomer's explanation of one of the "hardest" of the Old Testament miracles—the "standing still" of the Sun at Joshua's command. In an address to the Victoria Institute on Monday Mr. E. Walter Maunder reconstituted the scene of Joshua's battle with the Amorites. The year is unknown, but the day, by astronomical calculation, was the 22nd July. The time was high noon and the Sun, for Joshua, stood over Gibeon; the Moon, setting and in its third quarter, was low down over Ajalon. The day was intensely hot; the Israelites had been on foot for seventeen hours and a long and arduous pursuit lay in front of them. In these circumstances Joshua uttered his command, the literal meaning of which is not, "Stand thou still," but "Be thou silent." Then a *miracle*, indeed—but a "natural" miracle—followed. A great hailstorm swept up from the sea, bringing with it thick clouds and a sudden lowering of temperature. Seven hours later, when the Israelites reached Makkedah—a march of thirty miles—the Sun was setting. They measured the time by the distance of their march, and, so measured, the afternoon seemed to be double the ordinary length. The Sun had "hasted not to go down about a whole day."

MOTOR EXHIBITS AT THE SPRING SHOW.

REMARKABLE ACTION OF ENGLISH MANUFACTURERS.

INTERVIEW WITH MR. BOHANE.

The Royal Dublin Society's Spring Show at Ballsbridge will this year be deprived of one of its most interesting sections—that for commercial vehicles. These vehicles comprise motors for road haulage, including that all-useful vehicle which is growing so much in popularity, the motor char-à-banc.

I interviewed yesterday by an *Irish Times* representative, Mr. E. Bohane, Agricultural Superintendent of the Royal Dublin Society, and that it had been the custom for agents in Ireland representing the different makes of commercial vehicles to exhibit these at the Spring Show each year. The builders of bodies for such vehicles in Dublin had also exhibited specimens of their body-work fitted to the chassis. All that was necessary for the manufacturers to do, as a matter of form, was to apply to the Society of Motor Manufacturers and Traders for permission to exhibit, and this permission was received without any trouble.

"Last year's," continued Mr. Bohane, "was the first Spring Show since the war. I understand that prior to this Show the Society of Manufacturers and Traders had decided to concentrate their efforts on their annual Show at Olympia, London, and to prohibit their members from exhibiting elsewhere. The Irish agents took the matter up, as the entry for the Royal Dublin Spring Show had already been made, and they were successful in getting that decision rescinded. This year, however, the Motor Manufacturers' Society have again imposed a similar condition, which will work to the great disadvantage of Irish buyers, who will now have to undertake a cross-Channel and long railway journey if they desire to see the various makes and types of commercial motors on exhibition.

"I have placed before the Society of Motor Manufacturers the unfortunate position in which this country is placed, and have urged that, pending the establishment of an annual show of motor vehicles in Ireland, they should continue to grant the privilege given in the past to Irish agents, and not unduly penalise probable buyers from this side of the Channel. In doing so, I have pointed out the necessity for a clear understanding between all sections of the trade on both sides of the Channel, and have suggested that, in the best interests of the Society and its members, a move such as is now ordered would be a retrograde step, and should, if possible, be avoided. To this suggestion I have received a reply that the matter was very carefully considered, and, whilst they hope that it will not have a detrimental effect, they cannot see their way to make any alteration."

MOST REV. DR. WALSH.

Most Rev. Dr. Walsh, Roman Catholic Archbishop of Dublin, was operated upon yesterday morning. The operation was borne well.

SERVICE CANDIDATES FOR THE MINISTRY.

There are now in training for Holy Orders 1,523 candidates, of whom 392 are in receipt of financial aid. The number already ordained is 838, and 1,402 have been rejected or withdrawn.

LONDON CORRESPONDENCE.

50 FLEET STREET, LONDON. TUESDAY NIGHT.

It is suggested that Mr. Chamberlain, on taking office as Lord Privy Seal, may have to submit to re-election at West Birmingham. It seems unlikely, since, as Chancellor of the Exchequer, he already occupies an office of profit under the Crown. At the same time, the question of the re-election of a Lord Privy Seal has never arisen before, for the post has generally been occupied by a peer. When Mr. Bonar Law took it he was excused re-election by the temporary war legislation which relieved Ministers from re-election on accepting office.

The Prime Minister has taken advantage of the change in the leadership of the Unionist Party to move his apartments in the House of Commons. Mr. Chamberlain is to move to the commodious apartments lately occupied by Mr. Bonar Law, while the Prime Minister will take those lately used by Mr. Chamberlain. The new Chancellor of the Exchequer, whoever he may prove to be, will have the Prime Minister's old rooms. The changes sound slight, but they involve the moving of quite a little army of clerks, typists, telephonists, and others, and will confuse members of Parliament for some time to come. Incidentally, the move will bring Mr. Lloyd George into close proximity to his predecessor, for his new room is on the same corridor as that of Mr. Asquith and only separated from it by his secretary's office.

It was a quiet day in the House, many members having already begun their holidays and most of the others not being anxious to "prolong the proceedings." But a good many questions were addressed to the Leader of the House, who made a decidedly favourable impression by his method of dealing with them—clear, courteous, and not without a touch of humour. Some of the Parliamentary commentators complained yesterday that he was a "leader without a smile." They must have changed their opinion to-day, when they saw the delightful smile that accompanied the neatly-worded phrase with which he put Lieutenant-Commander Kenworthy in his proper place.

In answering another question Mr. Chamberlain incidentally confirmed the statement that I made yesterday with regard to the Chancellorship of the Exchequer. He was asked whether, as the effect of the new *ad valorem* duty on sparkling wines had been to reduce the revenue derived from that to about a third of the estimate, he would take it off in the coming Budget. "That," he said, "is a question which will have to be considered by the Chancellor of the Exchequer, which I shall not be." He added that his successor would also have to consider how far the decrease in consumption was due to the tax and how far to the "profiteering" at hotels and restaurants.

There is a general impression that the rise in the bank rate last spring was made with the approval, if not at the instigation, of the Government, and consequently a good many people believe that the Government have merely to give the word and the bank rate will be brought down. Mr. Chamberlain disposed of that notion. It was true that he

KEEP THEM OUT.

CANADIAN STORE CATTLE.

IRISH OPPOSITION BEGINS.

NORTH AND SOUTH UNITED.

There began in earnest, in Dublin yesterday, the amalgamation of Irish interests against the readmission, after twenty-five years, of Canadian store cattle into Great Britain. The question of readmission has lately been removed from the arena of Parliament to that of a Special Commission, which will take evidence in April and May. How best to marshal evidence for the opposition was the consideration of yesterday's conference of the various interests concerned. Colonel O'Callaghan Westropp was in the chair, and those present were:—Messrs. C. Cuffe and James Ganly (Dublin Salesmen's Association), Alex. Haslitt (Ulster Farmers' Union), Gavin Low (Secretary, Irish Hereford Breeders' Association), E. Gallagher (Department of Agriculture), Joseph M'Loughlin (Louth), Major Bryan Cooper (Sligo), John Maher (Kilkenny), Messrs. Fahy (Cork) and O'Hanlon (Secretary, Irish Farmers' Union).

THE CHAIRMAN.

The Chairman, having explained the object of the meeting, declared that the Irish Farmers' Union was, all along, opposed to the introduction of Canadian store cattle, and it had sent three representatives to the Guildhall meeting. Considering their enemies in the present fight, the Scottish feeder accounted for one per cent., the butchers for eight per cent., the other 91 per cent. comprised all those people who, for other purposes, were making use of the cry of "cheap meat," which the Government found it hard to deal. Mr. Doherty, the Canadian Minister, had said, before his departure from England finally, that it was almost certain that the embargo on Canadian stores would be lifted—it was expected that the removal would take place after the Imperial Conference in June. That optimism was the measure of the danger to the industry in this country. In organising for the maintenance of the embargo, he knew that they could count upon the support of the Irish Department of Agriculture, but a strong organisation was necessary. The Irish cattle-raising industry was in a grave position.

MR. HASLITT.

Mr. Haslitt said that one touch of danger united all. If they, in the North, differed with men in the South on many other subjects, all were as one on this. They were just as strongly opposed in Ulster to the importation as here, for in Ulster there were, if anything, more small farmers than in other areas, who were rearing cattle at that period of life when they were hardest to maintain—"just as they have the head out of the basket." No effort should be spared to help the small farmers. He thought that they should ask all bodies interested to collect information for use as evidence before the Commission. The matter had been discussed at the last big dinner of the Royal Ulster Agricultural Society.

THE IRISH EVIDENCE.

Replying to Mr. Ganly, the Chairman said that the Commission would meet about the middle of April. It was expected that there would be over a dozen witnesses, and the Commission would sit probably twenty-four days. He did not know how many witnesses were to be sent from Ireland. He believed that there were about twenty-seven associations interested in this country. The Irish Department of Agriculture would send evidence.

Mr. Ganly agreed with the chairman that quality was to be sought in preparing the evidence, rather than quantity.

It was decided to ask the following societies to send each two representatives to meet the conference at a later date:—Department of Agriculture for Ireland, Irish Farmers' Union, Ulster Farmers' Union, Irish Agricultural Organisation Society, Royal Dublin Society, Irish Cattlebreeders' and Stockowners' Association, Dublin Salesmen's Association, Royal Ulster Agricultural Society, Ulster Shorthorn Breeders' Association, Hereford Breeders' Association, Irish Aberdeen-Angus Society, Kerry Cattlebreeders' Society, Munster Agricultural Society, Dublin Cowkeepers' Association, and the North of Ireland Cattledealers' Association.

Heads of evidence were next considered for submission to the bodies mentioned, in order that the fullest case might be made out.

THE DEPARTMENT'S SYMPATHY.

The representative of the Department of Agriculture said:—"We are strongly in sympathy with you, and propose to secure evidence from experts that will be capable of the most detailed analysis, of characters that had sent three representatives to the Guildhall meeting. Considering their enemies in the present fight, the Scottish feeder accounted for one per cent., the butchers for eight per cent., the other 91 per cent. comprised all those people who, for other purposes, were making use of the cry of "cheap meat," which the Government found it hard to deal. Mr. Doherty, the Canadian Minister, had said, before his departure from England finally, that it was almost certain that the embargo on Canadian stores would be lifted—it was expected that the removal would take place after the Imperial Conference in June. That optimism was the measure of the danger to the industry in this country. In organising for the maintenance of the embargo, he knew that they could count upon the support of the Irish Department of Agriculture, but a strong organisation was necessary. The Irish cattle-raising industry was in a grave position.

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Various points of evidence were discussed, and suggestions regarding lines of investigation were adopted.

The conference adjourned till this morning.

FARM WAGES.

NATIONAL BOARD'S PROPOSAL.

FARMERS OPPOSE INCREASES.

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Publication of these facts has been answered by numerous complaints in the *Irish Times* by farmers, who say that the increase of wages is not justified, and by one letter of protest from a member of the Clare and Limerick District Wages Committee. This committee-man denies the wisdom of the proposed increases, and adds:—

Under the Corn Production Act—First Schedule 12 (4)—it is the duty of a District Wages Committee to recommend instances of wages applicable to that area "and no variation or cancellation of such a rate shall have effect within that area unless either the rate or the variation or cancellation thereof, as the case may be, has been recommended by the District Wages Committee, or an opportunity has been given to the Committee to report thereon to the Agricultural Wages Board, and the Agricultural Wages Board have considered the report (if any) made by the Committee." The Board act only on the second part of this section by calling for reports from the Committees, which will probably be ignored, as in 1920, and a minimum wage will be struck at their discretion for the whole of Ireland, without any regard to the various local considerations which are taken into account by the District Committees.

WAGE-FIXING MACHINERY.

Here is the position of the Wages Board for Ireland, as authoritatively stated:—"The Board, which is the sole determining authority, is composed of seven representatives of employers and seven representatives of employés, nominated by accredited industrial bodies, and four appointed members, including the chairman. The District Wages Committees, of which there are twenty in the country, consist of four employers' and four employés' representatives, similarly nominated, and one appointed member. The Committees were, in the first instance, consulted as to whether they had any recommendations to make in varying the existing Order fixing the minimum rates of wages for agricultural workers. These recommendations were before the Board when it considered the making of a proposal to vary the existing Order. Later the Board issued its notice of proposed variation. Objections may be lodged against that proposal within one month, and the District Wages Committees or other interested bodies are given an opportunity of reporting on the proposal before the Board considers whether it should be adopted as an Order, with or without modifications."

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THE PRIME MINISTER'S PRIVATE SECRETARY.

The Prime Minister has appointed Mr. A. J. Sylvester, late of the Cabinet Office, to be one of his private secretaries. Mr. Sylvester has had a good deal of experience of secretarial work, particularly in connection with the business of the War Cabinet, and of various Conferences in London and abroad, in connection with the post-war settlement.

CONSTABULARY RECRUITS.

The number of recruits who joined the Royal Irish Constabulary; exclusive of the Auxiliary Division, during the last four months was 3,674, states Sir Hamar Greenwood in yesterday's Parliamentary debates.

FROM "THE TIMES" OF TO-DAY.

(BY SPECIAL ARRANGEMENT WITH THE PROPRIETORS OF *THE TIMES*.)

THE MADNESS OF SINN FEIN.

It is hard to understand how those Irishmen who took part in the ambush at Headford Junction on Monday could have believed, if, indeed, they did believe, that they served the cause of their country, remarks *The Times* in an editorial article. The effect of such methods is not, and never can be, to intimidate the people of England, but their continued employment is inevitably swelling the numbers and strengthening the power of the opponents of Irish self-government in this country. The British public will read the story of that fight with the sternest resentment against the Sinn Fein movement. A great section of it will only remember that a superior force of Irish rebels opened fire suddenly from chosen and concealed positions upon a party of unsuspecting troops, and that in the fight that followed those troops displayed bravery worthy of the highest traditions of the British Army. All Englishmen will deplore the gallant dead and commiserate with the wounded, but few, indeed, will ask whether the Sinn Feiners who fired upon their soldiery knew that they were committing murder or regarded themselves as belligerents legitimately employed in warfare. To the ordinary Englishman this ambush will appear only as organised murder, and those who took part in it as common assassins. To those who best understand the psychology of the Irish people the folly of the Irish extremists is almost as criminal as the deeds they perpetrate. Obsession by their own real and imagined wrongs has deprived the leaders of the Sinn Fein movement of all sense, not only of morality, but of proportion. It is no answer that they should charge the Government with connivance at crime on the part of their own servants, or with prolonged and obstinate maladministration, for in their blind anger they, themselves, are injuring Ireland far more than they are injuring Great Britain. Not only have they involved Irish trade, industry, and commerce in immense loss, but their policy has rent Ireland herself in twain. The economic boycott of Ulster is, for instance, a direct blow at the peace and prosperity of the whole island. Undoubtedly, it is already seriously affecting Belfast, but it is at the same time, engendering feelings of bitterness between Irishmen which bode ill for future union. Moreover, it would now seem that, emboldened by their employment of economic pressure as a political instrument at home, the Sinn Fein leaders propose to boycott British goods until "the British war of aggression" shall cease. The suggestion would, in view of the economic interdependence of these islands, be ridiculous were it not that the future of Ireland is largely in the keeping of the men who have seriously made it. A great body of opinion in this country is prepared, from a sense of justice and fair play, to recognise the right of a self-governing Ireland to control her own trade policy; but can Sinn Feiners really believe that this new weapon of their choosing, so manifestly two-edged, will serve them to reinforce Ireland's claim to that right? They would, indeed, be better advised to refrain in the interest of their country from foolish and provocative defiance of this nation's will. Yet, though Ireland must be by far the heavier loser in a contest of this kind, it brings no comfort to thinking Englishmen that she should rush upon her fate. We wrote on Monday that, to the other losses which these islands have sustained, and are sustaining, as the result of the present situation, must be added the rapid deterioration of good-will in our trading relationship with Ireland. The new proposals of Dail Eireann, however, feeble their form and substance, strongly reinforce our words. From every point of view, be it moral, social, or economic, the present contest is suicidal. We know that the great mass of Irishmen now realise that it is so, and long for its cessation. We know also that England, hating those methods of oppression which Sinn Fein has to so great an extent forced upon her, shares that desire. The criminal insanity of the present leaders of the Irish people tends only to hold in check the practical expression of that desire and to accredit anew the fatal and discredited Irish policy of the Government. Surely it is time for reasonable and patriotic men in both countries to call a halt.

IRISH SETTLEMENT.

In a letter to *The Times* to-day, Lady Gregory writes:—My own work is outside politics, but yesterday I asked a friend who has profound knowledge of the South of Ireland what proposal he thought it possible Sinn Fein would accept. He said—"If full Dominion Home Rule were offered, with no tax payable to England (but I believe they would not insist on an army and navy), I think Dail Eireann must put it to a plebiscite, and I feel sure it would be accepted. I do not believe they would take less than this. The young men are determined to fight the matter out now, and not leave it to another generation, and they are not afraid of death. See how those six died on Monday. They were sustained by faith, by patriotism, by religion. As Sir Robert Woods says in his speech—when he pushes up the case against importation is to get witnesses who are *au fait* with the subject."

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REPARATIONS.

THE DEBTOR MUST PAY.

GERMAN MEMORANDUM.

M. BRIAND'S STATEMENT.

The text of the German memorandum to the Council of the League of Nations relative to the sanctions applied to Germany by the Allies has been received from the Secretariat of the League at Geneva.

It contends that the action of the Allies in taking possession of Duisburg, Ruhrort, and Duesseldorf, the Allies' declaration that they will retain a definite amount of all payments owed by their nationals for German goods, and the proposal to institute their own Customs *régime* in the occupied Rhine territory, is contrary to the Treaty of Versailles.

The Allies, the memorandum states, allege that Germany has infringed certain stipulations of the Treaty, but they do not say which stipulations are implied. It can only be a question of the three following:—(1) Paragraph 18 of Annex II. to Part VIII.; (2) the final paragraph of Article 429, and (3) Article 430. None of these stipulations, it is argued, permits the further occupation of German territory beyond the district west of the Rhine and the bridgeheads.

No right to occupy German territory can in any way be based on Paragraph 18. This paragraph deals with economic and financial prohibitions and reprisals, and "in general with such other measures as the Allied and Associated Powers may consider necessary in the circumstances." It would be preposterous to assume that the general wording of the last part of Paragraph 18 would justify an occupation of territory beyond that laid down by the stipulations of Part XIV. On the contrary, it can only be a question of economic measures. According to Paragraph 18, even such economic sanctions may only be applied in case of default in the performance of the obligations with regard to reparations. This stipulation does not apply to measures of disarmament, and there is no breach of the obligations with regard to reparations. The time limit within which the sum of 20 milliards is to be paid to the Allies in specie or in kind has not yet expired. According to the German estimates, the German payments in kind have already reached the stipulated amount, so that there has been no wilful breach of the Treaty.

The second sanction announced—*i.e.*, the partial confiscation of the purchase price of German goods—would, in fact, be in contradiction with assurances expressly given by the Belgian and British Governments with regard to the non-application of paragraph 18. The Italian Government has adopted a similar decision and communicated it officially to the German Embassy at Rome. This measure would, therefore, apply neither in Belgium nor in Italy, nor, in so far as bank credits arising out of the purchase of goods are concerned, in the United Kingdom.

With regard to the third sanction, the introduction of a special Customs *régime* in the Rhine provinces is not applicable to punitive measures since Article 270 of the Peace Treaty stipulates that it shall only be applied if such a measure is necessary in order to safeguard the economic interests of the population of the Rhine provinces.

A PROFESSION OF GOOD FAITH.

The memorandum asserts that the Allies are not using the sanction for the purpose of enforcing the fulfilment of Treaty stipulations, but because they had formed the impression that Germany was endeavouring in bad faith to evade the obligations with regard to reparation. On the contrary, her measures of compulsion, they intend to induce Germany to submit to their proposals regarding the manner in which her obligations for reparation are to be fulfilled. The German Government, by its conduct, has given no ground for the assumption that it intends to act in bad faith. The Allies' note of January 29th is taking out by the press of the world, constitutes an unwarrantable violation of peace.

AN APPEAL TO THE LEAGUE.

The memorandum concludes with an appeal to the Council of the League to take the step incumbent upon it for bringing the methods of settlement provided in the Covenant into operation, and to cause the immediate abandonment of the violent measures applied by the Allies. Germany, inspired by the most earnest desire to fulfil her Treaty obligations to the best of her ability, has given no occasion for the disturbance of peace.

In an interview with a representative of the *New York Herald*, says a Paris telegram, dated Tuesday, M. Briand, Premier, declared that, whether she wished it or not, Germany would be obliged to honour her own signature. Germany's evident prosperity, he continued, proved that her cry of poverty was only a pretence. It was easy to reply to the lamentations of Germany by pointing to the growing number of her officials, the smallness of her taxes, the prosperity of her industrial establishments, and the growing opulence of her capitalists. Germany, he concluded, at the London Conference reckoned on the disagreement of the Allies. She is now reckoning on a change of policy of America, and Mr. Harding's message has given rise to the greatest disappointment on the matter.

In the course of his speech from the chair at Monday's meeting of civil engineers, President Millerand said:—The work of reconstruction should not make us forget our duty towards the dead and towards the generations of to-day and to-morrow. We have a debtor, and he must pay. M. Millerand, in concluding, exhorted those present to hold together, and assured them that by so doing France would reconstruct her economic position, just as she had reconstructed her military greatness.

AMBASSADORS' CONFERENCE.

The Conference of Ambassadors this morning, says a Paris telegram dated Tuesday, put off until Friday next the consideration of the report of the Inter-Allied Rhineland High Commission on the establishment of the Customs line between occupied and unoccupied Germany, the British Government having been informed of it too late to give instructions to Lord Hardinge, British reference dealt with the application of the military clauses of the Versailles Treaty, Marshal Foch being present.

UPPER SILESIA.

DR. SIMONS AND THE PLEBISCITE.

Telegraphing on Tuesday from Berlin, Reuter's Correspondent says:—Addressing a batch of voters for the plebiscite in Upper Silesia, on their way home by special train today, Dr. Simons, Foreign Minister, said—The battle is won. Upper Silesia has declared herself for Germany. Of course, we have certainly suffered some losses through the Poles' extensive campaign of intimidation; but the victory is ours. Upper Silesia is not to be torn from the Reich. She is, and must remain, part of the Empire.

Herr Augustin, speaking on behalf of the German Defence Union, called upon the inhabitants of Upper Silesia to report upon every injustice done them during the plebiscite.

The newspapers here state, says a Berlin telegram, that the final plebiscite totals in Upper Silesia, according to the Inter-Allied Commission, are:—716,406 votes cast in favour of Germany, and 471,406 in favour of Poland.

RAILWAYMEN'S WAGES.

The dispute as to whether there should be a 4s. or a 5s. increase in the railwaymen's wages under the sliding scale, based on the cost of living, was yesterday put back for submission to the Minister of Transport by the Central Wages Board.

It was officially announced last evening that the Central Wages Board (for railwaymen) has made a recommendation in favour of a reduction of 4s. only. This is in accord with the contention of the Railway Unions.

NORTHUMBERLAND MINERS' CLAIMS.

The Northumberland Miners' Association has passed a resolution authorising the National Executive to negotiate a temporary agreement on the district basis.

The fishing in the Durham coalfield regarding the present national crisis is strongly against a strike. There is a general belief that a temporary arrangement on the district basis will be agreed to, but a large reduction in wages is firmly opposed. In private meetings the lodges have decided upon their course of action, and the result will be disclosed at the National Executive meeting in London to-morrow.

THE SHOOTING AT GREENORE.

TWO CIVILIANS ARRESTED.

The district of Greenore was searched by Crown forces on Monday after the shooting on the previous night of Constable Hay, an Englishman, with six months' service in the Royal Irish Constabulary, and Charles Slattery, a young ex-soldier, who had been employed in the service of the Greenore Railway Company. Two arrests were made by the Dundalk police, Stephen Rafferty and Patrick Larkin, both of whom are in the railway service. The prisoners were brought to Dundalk, and were handed over to the military. Constable Hay is still seriously ill in the Newry Hospital.

On Sunday afternoon the wires on both the Newry and Greenore roads were cut about three miles from Dundalk, on the Newry road. Those operations were carried out by two young men who arrived on bicycles, and one of whom "held up" a passer-by with a revolver while his companion was cutting the wires.

AMBUSH IN DUBLIN.

MILITARY LORRY BOMBED.

THREE CIVILIANS WOUNDED.

STRUCK BY STRAY BULLETS.

Another attack was made on Crown forces in Dublin last evening, when two bombs were thrown at a military lorry in Grand Canal street. None of the troops was injured, but three civilians who happened to be passing by at the time were taken to hospital suffering from gunshot wounds.

The lorry was travelling through Grand Canal street at about 7.20 p.m., and when at the corner of Great Clarence street a bomb was thrown. The lorry continued on its course, and when at Grand Canal quay a second bomb was thrown. The soldiers in the lorry returned the fire, and in all some eight or ten shots were fired. The lorry stopped when it reached the canal bridge, and the soldiers returned on foot and searched some people in the vicinity of the attacks.

The three civilians who were wounded were:—William Green, of 9 Lower Dominick street; Denis Maher, of 93 Gordon street (off Barrow street), and his brother, Daniel Maher. They were taken in the Pembroke Fire Brigade ambulance to Sir Patrick Dun's Hospital. Green was taken from Boland's Bakery, where he is employed, and the two Mahers from their house in Gordon street.

Hospital it was found that Green was suffering from a bullet wound through the left thigh, and that Denis Maher had been struck by a fragment of a bomb or bullet, which had lodged in his left leg. Both men were detained, but neither is considered a serious case. Daniel Maher, who received some slight wounds on the right leg, was able to go home when they had been dressed.

The three wounded men subsequently made statements to the effect that they were passing along the street when the bombs were thrown, and that they had been struck by stray bullets.

BOMB EXPLOSION IN TRALEE.

TWO CIVILIANS WOUNDED.

Our Tralee Correspondent telegraphs:—Last night when a police motor car was proceeding through Bridge street a bomb was exploded, causing the utmost alarm. People fled in all directions for shelter. When the panic had ended it was ascertained that some civilians were hit by shrapnel. Mrs. Horgan, the wife of a licensed vintner in Rock street, was badly wounded in the hip and neck, and John Brosnan, school teacher, had a shrapnel wound through the lung. His condition is considered critical.

THE WAR ON POLICEMEN.

TWO KILLED; OTHERS WOUNDED.

A party of police was, an official report states, ambushed yesterday at Keadue, Co. Roscommon, and two were killed and one wounded.

Later information states that the two constables who were killed were Constables Devereux and Dowling, and that Sergeant Reilly was wounded.

Our Boyle Correspondent, telegraphing last night, says:—Police, it is officially stated, while proceeding from Keadue to Ballyfarnon, County Roscommon, was ambushed early to-day at "The Black Banks." Constables Dowling and Devereux were shot dead, and Sergeant O'Reilly was dangerously wounded. It appears that the police were on their way to investigate raids on the Post Office and a business house in Ballyfarnon. It is stated that there were no casualties on the attackers' side. A party of military and police went to the scene.

AN UNSUCCESSFUL ATTACK.

A police patrol was ambushed near Oulton, County Roscommon, on Monday night, but the attack was unsuccessful. When the police returned the fire the attackers withdrew.

SHOT FOR REFUSING TO HALT.

Our Nenagh Correspondent telegraphs:—On Monday afternoon a young lad named Martin Bourke, aged 15 years, son of a respectable farmer named Andrew Bourke, of Ross Cottages, situate between Nenagh and Templemore, was shot dead by Crown forces, who were searching around the locality at the time. He failed, it is alleged, to obey a challenge to halt, and fire was opened, with the result above stated. Another young lad with Bourke had a narrow escape.

INTIMIDATING A FARMER.

An official report states that a party of armed men visited the house of a farmer in the Gort district at midnight some nights ago, called him out of bed, and took him along a road in his motor car for some distance. They then ordered him, and ordered him to stop cultivating or tilling a certain farm. They next visited the house of another farmer in the district. The visits are believed to have had some connection with the allocation of plots on the Roxburgh estate, which is being divided between ninety-seven tenants by a committee appointed to make a fair division of the lands.

BELIEVED TO HAVE BEEN MURDERED.

According to an official report, Martin Daly, of Inchshunnoe, Farranfore, County Kerry, was kidnapped by armed men at noon on the 20th inst., and is now believed to have been murdered.

SHOOTING AT MR. STACPOOLE, D.L.

Five armed men fired (an official report states) at Mr. Richard J. Stacpoole, D.L., at his residence, Edenvale, Ennis, on the 20th inst. He escaped uninjured.

DAMAGING BRIDGES.

Six bridges have been broken down in the Charleville district of County Limerick, with the apparent object of cutting Charleville off from a military centre.

FAIR PROHIBITED.

Our Donegal Correspondent telegraphs:—Mountcharles (Co. Donegal) monthly fair, which is held on the 22nd of each month, was, by order of the military authorities, prohibited yesterday. It was when on their way to a fair in that village last month that a party of soldiers and police was ambushed in a place commonly known as The Glen, Constable Satchwell being killed.

THE CURFEW ORDER.

DUBLIN POSTAL ARRANGEMENTS

One effect of the new "Curfew" regulations in Dublin is that the evening postal delivery, which hitherto went out at six o'clock in the afternoon, now goes out at five o'clock. This advance in the hour excludes from delivery letters which in the usual course would come to hand between five and six o'clock. The evening delivery does not include any English mails or any of the day mails from the provinces; but this is not new, as since the "Curfew" was advanced from ten o'clock none of these mails was included in the evening delivery.

On inquiry at the Post Office yesterday, it was ascertained that, as a result of the first night's experience of the new regulations, it is not expected that any improved service will be possible while the present "Curfew" regulations continue.

BOMBS AND SHOTS AT DUNDRUM.

TWO CONSTABLES WOUNDED.

According to an official report, a police patrol belonging to Dundrum (County Dublin) Station was ambushed at a quarter to nine o'clock on Monday night, and bombs were thrown at the men from behind a wall. Two constables were wounded by the explosion. The patrol returned the fire, and succeeded in reaching the barracks. Some revolver shots and bomb-throwing also took place in other parts of the village. When the District Inspector and another man were leaving the barracks, a bomb was thrown, which struck the District Inspector, but did not injure him. The injured constables were removed to hospital. It is not known whether casualties occurred among the attackers.

SEARCHES IN DUBLIN.

Military search parties were active throughout Dublin yesterday. Pedestrians in several instances were questioned and searched. A visit to a timber yard in Thomas street is stated to have resulted in the detention of an employé.

HEADFORD BATTLE.

HOW THE AMBUSH WAS LAID.

A BRAVE GUNNER.

TWO MORE DEATHS.

The following official military communiqué was issued yesterday in connection with the attack on a train carrying military and civilian passengers at Headford:—

Further details of yesterday's train ambush in the County Kerry show that the attack was made from the cover of a high bank and from some neighbouring buildings at Headford Junction.

Heavy casualties were at once suffered by the troops, and the remainder put up a stubborn fight, which lasted fifty minutes.

It was largely owing to the remarkable coolness and bravery displayed by the Vickers machine gunner of the 1st Royal Fusiliers, who brought his gun into action fearlessly and successfully under heavy fire, that the rebels were held in check until the arrival of another party. Fourteen strong, of the same battalion, in the Mallow train.

The officer in command of this party, hearing firing ahead, stopped the train some distance outside the station, and attacked the rebels in their position.

They soon succeeded in driving them into the open, where they took to flight, taking several casualties as they, but leaving some of their dead.

When news of the fight was received in Killarney the 4.10 train to Mallow was commandeered, and cleared of civilians, a strong body of the same battalion being rushed to the spot.

When this force arrived on the scene desultory long range firing was still in progress, but this immediately ceased, and the few remaining rebels vanished.

The number of ambushers is estimated at about 100, of which fifteen had taken up a position in the stationmaster's house, which had previously been prepared for cover and defence.

The latest information as to the casualties shows that two of the wounded soldiers have since died.

Two dead bodies of the attackers were recovered, and two other bodies were seen, but not recovered.

One of the dead rebels has been identified as a much wanted officer of the I.R.A.

A quantity of arms and ammunition, which the rebels abandoned in their flight, was captured.

THE DEAD OFFICER.

A Killarney message says that Lieutenant C. E. Adams and Sergeant Brandish, 1st Royal Fusiliers, were among those killed in the Headford Junction train ambush, and twelve men were wounded. Douglas was subsequently attended by Dr. S. A. D'Arcy, of Rosslea, who had him removed to hospital.

ESCAPE THROUGH A WINDOW.

The house of Edward Nelson, Mullaga Connolly, was also visited and set on fire and completely destroyed. The father and his two daughters managed to make good their escape through a window at the rear.

The house of Mrs. Magwood, in the same townland, was also set on fire, but her sons and daughter, who ran away. Some of them are believed to have been wounded. The fire was afterwards extinguished.

The house of Thomas Lester, Mullyglass, was also visited. Lester resides with an elderly sister. The windows were smashed and the raiders entered by them, and went up stairs. Lester and his sister escaped through a window, and the house was set fire to and destroyed.

William Andrews, who lives in the same townland, had his windows and doors smashed. Awakened by the noise, came to the top of the stairs with a gun, but was told by the raiders that, if he attempted to shoot, his father and mother would be instantly shot. He then was taken out by the raiders, blindfolded, and told not to move for some time. An attempt was made to burn his house, but the sight of shots in the distance caused the raiders to disappear. Andrews was able to extinguish the fire.

The house of William Leary, Kilcorn, was burned to the ground.

It is said that three squads of raiders were operating in the district that night, with twenty men in each squad. Most of the residents of Rosslea are leaving the place, but large numbers of soldiers and Special policemen have arrived to protect the inhabitants.

The house of John Johnston, Drumummery, was also burned to the ground. Another man, named Fleming, fearing the raiders outside his house, fired at them, and they ran away before any injury was done.

QUEEN'S COUNTY LOYALIST ATTACKED.

An official report states that the house of Thomas Mullins, a loyalist, residing at Luggacurren, Queen's County, was fired on yesterday morning by a number of men, but none of the occupants received injuries. Before leaving the place, the attackers destroyed Mullins' motor car.

WATERFORD JAIL RUMOUR.

NO RESCUE ATTEMPTED.

Our Waterford Correspondent telegraphed yesterday:—

All Waterford is laughing at the sensational accounts of an alleged attempted escape from Dublin Bridewell Jail which have appeared in some of the Irish papers. In an interview to-day with the Governor of the Jail, your representative was informed that there has been no attempt at escape by any of the prisoners, and, as far as the outside events are concerned, there has been no effort made to assist an escape. The Governor also states that there was no commotion or struggle inside the prison. The finding of an old rope ladder at the rear of the jail premises appears to have given rise to the rumours. Whatever operations may have been contemplated by those responsible for placing the rope ladder near a house at the rear of the jail, they were speedily put an end to by the appearance of the military, who arrived at the scene in the course of one of their periodical searches.

BROTHERS MURDERED.

CARRIED OFF AND SHOT.

BODIES FOUND IN CO. WEXFORD.

On Monday, in a field at Booladurragh, six miles to the west of Enniscorthy, the bodies of James Skelton, aged 21, an ex-soldier, and of his brother, John Skelton, 25, were found, both apparently having been shot dead through the head.

At about 1.30 on Monday morning James Skelton was taken from his father's house by two armed men, and about the same time his brother, who worked with a farmer in the district, was forcibly removed from the apartment in which he slept.

Judging by the position in which the bodies were found, the two brothers were put standing, at a distance of about twenty yards apart, against the walls of an unoccupied cottage, and shot dead through the head.

James Skelton had a handkerchief partly tied about his face, and a card on his neck, with the words—"Convicted Spy.—I.R.A."

On his brother's neck was a card, with the words—"Let all spies beware; on your track.—Flying Column, I.R.A."

The police had the bodies removed to the home of deceased's parents, situate about half a mile away, pending the holding of a military inquiry.

AMBUSHING, A FORM OF MURDER

ROMAN CATHOLIC BISHOP'S STRONG PRONOUNCEMENT.

In the Roman Catholic Cathedral, Cavan, on Sunday, the Most Rev. Dr. Finegan, Roman Catholic Bishop of Kilmore, in asking the prayers of the congregation for the young men killed in the County Leitrim portion of the diocese the previous week, said that he happened to be in the district of the shooting at the time, and it was generally believed there that the men were shot while running away, and that there was no ambush. It was under these circumstances that he allowed the victims a Christian burial, for had there been an ambush, they would have been deprived of this consolation of their Church. As he had over and over again warned them, ambushing was murder, and was consequently at variance with the teachings of their religion. They were not at war—such a course was sinful unless there was some hope of success—and he warned the young men against joining any organisation in which they might be called on to take the lives of soldiers or policemen. At the same time, he believed that the people should not be denied that form of government which the majority demanded, even if it was complete independence.

IRISH LAND ACT PENSION SCHEME.

Mr. Baldwin writes, in reply to a question by Mr. Hirst in the House of Commons, that a pension scheme under Section 52 of the Irish Land Act, 1909, has now been made by the Congested Districts Board, with the approval of the Treasury. The details as to the officers and persons entitled to benefit thereunder

RAID FOR ARMS IN BELFAST

LADY'S TERRIFYING EXPERIENCE.

Five armed civilians took part in a startling raid for arms on Monday night at the residence of Mr. W. J. Ireland, 77 Bawmore road, Belfast. They arrived in a "taxi" at Mr. Ireland's residence. Mrs. Ireland was in the house alone, and opened the door. They inquired for Mr. Ireland, and, when informed he was not in, they entered the house. Inside the door a raider produced a revolver, and placed it against Mrs. Ireland's face. Mrs. Ireland fainted, and it is stated that some of the men procured water and revived the lady, while other members of the party searched the house and secured a rifle, to which was attached a bayonet in a scabbard. The raiders then left with the rifle and drove away. Two sons of Mrs. Ireland served as officers of the Ulster Division during the war.

ROAD TRENCHING IN ULSTER.

THREAT TO SUSPEND FAIRS AND MARKETS.

The Competent Military Authority has issued a notice, dated 21st March, to this effect:—

Whereas damage to the roads by some person or persons unknown has taken place in the neighbourhood of Omagh, Gortin, Newtownstewart, Drumquin, Dungannon, Pomeroy, and Fivemiletown, and no information as to the perpetrators has been given, should there be any recurrence of these outrages in the districts notified above, or in other parts of Counties Tyrone, Fermanagh, Londonderry, and Donegal, all fairs and markets within such distance of the outrage as may be decided will be suspended without further warning.

BELFAST GUARDIANS AND DUBLIN FIRM'S TENDER.

At the meeting of the Belfast Board of Guardians yesterday tenders were considered for medicine, the lowest being that of a Dublin firm.

Mr. D. A. Fee, J.P., moved that the Guardians ask the Local Government Board for permission to accept the lowest tender from the province of Ulster. There was, he said, a boycott against Belfast merchants by the rest of Ireland, and the only way to meet that boycott was by a counter-boycott.

Mr. W. A. Bell, J.P., said that he did not want to go in for retaliation. As the Dublin tender was the lowest, he thought they should accept it, and thus set a good example to the rest of the country.

Mr. A. Savage said that it might ease the minds of some of the speakers if he informed them that the members of the firm in question were all Unionists.

The Chairman refused to accept Mr. Fee's motion, which was in the nature of an amendment to the proposal to accept the lowest tender, and the Dublin tender was accordingly accepted by 13 votes to 6.

ULSTER POTATOES FOR AUSTRIA.

Ten thousand tons of potatoes are being loaded at Belfast for Austria. The s.s. Baron Renfrew is taking the first full cargo direct to Trieste, and the Cunarder Cyprian and the s.s. General Napier are also loading potatoes for Trieste.

ELECTIONS TO BELFAST HARBOUR BOARD.

Sir Crawford McCullagh, J.P.; Messrs. A. S. McConnell, J.P.; George F. Inglis, J.P.; R. B. Fair, R. R. Herdman, J.P.; Samuel Kelly, and Robert J. Mitchell were yesterday re-elected members of the Belfast Harbour Board. There was no opposition.

COURTMARTIAL RESULTS.

DEATH SENTENCE COMMUTED.

The following Courtmartial results were announced yesterday:—

John McDermott, 21 Bedigue street, Belfast, tried by a Field General Courtmartial at Belfast, sentenced to death by being hanged, commuted to penal servitude for life, for having, at Lisburn, on the 30th August, 1920, murdered District Inspector Swanzy.

John McDermott, Peter Hagan (Cookstown), and Michael Dwyer (Tullnacrone), Co. Tyrone, were charged before a Field General Courtmartial, at Derry, with having, on the 30th December, 1920, stopped a mail car at Orritor, with intent to rob. McDermott was sentenced to five years' penal servitude, Hagan to six months' imprisonment, and McIlwee to three years' penal servitude.

REVENUE FLOWING IN.

LARGE INCOME TAX RECEIPTS.

Revenue is still flowing freely into the Treasury. Receipts for the week ended March 19th totalled £41,960,064, and exceeded the expenditure for that period by £17,968,173. Income tax was again the chief contributor with £18,250,000, and other main sources of supply were:—Excise, £11,000,000; P.D., £5,000,000; special receipts £3,000,000 and Customs nearly £2,000,000. Of the expenditure of £23,011,911, supply services absorbed £19,700,000, and £2,440,000 was disbursed on account of war debt interest. The floating debt has been reduced by £17,923,000 to £1,254,062,000. Advances by the Bank of England have been reduced from £2,750,000 to nil, and those of public departments by £22,350,000 to £158,766,000, but have been largely offset by bought to the extent of £7,477,000, the total now outstanding being thereby enlarged to £61,095,356,000. The revenue is now within £88,710,000 of the Chancellor's estimate, and there is every indication that the two weeks yet to come in will give almost the exact return.

RECEIPTS.

	Estimate for the year 1920-21, including Supplementary Grants.	Receipts into the Exchequer from 1st April, 1920, to 19th March, 1921.
Customs	£150,000,000	£129,415,000
Excise	130,650,000	127,145,000
Motor Vehicle Duties	4,500,000	7,073,000
Estate, etc., Duties	46,000,000	44,292,000
Stamps	25,200,000	24,398,000
Land Tax and House Duty	2,500,000	2,410,000
Property and Income Tax (including Super-Tax)	385,800,000	358,974,000
Excess Profits Duties, etc.	220,000,000	209,181,000
Corporation Profits Tax	3,000,000	500,000
Land Values Duties	500,000	20,000
Post Office	53,000,000	46,950,000
Crown Lands	650,000	630,000
Receipts from Sundry Loans		
Ordinary Receipts	744,000	990,852
Specific Receipts	8,756,000	21,760,076
Miscellaneous Ordinary Receipts	16,000,000	23,012,406
Special Receipts	308,000,000	261,301,799
Total	£1,418,300,000	£1,329,590,063

EXPENDITURE.

	Estimate for the year 1920-21.	Total issues out of the Exchequer to meet payments from 1st April, 1920, to 19th March, 1921.
Permanent Charge of Debt	£24,300,000	£22,244,384
Interest, etc., on War Debt	320,500,000	319,447,389
Road Improvement Fund	6,650,000	8,686,689
Payments to Local Taxation Accounts, etc.	10,818,000	9,340,807
Land Settlement	12,000,000	6,788,310
Other Consolidated Fund Services	1,730,000	1,742,507
Supply Services	857,444,000	717,441,536
Total	£1,253,652,000	£1,085,691,622

TRIBUNALS OF INQUIRY.

THE CONCERN OF BOTH HOUSES.

In the House of Lords yesterday,

The Earl of Crawford stated that the House would probably reassemble after Easter on the 12th April.

On the Report stage of the Tribunals of Inquiry (Evidence) Bill the Lord Chancellor said that a general impression had been created that some sinister scheme was in preparation for destroying the historic liberties of the citizens of this country. It was a moderate claim to say that no such intention was ever entertained. Instead of having a tribunal *ad hoc* in every case where allegations were made in either House which seemed to be a proper subject for inquiry at the hands of a semi-judicial Commission, there would be a general statute, moderate in its scope, and acceptable to all reasonable persons, which would enable tribunals to be set up.

Lord Balfour said that the initiative of setting up such a tribunal should not be left to one House of Parliament. He gladly accepted an amendment providing that no such tribunal should be set up except with the concurrence of both Houses. He also agreed to Trades Unions being represented by an official.

Amendments in the names of Lord Shandon, Lord Balfour, and the Lord Chancellor were agreed to and the Report stage concluded.

The German Reparation (Recovery) Bill passed through Committee unamended, was read a third time, and passed.

The Coal Mines Decontrol Bill also passed through Committee unamended, was read a third time, and passed, after Lord Askwith and Lord Vernon had expressed the view that the Government would have been wiser to extend the period of control a little longer to enable an agreement with the miners to be arrived at.

The House adjourned at 5.10 p.m.

BANK OF IRELAND MALE CLERKSHIPS.

Candidates should note that pupils of Roses College, Stephen's Green, Dublin, gained 9 appointments at the examination in February, and 166 at the 15 previous examinations, with First Place on 9 occasions.—(Advt.)

PARLIAMENT.

(CONTINUED FROM PAGE 5, COLUMN 7.)

he thought the country was strong enough to disprove. (Hear, hear.) He wished the critics of the Government were more fruitful in constructive suggestions. With regard to the position in the Middle East, it was hoped that as the result of the measures that Mr. Churchill might be able to take on his present tour we should be able within a reasonable time to secure satisfactory reductions in our expenditure in the countries affected. The House did not realise how much time had been devoted by the Cabinet to the reduction of armaments and to the reduction of expenditure generally. The estimates for armaments had been reduced as low as in the circumstances now confronting us the Government thought it safe to reduce them. The idea of a competition in armaments between the United States and ourselves was horrible, and for us unthinkable. (Hear, hear.)

MILITARY EXPENDITURE.

He hoped that we should be able before long to make further reductions in our military and naval expenditure, and he hoped also that the world would turn its attention to the matter, and, as some of the disturbing questions became more settled, other nations would think less of the things of war and more of the things of peace, and would neither have to nor want to "dumping" of weapons after they have been used, etc.

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THE STILLORGAN CONVALESCENT HOME.

A WORTHY INSTITUTION.

In the fifty-ninth report of the Management Committee, which was presented at the annual meeting of the Convalescent Home, Stillorgan, yesterday afternoon, it was pointed out that the enormously high cost of living made this task of carrying on the institution very responsible and anxious, and, although prices were somewhat lower, the limit had not been reached. Subscriptions had been kept up to the average, but if the Home was to be run free of debt an increase of at least £300 would be necessary. The inspection of the Home to the sick poor of Dublin, and indeed of Ireland, was emphasised. It was unsectarian, and was the only one in Ireland, if not in the British Isles, that received patients direct from their own homes as well as from hospitals.

Mr. F. Darley, in moving the adoption of the report and statement of accounts, said that they could congratulate themselves this year that the people who had benefited had come forward and assisted by making contributions. There was a deficit of £440, and the Committee had decided to hold the summer *fête*, and hoped that in that way the deficit would be wiped off. He was glad to say that Lady Arnott, D.B.E., had joined the Committee, and they all believed that she would be a most useful member.

Mr. J. Hume Dudgeon, in seconding the motion, which was adopted, expressed the view that they should look for the young blood to take an interest in the Home, as death was unfortunately very busy among older members. Subscribers should be urged to increase their subscriptions, as he was certain that a large amount of money could be obtained in that manner.

Mr. D. MacLeod proposed the re-election of the Committee of Management, with the addition of Lady Arnott, D.B.E., who had been co-opted. He was sure that, from their knowledge of Lady Arnott's deep interest in every good work, her help would be invaluable.

Dr. Trevor Smith seconded the resolution, which was adopted.

Votes of thanks to the Advising Physicians, on the motion of Mr. William Perrin, seconded by Miss Emily Hogg, and to the Press, on the motion of Mr. Lalor, seconded by Mrs. E. S. Darley, were adopted.

Sir John Rose, P.C., who presided, said that unfortunately it was being found that the difficulties of peace were almost greater than those which they went through in the devastating war. The state of the country was very depressing, and rendered it difficult for people to carry on their business. That fact, of course, interfered with the work of such an institution as that at Stillorgan. Considering the enormous burden of taxation and other difficulties, it was surprising that the Home was in such a good position. During its fifty-nine years' existence there had been no less than 45,000 patients treated there. He rejoiced to see that the Home was unsectarian, and he hoped it would be so to the end of the chapter. Much of the success of the institution was due to the enthusiasm of the Secretary, under whose guidance the work went on with an *élan* that would be impossible in others.

A vote of thanks was passed to Sir John Rose, on the motion of Mr. C. H. Chayter, seconded by Mr. Smalley.

IMPORTANT AUCTION SALE.

Messrs. Battersby and Company announce in our advertisement columns to-day that they have been favoured with instructions from the Earl of Gosford, K.P., to sell the contents of Gosford Castle Market Hill, County Armagh, on the 4th April, and succeeding days. The sale is expected to last a fortnight. An illustrated catalogue has been prepared, and it indicates that the auction will be one of the most important held in Ireland for several years, and will afford the public an opportunity of acquiring rare specimens of furniture, including Chippendale, Sheraton, and Hepplewhite objects of art, and examples of foreign craftsmanship, including unique specimens of the Italian and French schools. The whole of the property will be on view on Friday next and the succeeding days to Saturday, the 2nd April.

SECRET REPORTS

CAPTURED IN DUBLIN.

HOW BOMBING ATTACKS ARE PLANNED.

(OFFICIAL COMMUNICATION.)

Dublin Castle, 22nd March, 1921.

The private papers of Richard Mulcahy, "Chief of Staff" of the Irish Republican Army, which were recently captured in Dublin, contained a number of secret reports upon ambushes and attacks that have been perpetrated of late upon Crown forces in Dublin and elsewhere by gangs of armed civilians. These reports were written and sent to the Irish Republican Army Headquarters by Sinn Fein gunmen who led the attacks.

The following extracts from these reports relate to attacks made in Dublin, and are of interest, as illustrating the ruthless methods adopted, among which methods will be noted the use of bombs and revolvers in the streets, the use of unarmed (and, therefore, undetectable) scouts, cyclists, and others, the use of innocent civilians as cover for gun men, the "dumping" of weapons after they have been used, etc.

The report quoted below deals with an ambush on Crown property at Bachelor's Walk on January 10. It shows how an auction room, crowded with civilians, was used as cover by the Sinn Feiners, as well as a point from which to attack.

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GREEK MILITARY ACTIVITY.

Reuter's Athens Correspondent, telegraphing on Monday, says:—The mobilisation of volunteers belonging to the 1915, 1916, and 1917 classes is announced this evening. The announcement that Greece is concluding a loan with England has elicited many expressions of gratitude.

The police examining the luggage of the Russian Trade Mission, found, says a Rome telegram, that the remaining packages contained valuable silks, satins, laces, furs, lingerie, and documents. The luggage has now been handed over to the Director of Customs.

LIVERPOOL WAREHOUSE FIRES.

CONSPIRACY TO MURDER CHARGE.

CONVICTION QUASHED.

At the Court of Criminal Appeal, London, yesterday, before Justices Darling, Avery, and Salter, Basil Kerr, who was convicted at the Liverpool Assizes of conspiracy to murder, and sentenced to ten years' penal servitude, and of conspiracy to commit arson, and sentenced to two years' imprisonment (to run concurrently), appealed against his conviction on points of law.

Mr. Hemmerde, K.C., represented the appellant, and the Crown was represented by the Attorney-General, Sir Gordon Hewart, K.C., and Mr. Ashton, K.C.

THE GROUNDS OF APPEAL.

Mr. Hemmerde said that the prisoner had lodged an appeal against both his conviction and sentences. The prisoner's case with reference to the conspiracy to murder was that there was no case to go to the jury, and that the Commissioner who tried the case wrongfully allowed the case to go to the jury after the submission on the prisoner's behalf that there was no evidence. His appeal against the conviction for arson was on the ground that it was against the weight of evidence. Counsel did not propose to argue that part of the appeal.

Counsel outlined the facts in the first charge, and said that there was no evidence to show that the prisoner was there on the night in the acts of setting fire to different parts of Liverpool. The evidence he gave was that in the early part of the evening in question he was in a publichouse, and that for the latter part of the evening he was at a local hall. At three o'clock on the morning of the 25th the police made a raid on the prisoner's house, and there found one receipt for some cutters and for repairs to a motor car. There was absolutely nothing to identify the prisoner with the fires in Liverpool, except the discovery of one receipt for the bolt-cutters. They found at the prisoner's house a little pamphlet entitled "Sinn Fein Leaders of 1916," one or two certificates for bonds of the "Irish Republic," books on signalling and warlike operations and military engineering, a paper torn from a book on the manufacture of gases, and a letter from New York to another man, which said that De Valera, their "President" of the "Irish Republic," wished to be remembered to prisoner, and sent him his kind regards. As to the books, counsel said that they were old editions and purchased cheaply by the prisoner as a fitter's labourer. As to the torn page on gun manufacture, prisoner picked it up on a dust heap.

Mr. Justice Darling inquired if the letter would be evidence that the prisoner would conspire to commit murder.

Mr. Hemmerde—It would be a hopeless contention. The letter was written eight months before. Counsel said that there were also some verses found in the house on the 1916 rebellion, but that was not proof that prisoner had adopted the sentiments therein referred to.

CASE FOR THE CROWN.

The Attorney-General said that the question was whether there was in fact evidence upon which the jury could find that the prisoner was guilty of conspiracy to commit murder. In all these cases, where the police came into contact with the conspirators, there was firing at them by men with revolvers. It was proved that the prisoner supplied the bolt-cutters to the extent of those for which he had the receipt, and he would be an important man. He was a dockfitter, and De Valera wished to be remembered to him. It was in the prisoner's house that the prisoner's boy was found sleeping a few hours after the starting of the fires and shootings, and he was convicted of attempted murder. There was also found in the house a collection of Sinn Fein literature and the uniform of an officer of the Irish Republican Army. In the circumstances, could not the jury infer very properly that Kerr was a party to a conspiracy to murder?

THE JUDGMENT.

Mr. Justice Darling, in giving judgment, said that the conspiracy to fire was not for gain. The evidence showed that it was part of a conspiracy to damage this country, in order, as those who did this declared, that Ireland might in some way or another come by its own. The only question for the Court was whether there was any evidence to go to the jury. The prisoner had, it was true, literature in his house, and his sons were associated with another illegal conspiracy called Sinn Fein, and he himself was associated with it. But was there any evidence that could be left to the jury to find this man guilty of conspiracy to murder? His lordship had come to the conclusion that there was not sufficient evidence on that charge, and the Commissioner who tried the case ought to have withdrawn that charge from the jury. It was purely a point of law, and the conviction on that part of the case must be quashed.

Mr. Justice Avery agreed with Mr. Justice Darling, and said that there was no evidence that could properly be left to the jury on the charge of conspiracy to murder. The prisoner was a party only to wrecking his father's house, and he had no knowledge that his co-conspirators were armed with revolvers.

Mr. Justice Salter differed, and thought that the conviction should be affirmed, as there was evidence upon which the jury could find as they did.

The sentences of ten years for conspiracy to murder was quashed, and the sentence of two years for conspiracy to commit arson was affirmed.

TAYLOR ART SCHOLARSHIPS AND PRIZES.

RESULTS OF SIXTY-SECOND ADJUDICATION.

The sixty-second annual adjudication of the works submitted in competition for the scholarships and prizes offered under the Taylor Bequest for the promotion of Fine Arts in Ireland was held at Leinster House, Dublin, yesterday. The judges were—Mr. Lucius O'Callaghan, M.R.I.A.I., appointed by the Royal Dublin Society; Mr. Edmond O'Brien, President R.H.A., appointed by the Royal Hibernian Academy, and Mr. Thomas Bodkin, Barrister-at-Law, appointed by the Governors of the National Gallery of Ireland.

A sum of £140, arising out of the bequest of the late Captain George A. Taylor, and £10 added by the Royal Dublin Society, for the "Californian Fund," was offered in competition at the exhibition as follows:—Scholarships—£50 offered in Class 1, £50 offered in Class 2, Prizes—£10 offered in either Class or 2; £10 offered in Class 3, £10 offered in Class 4. In addition to these scholarships and prizes a sum of £20 was placed at the disposal of the judges to be awarded at their discretion in case of exceptional merit.

Candidates were required to submit for examination a work in each following classes:—Class 1—Painting—A composition or subject picture in oil or watercolour, size not larger than 36 x 28, and not smaller than 24 x 16 inches. Subjects—(a) For figure painters—"The Fortune-Teller," "The Metamorphosis of the Children of Lir"; (b) for landscape painters—"The Passing Storm." Class 2—Modelling—A statuette not exceeding 36 inches in extreme height; subject, "Kottabos." Each exhibitor in this class was also required to submit a study of a head in bas-relief. Class 3—Water-colours—The work must not be larger than 24 x 30 inches and not smaller than 18 x 24 inches. Subjects—(a) For figure painters—"The Fortune-Teller," and (b) for landscape painters—"Ruin." Class 4—Optional—In this class the selection of the subject in art is left entirely open to the student.

Thirty-six works were submitted. The number of works in each class were as follows:—Class 1, twelve; Class 2, two; Class 3, nine; Class 4, thirteen. The following recommendations were made unanimously by the judges and confirmed by the managers of the trust:—

Class 1—Scholarship of £50 be awarded to the painter of Work No. 9 (Miss Kathleen Bridle, a student at the Metropolitan School of Art, Dublin), and that a prize of £10 be awarded to the painter of No. 3 (Miss Sheela A. C. Atkinson, a student at the Metropolitan School of Art, Dublin). The judges recognise with pleasure that all the competitors display a praiseworthy anxiety to interpret fully the subject set.

Class 2—The judges unanimously recommend that the scholarship be awarded to the artist who modelled No. 18 (Miss Adaline Mary Storey, a student at the Metropolitan School of Art, Dublin), whom they commend highly for the admirable poise and spirit of the figure submitted. There were only two entries for this competition, but both attained a high standard. It is, in the opinion of the judges, lamentable that there should be so few competitors in a valuable scholarship.

Class 3—The judges unanimously recommend that a prize of £10 be awarded to the painter of No. 19 (Miss Kathleen I. Metcalfe, a student at the Municipal Technical Institute, Belfast), whose entries in other classes were very creditable.

Class 4—The judges unanimously awarded a prize of £10 to the painter of No. 29 (Miss Maimie H. Jellett, a student at A. L'Hote's Studio, Paris, formerly a student at the Metropolitan School of Art, Dublin). The judges welcomed the opportunity given them of recommending that a special prize of £5 be awarded to the painter of No. 1 in Class 4 (Miss Sheela A. C. Atkinson, a student at the Metropolitan School of Art, Dublin), and that a special prize of £15 be awarded to the modeller of No. 15 in Class 2 (Miss Ethelwyn M. Baker, a student at the Municipal Technical Institute, Belfast). The managers confirmed the above award.

CHILDREN'S BALLET MATINEES.

Mr. and Mrs. Leggett Byrne announce that they have arranged to present an exhibition of juvenile dancing at the Theatre Royal on the Afternoons of Friday and Saturday, the 15th and 16th April. The programme this year will be in four parts—(1) a fantasy, entitled "A Summer's Day Dream"; (2) Nationalities; (3) a play, "Oh! Parents!" by Herbert Bailey; and (4) a kaleidoscopic ballet. Over a hundred children, some of whom will be under three years old, will take part in the ballet.

LETTERS TO THE EDITOR.

SUMMER-TIME.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE IRISH TIMES.

Sir,—It grieves me much to find correspondence starting in your columns again over the vexed question of summer-time—just when I had hoped that everybody had become resigned to it, that the majority approved and welcomed it, and that, with luck, we might even have had an extension of it to an hour and a half, or possibly two hours. We have heard all this talk about sun-time and "God's time" before, but it is so much sensible twaddle, and it leaves us cold.

The outstanding facts of the case are, to my mind, that the Act is of inestimable benefit to the townsman and does no harm whatever to the countryman. Mr. Ellison accuses the townsman of a lack of moral fibre and profound ignorance of nature; and, while I am myself a countryman born and bred, I feel for the unfortunate townsman over this. He is in no sense to blame for either of these things. In the first place, the townsman's life is regulated by the hours of his business, but unless all businesses were to agree to commence work one hour earlier, what would be the use of the townsman's getting up an hour earlier in the morning? What the townsman wants, and it should be Mr. Ellison's duty to help him to get it) is an extra hour or so of the sun during the evening, alone of the year, when he can improve his knowledge of nature by digging in his garden, cycling out into the country with his wife and children, playing golf, etc. But he cannot do these things before breakfast. He must arrive at his business fresh and trim, not tired out and in a state of perspiration. The only way, therefore, to compel all businesses to commence work earlier is to make it the law of the land. It is not a matter of moral fibre at all; it is one of public convenience and what is best for the general good.

I will now turn to the countryman. The countryman, as Mr. Ellison rightly says, ignores the Act; but that does nobody any harm. The farmer works by the sun and the weather, and chooses his hours of work accordingly, no matter what they may be called by rest of the country by Acts of Parliament, or by anyone else. When first the Act came out I, too, ignored it on my farm, and we worked by "old time." This suited me personally very well, as my household went by "new time," and so we gained an hour over the farm, and I was thus enabled to have my breakfast before going out to see the work started, instead of having to do this before breakfast, as formerly. In other words, I got an extra hour in bed, which was very welcome, but I made up for it by working in my garden until darkness set in. But last year we worked by "new time" on the farm, and everything went on quite satisfactorily—in fact, just as usual. The "truly serious" situation did not arise, except for a few days during the hay and harvest season, when we got the men to come later to their work, which they did quite willingly.

I have yet to hear of any good reason why the farming community should not abide by the terms of the Summer-time Act. Selfishness, stupidity, and hatred of any English fad (no matter how good) would, no doubt, impel the Sinn Fein Party, if they got into power, to repeal this Act. But, in the meantime, let Mr. Ellison and his Republican friends turn their attention to something more practically useful to the agricultural community. Our crops, for instance, are being ruthlessly destroyed by legions of rooks, wood pigeons, and starlings, and we are powerless to combat the evil. Let us have a time of peace and the use of our guns again, and we shall not trouble about "sun time" or "God's time."—I am, Sir, etc.,

GENTLEMAN FARMER."

Co. Kilkenny, March 21st, 1921.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE IRISH TIMES.

Sir,—Has not a kind Providence given us the season and everything else in unusually early to the best possible use? If by doing so we save coal, gas, oil, etc., amounting to several millions a year—not to talk of the boon that enables people who have been indoors all day to get an extra hour of fresh air—surely we are doing what this kind Providence intends us to do?—Yours, etc.,

"AN ELDERLY ENGINEER."

Dublin, March 22nd, 1921.

AGRICULTURAL WAGES.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE IRISH TIMES.

Sir,—Wages to-day are at the extreme limit of what the farmer can pay, and, with the price of all his products on the decline, it will be impossible for him to increase the wages of the employés without running his farm at a loss. We are now, I consider, on the eve of another serious come-down in farmers' profits—I refer to the pending importation of Canadian cattle. If these beasts come into this country, it will mean that the man, like myself, who paid a big price for cattle in November or December last will have to sell them for less than the cost of purchase. I think that it is the duty of every farmer to fight against this suggestion of the Wages Board.—I am, Sir, etc.,

"SUFFERER."

Co. Tipperary, March 21st, 1921.

DUBLIN CHAMBER OF COMMERCE.

TRIBUTE TO LATE MEMBERS OF THE COUNCIL.

A special meeting of the Council of the Dublin Chamber of Commerce was held in the Council Room, Commercial Buildings, Dame street, yesterday. There were present:—Right Hon. Andrew Jameson, D.L., President; William Fleming, Vice-President; James Shaw, J.P., Deputy Vice-President; R. W. Booth, J.P.; S. W. Maddock, D.L.; William Wallace, J.P.; John Mooney; C.V.O., D.L.; William Findlater, M.A.; J. C. Coe; J. Parry, J.P.; Thomas Lunham, J.P.; E. H. Andrews, D.L.; Right Hon. Sir Horace C. Plunkett, K.C.V.O.; W. Lombard Murphy, M.D.

THE AMERICAN MARKETS.

STOCKS CLOSED FIRM.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.)

NEW YORK, Tuesday.

Stocks opened irregular, and declined on short selling and forced liquidation of special stocks, notably Sears Roebuck, Chicago and North-Western, and tobacco products. The passing of the Vansellous Steel dividend served to heighten the pessimistic feeling which prevailed regarding the outlook for certain industries. The market then rallied under the leadership of manipulated shares, with Shippings, Oils, Foods, and Studebaker in demand, and closed firm.

Government Bonds easy; Railroad Bonds irregular. The day's sales totalled 600,000 shares.

CLOSING PRICES.

Par. Parity	Stocks.	Closing Bid Prices Mon.	Tues.	Business Done H.	L.
133½	U.S. New 4½ Loan	104⅛	104⅛	—	—
100	Atch. Top. Santa Fe	79¾	80	—	—
100	Do. Preference	88	88	—	—
100	Do. 4% Cert. Bonds	81½	81½	—	—
50	Baltimore & Ohio	37¾	37¾	—	—
100	Canadian Pacific	112⅞	112⅞	—	—
100	Chesapeake Ohio Com.	57¾	58⅛	—	—
100	Chic., Mil. & St. Paul	36⅜	36⅜	—	—
100	Chicago & N.-West.	83½	82¾	—	—
100	Do. Preferred	100	100	—	—
23	Erie 1st Preferred	18	18	—	—
100	Do. 4% Gt. Lies Bds.	41¾	40⅜	—	—
100	Gt. Northern Pref.	64¾	64¾	—	—
100	Illinois Central	86½	86½	—	—
100	Kansas City Sthn.	23¾	23¾	—	—
100	Louisville & Nashville	99¾	99¾	—	—
100	Missouri, Kan. & Texas	16	16	—	—
100	Do. 2nd Pfd. 4% Gt. B	36¾	36¾	—	—
27	Missouri Pacific New	18½	17⅞	—	—
100	Nat. of Mexico 1st Pf	9	9	—	—
6	Do. 2nd Pref.	4¾	4¾	—	—
50	N.Y. Cen. & Hudson R.	69¾	70	—	—
122½	Norfolk & West. Com.	98	98	—	—
50	Northern Pacific Com	77	77⅜	—	—
100	Ontario & Western	16	16⅛	—	—
50	Pennsylvania Shares	33	33	—	—
100	Reading Shares	66¾	67⅛	—	—
51	Do. 1st Preference	51	51	—	—
101	Do. 4% Mtg. Bonds	80¾	79½	—	—
25	Southern Railway	20	20	—	—
100	Southern Pacific	73¾	74	—	—
100	Texas & Pacific	26⅜	26⅜	—	—
149	Union Pacific	118⅝	118⅝	—	—
83½	Do. Pref.	85	85	—	—
100	Do. 4% Bonds	80¾	80¾	—	—
9⅞	Wabash Common	7⅞	7⅞	—	—
23	Do. Preferred A	19⅜	19⅜	—	—
100	Amr Smlt. Refin. Com.	47¾	47¾	—	—
47	Anaconda Copper	27⅜	26⅞	—	—
100	British American Tob	12⅝	12⅝	—	—
102	N.Y. Cons. Gas	81⅞	80⅝	—	—
172⅛	General Electric	135	135	—	—
100	U.S. Steel Common	89⅛	89⅛	—	—
120	Do. 1st Preferred	108⅛	108⅛	—	—
122⅝	Do. 2nd 5% Bonds	91	91	—	—
—	Silver, Foreign Mined	57⅞	58⅛	—	—
—	Do. (U.S. mined) Ref	99⅞	99⅞	—	—
16⅞	Inter. M.M. Com. Cls. A	16⅛	16⅛	—	—
65⅝	Do. Pref. Certs.	51	51	—	—
100	Royal Dutch Old	62⅜	63⅛	—	—
84⅛	Shell Transport	39⅛	40⅛	—	—
100	Mexican Petroleum	144⅝	146	—	—
100	Pan-American Pet.	76	76⅝	—	—
100	General Motors	13⅜	13⅝	—	—
91½	U.S. Rubber	71⅞	71⅞	—	—

* Asked. †Ex div. ‡Bid. ‖Ex rights.

	Monday.	Tuesday.
Call Money	6%	6%
Ex. on Lond'n, 60 days' sight	3.97.00	3.96.87½
Ex. on Lond'n, Demand Bills	3.91.50	3.90.37½
Cable Transfers	3.92.25	3.91.12½
Ex. on Montreal	4.45.75	4.45.25
Cable Middling, Upland	11.85	11.85
Do. New Orleans, Middl'g	11.60	11.60
Cotton Seed Oil, F. Summer, Yellow Spot	6.60	6.12
Cotton Seed Oil, Yellow, May	6.65	6.22
Petroleum, Refined, in cases	23.35	22.25
Do. Standard, Wh. in bbls	13.25	13.25
Do. Philadelph., Stan. do.	19.50	19.50
Do. Pennsylvania, Crude	3.00	3.00
Spirits of Turpentine	28.00	27.00
Do. Savannah	50.00	47.00
Rosins, Grade K	4.25	4.25
Do. Grade F	4.25	4.25
Lard, Prime Western Steam	12.50	12.07½
Do. Midland Western	12.50—.30	12.00
Tallow, Special	5¾	5¾
Sugar, 96 Test, Centrifugal	4.27	4.27
Cotton, No. 2 Middling	82	81
Wheat, No. 2 Red Winter	175	174½
Do. No. 2 Red, Winter, May	175	174½
Do. No. 2 Mixed Durum	166	165¾
Coffee, No. 7	7.00	7.00
Flour, Spring Clears	6.25—7.25	6.00—7.00
Flour, No. 2 North'n Foundry	28.00	28.00
Do. Straights	26.00	26.00
Flour, East St. Louis	4.80	4.77½
Freight, Grain, Chicago	11½—12½	11½—12½
Do. do. Futures, July	12½—12	12⅜—13
Freight, Heavy Grain, to L'Kingston, per quarter	7/0	7/0
Freight, Heavy Grain, to Continent, per quarter	17	17
Freight, Cotton, to Liverpool (high density)	32½	33½
Do. Standard (per 100lbs.)	27½	33½

PRODUCE MARKETS.

NEW YORK, Tuesday.

WHEAT—Spot market steady at 1c. decline. Tendencies of rye were generally lower to-day by exporters. The visible supply of wheat in Canada decreased 143,000 bushels on the week, and now totals 21,630,000 bushels. Receipts—Atlantic 506,000, last year 167,000; clearances 136,000, last year 224,000.

FLOUR easy at 25 points decline.

CORN on spot easy and 1c. lower. Receipts—Atlantic 648,000, last year 50,000; clearances 2,167,000, last year nil.

BARLEY—Spot firm; futures steady, 1 point to 3 points lower: April, 5.17; July, 5.35; September, 5.44. 64,000 bags of Porto Rico sugar were sold to-day to refiners at 6.27 for prompt shipment.

COTTON opened firm, 22 to 26 points higher, and improved in the early dealings on firm cables and advices, buying by foreign interests, better Manchester reports, and improvement in the spot situation. A reaction set in, however, influenced by Southern selling and realising; but the market rallied under the lead of export and covering of shorts, and closed very steady at 35 to 9 points rise. Spot quiet, 30 points up. New Orleans spot unchanged. Receipts—Atlantic 2,000, Gulf 9,000. Pacific 1,000. Exports—Britain 1,000, Continent 49,000. Japan 1,000. March, 11.79; April, 11.63; May, 12.04; June, 12.24; July, 12.50; August, 12.68; September, 12.74; October, 12.99; November, 13.11; December, 12.87; January, 13.36; February, 13.51.

PETROLEUM steady.

KANSAS-CITY—Wheat easy at 1½c. fall; No. 2 hard winter, 151.

ST. LOUIS—Wheat easy, 1½c. down; No. 2 red winter, 153.

MINNEAPOLIS—Wheat barely steady, ½c. lower; No. 1 Northern Spring, 150½.

WINNIPEG—Wheat opened easy, ½c. to ⅝c. lower. Values fluctuated later and the closing was irregular, 1½c. up to 1½c. down; May, 177½; July, 161½. Oats steady at ½c. decline; May, 46¾.

CHICAGO, Tuesday.

WHEAT commenced easy at 1½c. to ⅝c. decline, and further gave way on reports of heavy rains and a favourable crop outlook in the Argentine, and on selling by commission houses. A rally followed, encouraged by light country offerings and receipts here, small export clearances, and some weather cash position, and selling by Armour interests. Small stocks led to some covering later, and the market closed steady, ⅛c. down to 1c. up. Spot inactive. No. 2 hard winter, spot, nominal; No. 3 hard winter, spot, nominal; March, 159; May, 149¾.

CORN opened easy at 1c. to ⅝c. reduction on commission house selling, which was prompted by a small inquiry for export and outside account; then reacted under decreasing receipts, large seaboard clearances, and shorts covering. Larger stocks and a bearish estimate of the acreage to be planted, although country offerings were light and some to be expected, influenced the market subsequently at 1c. to ⅝c. decline. No. 2 mixed, spot, 62¾; May, 65¾; July, 68¾; September, 70½. Closed ⅝c. higher; May, 66¾; July, 42¾; September, 42¾.

PROVISIONS opened steady and rose on shorts covering and purchases by commission houses. Weakness in the hog department, with liquidation and selling by grain people and packers, then caused a downward turn, and, despite light hog arrivals in the West and buying on the reaction thereto, the market closed barely steady, unchanged to 2½ to 10 points lower. Lard—May, 11.77½; July, 12.05. Pork—May, 20.50. Ribs—May, 11.40; July, 11.67½.

BACON steady and unchanged.

HOGS weak, with light 110 to 70 and heavy 40 to 50 points lower.

	Short Rib Sides.		HOGS.	
	Dry-salted.	Loose.	Light.	Heavy.
To-day	10.00	10.90	8.75	8.30
Previous day	11.00	12.00	11.10	11.50

EASTER RAILWAY ARRANGEMENTS.

The Great Southern and Western Railway announces that the passenger service on Good Friday will be the same as on Sundays. Live-stock and parcels traffic will not be handled, but ordinary goods business will be transacted as usual. On Easter Monday the company's goods warehouses and offices will be closed entirely, and live-stock will only be dealt with at places where fairs are held.

The Great Northern Railway will issue excursion tickets to Belfast by a special train leaving at 4.15 p.m. to-morrow, available for return on any day up to and including the 3rd April, except by limited mail train. On Easter Monday cheap day return tickets to County Dublin seaside resorts will be issued for certain trains.

ILLEGAL POSSESSION OF STOLEN PROPERTY.

Yesterday, before the Right Hon. the Recorder of Dublin and a jury, Mary Molony, an elderly woman, was charged with receiving a diamond ring and a gold watch, the property of Mr. Barnard Winn, art dealer, Wellington Quay, knowing them to have been stolen. Mr. Carrigan, K.C. (instructed by the Chief Crown Solicitor), prosecuted, and Mr. Gerald Farrell (instructed by Messrs. Lidwell and O'Reilly) defended. Mr. Carrigan stated that Mr. Winn's establishment was raided by armed men on the 9th February. They took away valuables to the amount of over £3,000. Of that property only a watch and diamond ring had been recovered, and it was with their illegal possession that the prisoner was now charged. The accused woman presented the articles at Mr. Redmond's pawnshop in South Great George's street. When arrested the prisoner stated that she received the articles from her son who was going away. She asked him where he got them, but he told her to ask no questions. Evidence was given in support of counsel's statement, and Mr. Farrell submitted that the accused woman had not acted with criminal intent. A sentence of twelve months' imprisonment with hard labour was imposed.

OLD FALSE TEETH.

Highest prices paid for Old False Teeth, Old Gold, Silver, Diamonds, Jewellery. Country parcels receive special attention.

ORGEL AND CO., 55 NASSAU ST., DUBLIN (Next Kirwy's, one door from Dawson street).

FINANCIAL NEWS

DUBLIN STOCK EXCHANGE.

FUNDS WEAKER. GUINNESS AND TEXTILES BETTER. SLUMP IN DUBLIN ARTISAN DWELLINGS' SHARES.

The volume of business shows no improvement on the Stock Exchange. Local securities were practically drawn blanks, while dealings in other securities in a few cases were fairly active, but entirely without feature. The Funds were entirely neglected. Banks were quiet, with Nationals lower. There was a good demand for Guinness Ord. shares, but sellers held for an advance. City Steam appeared to be 1/20 unofficially bid, awaiting judgment in the appeal "Petition of Right" case. Marconis were firm, but idle. Home Rails marked time, with Mullingar 5 p.c. Pref. still on sale. Dublin issues were steady at a very slight set-back. Textiles were better, especially Spinners. Dublin Artisan Dwellings £10 shares last quoted at 5, fell to £0s., according to the official Stock Exchange list. Mexican Eagle Oil shares were better on the official statement regarding the "oil and water" report.

The Funds were weak. Consols relapsed ⅛ to 47⅞, and War Loan 5 p.c. ½ to 86⅝. Irish Land 2½ p.c. repeated 45⅝.

In Banks, Nationals fell ½ to 15⅞, while Bank Stock repeated 185, and Hibernians 4¾.

Among Breweries, Guinness Ord. closed ½ better at 15 to 15½ nominally, and the Pref. repeated 9⅝.

City Steam closed 120 to 125 unofficially.

Home Railway Ord. Stocks were neglected. Midland Great Western 5 p.c. Pref. fell 1 to 41, while Great Northern Pref. repeated 50, and the Debs. 64.

In Trams, Dublin United Pref. repeated 51.

As regards Dunlop issues, Dunlop Rubber Ord. were the turn easier at 12s. 9d.-12s. 7½d., and the New Ord. fell 3d. to 12s. 4½d. The Debs. were wanted. Parent Tyre Ord. rose 1½d. to 15s., but the Pref. fell 1½d. to 11s. 4½d., while the Def. were called 85s.-3s. 9d. unofficially.

With reference to Manufacturing Shares, Cottons rose 6d. to 30s. 9d., Spinners 1s. to 36s., and the Pref. 10½d. to 15s. 9d., but Cords "B" Pref. fell 1½d. to 18s. 7½d., and Goulding Pref. 5s. to 65s. Vickers were 7½d. higher at 13s. 1½d.

In Miscellaneous securities, Dublin Artisans' Dwellings fell from 6 to 0½.

Other business done included—Imperial Tobacco, which fell 3d. to 47s. 9d.; Mexican Eagle were harder at 5⅛-5⅜, but Shells fell ⅜ to 5⅞.

IRISH BANKS RATE.

Discount ..... 7½%, April 29, 1920.
Deposit ..... 2½%, April 29, 1920.

BUSINESS DONE.

Consols	(.48) .47⅞	Parent Ord.	
5% War Loan	(.96½) 96⅝	Do. Pref.	(11/6) 11/4½
5% Exch. Bonds	.99⅛	Dunlops	13/3
War Bonds, 1927	.95⅝	Do. Pref.	(12/6) 12/7½
War Bonds, 1928	.95⅝	Do. New	(12/9) 12/4½
3½ Land Act	(.48) .48	Conts 7½ Pf.	(18/9) 18/7½
Bank Ireland	(.185) *185	Sew. Cotton	(30/3) 30/9
Hibernian	(.4¾) 4¾	Fine Spin.	(5/3) 5/3
National	(15/-) 15⅞	Do. Pref.	(14/10½) 15/0
Guinness	(.35) 35⅜	Goulding Pf.	(70/-) *65/-
Do. Pref.	.9⅝	Vickers	(13/6) 13/1½
Do. Ord.	.15	Dub. Art. Dwell.	(6) 0⅛
Dub. Tram.	.9⅝	Imp. Tob.	(48/-) 47/9
Do. Pref.	.51	Do. New	.9⅝
M.G.W. 5% Pref.	(.45) 44	Shells	.(5¾) 5⅞
Dublin Trams	.(6¾) 6¾	Do. New	.9⅝

*Odd lot.

(Last business done given in parentheses.)

DECLINING STOCKS.

DULNESS IN THE MARKETS IS FURTHER ACCENTUATED.

(FROM THE FINANCIAL NEWS OF TO-DAY.)

Stock markets yesterday exhibited little change from the condition of dullness with which they opened the week, and, indeed, business was rather less active than on Monday. The tightness of money continued to be the predominating factor, though the influence of the coming holiday already began to make itself felt, and the Consol market witnessed the unusual sight of some impromptu football practice, in which an ancient hat did service. Speculation upon the date upon which the Bank rate will fall placed this event more in the future, and a general opinion obtained that the market will not see cheaper money until after the Spring list is out of the way, some time in April. One matter of interest in the investment section was the result of the Silesian plebiscite, which the foreign markets looked up as unquestionably a favourable factor, likely to lead to a better feeling in Germany upon the reparations question. It is anticipated also that this will react favourably upon other international questions, and, as such, the decision was generally well received.

LONDON STOCKS QUIET.

HOLIDAY INFLUENCES.

(FROM OUR FINANCIAL CORRESPONDENT.)

On the London Stock Exchange the markets were restricted, being affected by poor business and the near approach of the holidays. Few movements were recorded, and in some cases there was a tendency to lower values in the absence of support. The chief item of interest was the circular issued by the Mexican Eagle Oil Company. It had a strengthening effect on the shares at first, but the first level was not maintained. The absence of an Ordinary dividend on Vickers, as was expected, and Fines were dull at 87⅛, but Consols improved to 48. Funding Loan fell smartly, closing 70¾ only, and Victory Bonds were also lower for it. Some of the National War Bonds were fractionally easier. The Sudan Loan was about 1 discount, and the Commonwealth ½ discount, while Birmingham and Liverpool were both ¼ discount.

Foreign Government securities were quiet, and few changes of importance were recorded. Chinese of 1913 receded to 61¼, and Argentine Fours were not quite so good at 86¾. Finland Bonds were supported, and 5s. 3s. Swedish Bonds were better, but Russians gave way, the Fives to 14¾. Buenos Ayres Fives were up to 65¾, but the 1908 were lower at 56¼. Cuban 4½ p.c. of 1949 rose to 84½.

Home Rails were dull and irregular. Interest again seems to be declining. North-Eastern were held at 74, and North-Westerns at 99. Brighton "A" was slightly better at 40, as were Yorks at 27½. Underground Stocks retained their strength.

Canpacs were unchanged at 142. Grand Trunks showed a tendency to ease back, and the Ordinary receded to 42, and the Third Preference to 13. Guaranteed was also weaker at 61¾, while First and Second Preference were also lower. With regard to Argentine Rails, there was little quotable change, but the tone was far from strong. "B.A.U.S." receded to 60¼. Lncs. at 23 were maintained. Central Uruguay rose to 44½. Emu Bay 5 p.c. Debentures at 28 were 5 down.

INDUSTRIALS UNINTERESTING.

(FROM THE FINANCIAL NEWS OF TO-DAY.)

Interest in the Miscellaneous and Industrial market yesterday was mainly confined to a few specialities, transactions among the rank and file of securities being of a somewhat attenuated description. Time was accordingly found by operators to consult the list of new year partnerships which was posted up, it being also understood that several other interesting changes are pending. Dunlops were off colour, though the Debs. were well maintained, and Rubbers firm. The dividend statement providing for distributions on Vickers Pref. issues was at first taken to imply the possibility of some disbursement on the Ord. shares, which were consequently run up smartly to 13s. 6d. On reflection, however, the market was inclined to modify its opinion, and the price at quickly came down again to 12s. 6d., or unchanged on balance. The 5 p.c. tax-free Pref., however, were advanced sharply to 14s. 9d., at which they closed 6d. better on the day. Elsewhere the Iron and Steel department displayed a firm appearance, Cargo Fleet improving to 13s. 3d., and Dorman Long adding to the previous day's gain a 1s. 3d. Sheffield Steel Products were also well supported under the influence of the coming dividend and report, the shares closing 11s. high, while Jessops rose at 11s. 6d. showed improvement. Exceptionally, Swan Hunter eased to 1¼. A big business was transacted in Courtaulds, which rose well on reports of negotiations for the purchase of American assets. The price at one time reached 32s. 6d., but closed at 31s. 9d., or 1s. 3d. up on the day. Other textiles were, in the main, supported, especially Joshua Hoyle, which improved to 1¾. Spinners were marked up ½ to 1¾ and English Sewing Cotton to 1⅛. Bleachers were also better at ⅛, but Amalgamated Cottons were exceptionally weak, falling 1s. 3d. to 5s. 6d. In the Motor group, Smith's Accessories fell to 5s. 6d. on the new Deb. issue, Straker Squire being called 3s. 9d., but Vauxhall were maintained at 8s., as also Rolls-Royce at 1¾. In the Shipping section, Court Lines suffered a reduction of 1s. to 28s., but Cunards were a steady market at 6s. 3d. Silver Regs. were 6d. off on the Debs. coming into good demand and improving to 95½. New York inquiries resulted in a slight appreciation and a good business was done in Ord. improving to 9s. 3d. and the Pref. to 11s. 3d. Marconis further advanced to 2, and the Pref. were maintained at 1¼. Among Miscellaneous descriptions Cargo Fleet were a feature at 21s., as also British Portlands, which put on 6d. to 25s. 6d. Dunlops, however, eased off to 12s. 9d., and the Deb. held their general ground at 95. Magadi Soda were a bright spot at 10s. 6d., and Greenwich Linoleum hardened to ⅛. With the new issues now regarded as imminent, Lipe Spinners were in demand, closing at 5s. 6d. down on balances, and elsewhere among Food stuffs Maypoles were a shade easier at 9s., as also Beyril at 12s. 3d., on the proposal to increase the dividend on the Pref. Ord. classes. R. E. Jones were again inquired for, changing hands up to 23s. 6d., though closing 23s., but the new Ord. were on a easier market at 2s. In the Canadian-American group, Brazilian Traction were a good market, rising a point to 28, but Canadian General Electric Common were dull at 123½ on the dividend of 20 p.c., which was not considered satisfactory.

MINES DISAPPOINTING.

(FROM THE FINANCIAL NEWS OF TO-DAY.)

Another dull and disappointing day was experienced in the Stock Exchange yesterday, and public business in all departments was still of extremely modest proportions. Professionals continued to be incentive to increase commitments in view of the approaching holidays, and, apart from one or two specialities, the speculative departments were extremely idle. In the Mining markets, five-day bulls were inclined to seek cover, seeing little indication of a revival of activity in this side of the market, and as nothing happened to stimulate outside interest, small sales or offers were sufficient to depress quotations. The same factors were in evidence in the group of miscellaneous shares, any inclination on the part of professionals to go on the bear tack, and thus the changes were again mostly of a trifling character. There is, indeed, now practically nil, the French capital being inclined to hold aloof pending a material change in the exchange, in his interest and follows the receipt to £5 5s. per oz. in the price of gold passed unnoticed. Central Mining, Modderfontein, and several other market favourites were bereaved, but Oceana Consolidated were harder, it being argued that the company will benefit from the sale of the Piccadilly Hotel.

OIL SHARES STEADY.

THE MEXICAN EAGLE STATEMENT.

(FROM THE FINANCIAL NEWS OF TO-DAY.)

Chief interest in the Oil share market centred on Mexican Eagles, in view of the statement issued overnight by the London financial agents of the company, and which was given yesterday. In effect, the announcement confirms the views expressed in these columns some time ago to shareholders in the Mexican Eagle Company, should not attach too much importance to statements of such an alarmist character as those which have been in circulation for some weeks past. At the same time regret was expressed that the explanation had been delayed for so long. The result showed its approval of the official statement by putting up the price of the shares at the commencement of business, the opening being firm at 5¼ buyers, but from that point a steady decline occurred to 5⅛, followed by a rally right at the end to 5⅜, which left them slightly higher on the day, the Pref. and New shares being without any parley. Buying appeared to be a buyer of the shares in the early hours, but, as a matter of fact, very little business was done within the centre. As regards other leading securities the quiet conditions governing other sections of the House, and which in part must be attributed to the approach of the holiday, affected them, and little was taken as a whole, the tendency was easily.

Anglo-Amer.	4⅞-4⅝	Mex. Eagle	5⅛-5⅜
Anglo-Egyp. B.	1⅞-2	Do. Pref.	5⅛-5⅜
Anglo-Mexican	4⅝-4⅝	Nth. Caucasus	1⅜-1½
Anglo-Pers'n	21/9-22/6	Orientals	2⅝-2⅞
Apex Trinidad	2⅝-2⅞	Ottoman Egypt	2⅝-2⅞
Apex Trin.	2⅝-2⅞	Oilfields Ltd.	3⅜-3⅝
Atlas. Oil Syn.	3⅝-3⅞	Oilfields Exp.	4⅛-4⅜
Bolivian Syn.	2⅝-2⅞	Oil Trust	1⅝-1⅞
Brit. Borneo	2⅝-2⅞	Peru Synd.	6/3-7/1½
Brit. Mex. Petr.	3⅝-3⅞	Phœnix Oil	11/6-12/6
Brit. Oil Cot.	2⅝-2⅞	Pres. Oil	2⅝-2⅞
Brit. Oil Prod.	2⅝-2⅞	Rum. Con.	13/6-14/6
Brit. Mex. Petr.	3⅝-3⅞	Rum. Trust	2⅝-2⅞
Burmah	2⅝-2⅞	Scot. Am.	16/6-16/9
Caltex	16/6-16/9	Shell Trans.	39⅛-40⅛
Chijoles	2⅝-2⅞	Do. Pref.	2⅝-2⅞
Cons. Mex.	2⅝-2⅞	Spies Petr.	1⅝-1⅞
Cons. Petr.	2⅝-2⅞	Stn. Mex. A.	17/3-17/6
Dar. Develop.	2⅝-2⅞	Star Develop.	2⅝-2⅞
Eagle Oil	5⅛-5⅜	Tampico Fan.	2⅝-2⅞
Egyptian	2⅝-2⅞	Tank Pf.	19/3-19/9
Ennis Petr.	2⅝-2⅞	Transval	2⅝-2⅞
Eureka	2⅝-2⅞	Trin. Con.	3⅞-3⅞
Exploration	2⅝-2⅞	Trin. Dom.	3⅞-4⅛
Forestal	2⅝-2⅞	Trin. Leas.	2⅝-2⅞
Fox's Glass. Pf.	2⅝-2⅞	Un. Brit. Trin.	2⅝-2⅞
Gaudalupe	2⅝-2⅞	Ural Caspian	2⅝-2⅞
Gramophone	1⅝-1⅞	Ural Oilfields	2⅝-2⅞
Hadfield	2⅝-2⅞	Yar Oil	12/6-12/9
Harrod's	1⅝-1⅞		
Int. Tobac. Mfrs.	47/6-48		

MINING SHARES.

Brakpan	3⅛-3⅜	Ferreira Deep	9/6-9/6d
Ashanti G.F.	14/6-1/-	Falcon	2/7½-3/-
Burma Corp.	7/6-8d	Jagersfontein	2/6-3/-
Diamond	2/6-2/9	Joh. Con. Inv.	2/5-2/9
Central Mining	6d-1	Mount Lyell	14/6-15/-
Chartered	12/9d-1/4	Modder East	1/-1/-
Cam. & Moter	7/6-6d	Modder East	1/-1/-
Chartered	12/9d-1/4	Oceana Cons.	5/-6d
Crœsus (Malay)	1/-1/-	Rand Mines	6/3-6/6
	9/6-6d	Spassky Copper	1/-1/-
City Deep	1/-1/-	Trans. Cons.	17/6-6d
Crown Mines	1/-1/-	Union Corp	16/6-16/6
De Beers Pref.	9/-	Vereeniging Est.	16/6-16/6d
Geduld	4/6-4/6	Zambesia Expl.	19/9-/-

RUBBER SHARES.

Anglo-Dutch	2⅜-2⅞	Membakut	15/3
Anglo-Java	2/3-2/6	Merbau	2/3
Anglo-Malay	1/3	Merging	2/3
Anglo-Sum	6/3	Merliman	3⅛
Anglo-Sum	6/3	Mooply Valley	14/6
Bah Lias	2/3	Nordasal	1/3
Bandar Sum	3⅛	N. Java	1/9
Batangkoeis	13/3	P.P.K.O.T.	17/6
Batu Caves	2/3	Pahang Para	2/3
Batu Tiga	2/3	Pataling	2/3
Beaufort Bor.	13/9	Pegoh	20/6
Behoeki	2/3	Perimah Villor	2/3
Bidor	6/16⅜	Pilmoor	2⅜
Bekoh	1/1+0/1	Port Dickson	1/10⅜+1/1⅜
Bersam	2/3	Riverside Sel.	2/3
B.N.B.E. Trst	9/9	Rub. Ceylon	1/3
Bukit Lanjan	2/6	Rub. Estates	2/6
Bukit Rajah	1/6	Rub. Es. Krian	1/9
Bukit Tinggi	2/6	Rub. Trust	16/6—9/6
Bukit Unggul	2/6	Sabak	4/4½—6/7½
Bukit Pasdo's	1/9⅜	Sapong	2/3
Bukit Rajah	2/3	Sekong	12/3
Bukit Rajah	20/3	Seafield	18/3
Bukit Semb.	1/9⅜	Sedemak	2/3
Castlefield	2/3	Sekong	12/3
Chersonese	2/3	Solaba	2/3
Clavell	2/3	Selangor	2/3
Clonyn	6/9	Selctar	2/3
Con. Malay	2/3	Sempah	1/6
Consolidated	1/3	Semboh	2/3
East. Sum	1/9	Sengei	1/10
Elphinstone	2/3	Serdang	2/3
Eng. Sumatra	2/3	Seremban	1/6
Gedong Pasir	2/3	Serting Coast	2/3
Grand Trunk	2/3	Sialang	2/3
Harper Rail	6/3	Sing. United	1/9
Highlands	2/3	Sombor Alor	2/3
Inch Kenneth	6/3	Straits Rub.	2/3
Java Amal.	2/3	Sumatra Agric	2/3
Java Consol.	2/3	Sumatra Cons	2/3
Kamuning	2/1⅜—9/1⅜	Sumatra Para	2/3
Kapayang	2/3	Sungei Bagan	2/3
Kasintoe	1⅛/1⅜	Sungei Buaya	2/3
Kepitigalla	2/3	Sungei Dusun	2/3
Kepong	5/3	Sungei Kapar	4/3⅛
Kinsanie	1/3	Sungei Kri'ai	2/3
Kinsanie	1/3	Sungei Nibong	2/3
Kombok	2/3	Sungei Way	2/3
Kuala Lumpr.	2/3	Tajong	2/3
Kuala Pilah	2/3	Tali Ayer	20/3
Landoran	17/6	Tamlang	2/3
Langkat Java	2/3	Tandjong	20/7½
Langkat Sum	2/3	Tanj'g Malim	2/3
Langkat Sum	2/3	Tebrau	2/3
Langkon	11/3	Telopordlo	2/9
Ledbury	2/3	Tempoh	1/6
Lendu	2/3	Terachie	21/6
Lingei	31/10⅜	Trenaiges	2/3
Linsum	2/3	Ulu Kelang	1/4—0/1⅜
Lon.-Asiatic	3/10⅜+1/1⅜	Un. Sua Bisang	6/3
Malacca	2/3	Un. Sumatra	2/3⅛
Malakoff	20/9	Un. Tanjang	2/3⅛
do. Deb.	90	Val. D'Or	2/3
Malay Con.	2/3	Vallambrosa	2/3
Manch'ter RB	17/6	Way-Hallim	2/3
Rapajangas	6/10⅛	Yam Berm	2/3

TEA SHARES.

Anglo-Ceylon States, 48/9+1/3; Con. T. Is. Prop. 7½+½; East Produce, 23/6-6d.; Jorehaut, 36/3 x.d.—1/3; Nedicota, 21/3-6/3.

* Ex-dividend.

DEALINGS IN LONDON MARKET.

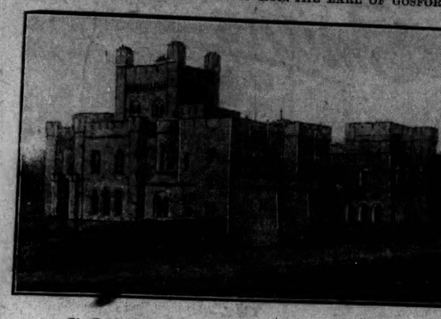
The following dealings among active stocks and shares were "marked" in London yesterday:—

Consols—47½, ⅜, ½, ⅜, ⅝, ⅞, ⅝, 74. 3½ p.c. War Loan—86¼, ⅜, ⅝, ½, ⅜, ⅝, ⅞, ⅝, 74. Victory Bonds (x.d.)—91, ⅜, ½, ⅜, ⅝, ⅞, ⅝, 74. 5½ p.c. War Loan—96¾, ⅜, ½, ⅜, ⅝, ⅞, ⅝, 74. 4 p.c. War Loan (x.d.)—95½, ⅜, ½, ⅜, ⅝, ⅞, ⅝, 74. Irish Land Bonds, 1921—96¾, ⅜, ½, ⅜, ⅝, ⅞, ⅝, 74. African and Eastern—42/6. Amalgamated Cotton—12/6-1/-. Anglo-Dutch Rubber—39/10½, 41/6, 9/-, 15/-, 7/9, 8/3. Anglo-Egyptian Oil—40/3⅜, 39/4½. Anglo-Java Rubber—4/7½, 4/6, 4/4½, 4/6. Assoc. Cement—21/3, 1/-, 20/9. Barclays Bank "A"—96½, ⅜, ½, ⅜, ⅝, ⅞, ⅝, 74. Blackmore Oil—29/11½, 30/-. Brazil Railway Common—13⅜. Brit. Amer. Tobacco (x.d.)—96/6½, 10⅜, 7/3, 5/3, 7/3. British Dye Stuffs—7/-. British Glass Industry—4/4½, 3/9, 4/4½. British Oil and Cake (x.d.)—24½, 4/6, 4/4½, 4d. Brunner Mond—27/6, 4/6. B.S.A.—12/4½, 1d. Buenos Ayres Western Ord.—50, 51, 50. Burma Corp.—7/4½, 9d., 6d., 10⅛d., 6d. Burmah Oil—7, 7⅛, 6¾, 7, 7⅛, 7. Calico Printers—16⅜, 5/-, 16⅜. Central Argentine Ord.—54½, ⅜, ½, ⅜. Chartered—19/3, 15/-, 11/6, 19/3, 6d., 12/6. Cie. Francaise—1/-, 1/3. Coats (x.d.)—4/7½, 6/10½. Commercial Cables—14/4½. Consolidated Gold Fields—1/3, 1/4½, 1/3, 1/4½, 1/3. Bank of London—6/3, 11d., 4/10½, 9d. Cook (S. Pearl)—7/-. Cory (W.)—1/-, 1/-. Cory (Wm.)—1/-. Courtaulds—31/-, 30/4½, 31/-, 30/9, 31/-. Courtaulds—31/-, 30/4½, 31/-, 30/9, 31/-. Crosse & Blackwell—3/-, 2/10½, 3/-. Dunlop Rubber—12/9, 4½d., 4d., 12/9, 4½d., 4d., 12/9. Dunlop Ord.—100, 99, 1, 100. Dunlop Ord.—100, 99, 1, 100. Dunlop Ord.—100, 99, 1, 100. Dunlop Ord.—100, 99

ESTABLISHED 1815. 'PHONES, DUBLIN, 48 AND 49.

BATTERSBY & CO.'S SALES.

BY INSTRUCTIONS FROM THE RIGHT HON. THE EARL OF GOSFORD, K.P.



GOSFORD CASTLE,
MARKETHILL, COUNTY ARMAGH, IRELAND.

HIGHLY IMPORTANT & INTERESTING SALE
OF
WORKS OF ART, VALUABLE ANTIQUE FURNITURE,
OLD ENGRAVINGS, OIL PAINTINGS, LIBRARY OF BOOKS, BECHSTEIN BOUDOIR GRAND PIANO, BURROUGHES AND WATTS FULL-SIZE BILLIARD TABLE, IRISH ELK HEAD; ALSO COSTLY BEDROOM FURNISHINGS, AND OTHER EFFECTS.

THE ESTATE HAVING BEEN SOLD, we are now further favoured with instructions from THE RIGHT HON. THE EARL OF GOSFORD, K.P., TO SELL BY AUCTION, AT THE CASTLE,

ON MONDAY, THE 4TH APRIL, 1921, AT 12 O'CLOCK, CONTINUING DAILY UNTIL WEDNESDAY, 13TH APRIL,

THE ENTIRE EQUIPMENT OF THIS MAGNIFICENT CASTLE,

Of which the following is a brief résumé: Circular-top French Table, in ormolu, depicting Adam and Eve in the Garden of Eden, presented by Marie Antoinette to Lady Cavendish Bentinck; beautiful Chinese Lacquer Display Cabinet; Italian Cabinets, in Marble and Ivory; Florentine Table, Boule and Satinwood Tables and Cabinets, Chippendale Tables and Chairs, Hepplewhite ditto, Chesterfield Sofas; Arm Chairs and Occasional Chairs, in Silk and Tapestry; Boudoir Grand Piano, by Bechstein; magnificent Austrian Carpet, of circular shape, 24 feet in diameter; Turkey, Wilton, and Axminster Carpets; Silk, Tapestry, and Chenille Curtains; Oil Paintings and Rare Engravings; Chippendale Mirror, Empire and other French Clocks and Candelabra; superb Diningroom Furniture; Statuary, Marble Bust of Dean Swift; Full-size Billiard Table, by Burroughes and Watts; Photographic Apparatus; Interesting Library of Books.

THE FURNISHING OF THE BEDROOMS includes: Mahogany and Oak Bedsteads, with the finest quality Bedding; Rosewood, Mahogany, and Walnut Wardrobes; Antique Tallboy Chests of Drawers, Cheval Mirrors, Antique Toilet Glasses, Chamber Stands, and other Bedroom Furniture. KITCHEN FURNITURE and Ultensils, including a large stock of Kitchen Dressers, Table Glass and China, Lamps, Sheffield and other Plate, &c., &c. THE ENTIRE FORMING THE EQUIPMENT OF UPWARDS OF ONE HUNDRED ROOMS AND OFFICES.

Full descriptions and particulars of which appear in Illustrated Catalogues, price 2/6 (per post, 3/0).

ON VIEW DAILY FROM FRIDAY NEXT, 25TH MARCH, UNTIL SATURDAY, 2ND APRIL, 10 A.M. TO 5 P.M.

PRIVATE VIEW ON WEDNESDAY, 30TH MARCH, by Special Order, to be obtained from the AUCTIONEERS; or from W. H. EDWARDS, Esq.

W. H. EDWARDS, Esq., Estate Office, Markethill, County Armagh, Agent for the Estate.
Messrs. BOXALL and BOXALL, 22 Chancery Lane, London, Solicitors for the Estate.

N.B.—GOSFORD CASTLE is within 15 minutes of Markethill Railway Station (G.N.R.).
Hotel accommodation at Armagh, 6 miles, and Newry, 11 miles from Markethill.

BATTERSBY & CO., AUCTIONEERS,
39 WESTMORELAND STREET, DUBLIN.
TELEGRAMS: BATTERSBY, DUBLIN. 'PHONES: DUBLIN 48 and 49.

PROPERTY SALE,
AT OUR SALEROOMS, No. 39 WESTMORELAND ST.,
THIS DAY, AT 1.30 O'CLOCK,

LISFANNON, 26 ORWELL PK., RATHGAR. POSSESSION

MOUNT WILLIAM, LEIXLIP.
CHARMING BUNGALOW RESIDENCE, DETACHED. POSSESSION.

"ACLARE," MARLBORO' RD., GLENAGEARY.
ON NEARLY ONE ACRE. POSSESSION.

"HOWTH VIEW," COLIEMORE RD., DALKEY.
FREE OF RENT FOR EVER. POSSESSION.

ST. MARGARET'S, CASTLE PARK ROAD, GLENAGEARY.
DETACHED, NON-BASEMENT, ON 5 ACRES. POSSESSION.

4 KNAPTON TERRACE, KNAPTON ROAD, KINGSTOWN. POSSESSION.

7 KNAPTON TERRACE, KINGSTOWN.

124 ROCK RD., BOOTERSTOWN. POSSESSION.
SEMI-DETACHED. ON TRAM LINE.

SHOP, 87 MOREHAMPTON ROAD. POSSESSION.

29 NORTHBROOK AV., UPPER. POSSESSION.

29 PARLIAMENT STREET.

BUSINESS PREMISES, 32 JAMES'S ST. POSSESSION.

3 & 4 NORTH FREDERICK STREET.
POSSESSION OF BOTH. FINE TOWN HOUSES.

BATTERSBY & CO.,
AUCTIONEERS,
39 WESTMORELAND STREET, DUBLIN.

EXECUTORS' SALE THIS DAY OF HORSES, CATTLE, SHEEP, FARM IMPLEMENTS, FARM PRODUCE, VEHICLES, etc., at

THE GRANGE, CAPPAGH,
FINGLAS, CO. DUBLIN.

Already fully advertised.

Sale at 12 o'clock sharp. On View from 10 o'clock. Immediate delivery after Sale. Purchasers to pay 5 per cent. Auction Fees.

JAMES ALLEN & SON,
Auctioneers and Valuers,
53 and 54 LOWER SACKVILLE STREET.
'Phone 74.
Auctions Conducted in Town and Country.

STORE CATTLE AUCTION TO-MORROW (THURSDAY),
AT 11 O'CLOCK.

N.B.—To be Sold previous to above, a newly-calved Kerry Cow, with Calf at foot; also two very good Milch Cows, the property of H. Hone, Esq., St. Dolough's.

GANLY, SONS & CO.
USHER'S QUAY, DUBLIN.

THE GLASGOW LIVE STOCK SALESMEN'S ASSOCIATION

Hereby intimate that on

EASTER MONDAY,
28th MARCH, 1921,

They are holding

NO SALES OF LIVE STOCK
IN GLASGOW CATTLE MARKET or at MERKLANDS WHARF.

A SALE OF ALL CLASSES OF

FAT STOCK
Will be held at
MERKLANDS WHARF on WEDNESDAY, 30th MARCH, at 3.30 p.m.

R. M. MORRISON, Jun., Hon. Sec.

STRATHMORE AUCTION CO.
NEXT SALE STORE CATTLE,
MERKLANDS WHARF, GLASGOW,
WEDNESDAY, 30th.
ENTRIES SOLICITED.
ALEX. F. NICOL, Manager.

DESIRABLE AND ATTRACTIVE
BUSINESS PREMISES,
With full Seven-days' Licence,
87 FOULKSMILLS, WEXFORD.

G. W. TAYLOR has received instructions from Mr. Moses Fitzsimons, who has purchased Longraighe, Newcastle, and Newbridge,

TO SELL BY AUCTION,
On SATURDAY, 26th MARCH, 1921,
At the Offices of the Auctioneer,
NORTH MAIN STREET, WEXFORD,
at the hour of 3 o'clock,
HIS COMPACT BUSINESS PREMISES,
AT FOULKSMILLS.

DESCRIPTIVE PARTICULARS.

The Premises are attractively situated in the centre of the village of Foulksmills, almost opposite the Post Office. The Dwelling-house comprises very fine shop, fitted up in best style; parlour, sittingroom, a large kitchen, 5 bedrooms; at the rear is a large yard, with superior out-offices, suitable to the trade; also stores, stabling, and piggery; all in the best of condition and requiring no outlay. Large garden. The business is a thriving one, with full seven-day licence, Grocery, Drapery, and Hardware, and General Stores, also Coal Trade. The entire will be sold subject to a 31 years' lease from the present, at the yearly rent of £14.

The holding is most conveniently situated, being about half a mile from chapel and school, about three miles from Wellingtonbridge Railway Station, and also convenient to Enniscon and other Fairs.

Immediate possession will be given.

For further particulars and Conditions of Sale apply to

M. J. O'CONNOR and CO., Solicitors; or

G. W. TAYLOR,
AUCTIONEER.

1,200 STORE CATTLE,
AT 50 PRUSSIA STREET, DUBLIN,
On TO-MORROW (THURSDAY),
Commencing at 12 o'clock.

Included in above are 60 three-year-old Bullocks from Ballinvalla Estate.

GAVIN LOW, LTD.
50 PRUSSIA STREET, DUBLIN.
GREENHURST, ARMAGH.

GENTLEMAN'S RESIDENCE,
WITH ENCLOSED GARDEN AND TENNIS COURT.

FOR SALE BY PUBLIC AUCTION.
IMMEDIATE POSSESSION.

I HAVE received instructions to SELL BY PUBLIC AUCTION, IN THE CITY HALL, ARMAGH, ON WEDNESDAY, the 30th MARCH, 1921, at 12 o'clock, noon,

THAT COMMANDING AND VALUABLE RESIDENCE, known as "Greenhurst," Armagh, containing dining-room, drawing-room, morning room, nursery, seven bedrooms, dressing-room, two rooms and servants' apartments, bath room (h. and c.), large well-lighted kitchen, larder, pantries, etc.

This excellent Residence, which is overlooking the Mall, is exceptionally well built, and has within the past few months been decorated in a sumptuous manner, and is also replete with modern fittings.

The grounds which are enclosed, comprise full-sized tennis court, large greenhouse, vinery, potting shed, and well stocked fruit and vegetable garden.

The above property is held with other premises under lease dated 28th November, 1877, for 999 years, from 1st May, 1877, indemnified against all rent save a counterfoil rent of £12 per annum.

PRIVATE OFFERS will be received up to the 26th MARCH, 1921.

TERMS—Purchaser to pay £25 per cent. of the Purchase Money, together with Auction Fees, to be paid at time of Sale, and the balance on completion.

For further particulars and conditions of Sale apply to

FREDERICK MAXWELL, Solicitor,
Armagh; or
R. F. FORBES,
AUCTIONEER, ARMAGH.

SALES BY TENDER.

TOWN OF LONDONDERRY.
LONDONDERRY.

VALUABLE LEASEHOLD PREMISES

AND OLD-ESTABLISHED BUSINESS FOR SALE BY TENDER.

WE have been instructed by Mr. W. A. Cassidy to OFFER FOR SALE BY TENDER the Leasehold Premises in MARKET STREET, LIMAVADY, with the Goodwill of the Business of Boot, Shoe, and Leather Merchant carried on therein, under the style of S. Cassidy and Son.

The property is situate in one of the leading thoroughfares, adjoining the Post Office, and is held under lease expiring 1st May, 1940, at £17 annual rent, and consists of a commodious modern Dwelling-house, well fitted-up Shop, Warerooms, and Work-shop, with extensive and well-built stores, stabling, and other out-houses, enclosing spacious yards, and are suitable for carrying on a large general business or manufactory.

The Dwelling-house and three Stores are let, producing a total rental of £61 per annum.

The Vendor holds a large up-to-date Stock of Boots, Shoes, Slippers, Leather, Shoe Mercery, and Grindery.

Tenders for the purchase of the Premises, Stock, and Shop Fittings, or for the purchase of the Premises and Shop Fittings, or for the Stock only, will be received by the undersigned up to the 19th APRIL NEXT.

The highest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

For further particulars and Conditions of Sale apply to

JAMES EDWIN PROCTOR and CO.,
Solicitors for Vendor, Limavady.

THE DUBLIN Week-end Paper is the "Weekly Irish Times." Last Edition on Sale every Saturday morning. Price Twopence.

JAMES J. SCANNELL'S AUCTIONS.

TO-DAY (WEDNESDAY), MARCH 23RD, AT 4 BACHELOR'S WALK,
EXTENSIVE COLLECTION OF
SUPERIOR HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, CARPETS, PIANOS, &c., &c.,

Comprising—Upright Grand Overstrung Piano, practically new, by Lichtenstein, Berlin; 2 Cottage Pianos, by Pigots, in perfect order; very fine Sideboard, Chippendale design; 2 Walnut Sideboards, mirror-back; 3 Mahogany Dwarf Sideboards; 6 Diningroom Suites, in oak and walnut frames, and upholstered in pigskin; 2 Dining Tables, 12 Suites, in mahogany, oak, and walnut; 5/6, Sheraton Bedroom Suite, Pine Bedroom Suite, inlaid; Rosewood and Mahogany Chiffoniers, 6 Sets of 6 Mahogany Chairs, in Morocco leather; American cloth, hair seat; 4/6, Antique Bookcase, with diamond pane doors; Antique Sideboard, 3 Copper Fire Screens, Brass Clock and Barometer to match; 10 Mahogany Centre Tables; Indian Combination Motor Cycle and Side Car, in perfect order; Mahogany Wardrobes, Dressing Tables, Washstands, Green Ash Bedroom Suite, Fenders, Fire Brasses, Couches and Easy Chairs, very handsome Chesterfield and 2 Arm Chairs, in silk tapestry; Wicker Chairs and Tables, Drawing-room Centre Tables, Walnut, Mahogany, and Gilt Overmantels, Oak and Mahogany Hall Stands, Chests Drawers in mahogany and stained wood; Kitchen Furniture and Utensils, &c., &c.

SALE AT 1 O'CLOCK, PIANOS, 2.30. TEL. 2725.

OWING TO BEING CLOSED ON GOOD FRIDAY,

HIGH-CLASS FURNITURE AUCTION.
TO-MORROW (THURSDAY), AT 29 BACHELOR'S WALK

COX'S AUCTION ROOMS.

Comprising principally—An Overstrung Baby Grand Piano, by Haake, equal to new, cost 180 guineas; Cottage Pianos, by Brinsmead, etc.; magnificent collection of Diningroom and Drawingroom Furniture, including Glass-back Sideboards, Dining Tables, Dining Chairs, Dumb Waiters, Overmantel Glasses, Chesterfields, Lounge Chairs, Walnut and Rosewood Cabinets, Drawingroom and Parlour Suites, Fenders, Brasses, Pictures, Paintings, Decorative and other China, Bedroom Appointments, Wardrobes, Suites, Duchesse Pairs, Beds, Bedding, Kitchen and Deal Furniture, Axminster Carpets, Linoleum, Motor Cycles and Coach-built Sidecars, Yost Typewriter, two dozen Boxes of Biscuits, and numerous miscellaneous effects, full particulars of which will appear in to-morrow's "Irish Times." Goods on View. Auction commences at 12.30 o'clock. Pianos sold at 3 o'clock.

JOHN H. COX, F.A.I., AUCTIONEER & VALUER.

PRELIMINARY ANNOUNCEMENT.

ON VIEW TO-MORROW (THURSDAY), SALE SATURDAY NEXT,
26th INST., CONTINUING ON TUESDAY, 29th INST.

HIGHLY IMPORTANT and ATTRACTIVE SALE by AUCTION of HIGH-CLASS HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, DEVICES FOR CONVENIENCE OF SALE, including: NOBLE, RICHLY-CARVED SPANISH MAHOGANY BREAKFRONT, FULLY ENCLOSED SIDEBOARD, with LOFTY MIRROR BACK; ANOTHER SMALLER do.; FOUR MAHOGANY and PEDESTAL SIDEBOARDS, with MIRROR and PLAIN BACKS; MAHOGANY CABINET SIDEBOARD; SET OF WALNUT SIDEBOARDS; ONE OAK do., with MIRROR BACK; SUPERB ROSEWOOD INLAID CHINA CABINET; MAGNIFICENT INLAID ORMOLU-MOUNTED CHINA CABINET; MASSIVE MAHOGANY 5ft. 6in. WARDROBE, ANOTHER 4ft. 6in. do.; THREE MAHOGANY OVAL and OBLONG EXTENDING TABLES, on EXTENDING SCREW FRAMES, six to twelve feet in length; SUPERIOR INLAID MAHOGANY 2ft. 6in. BEDROOM SUITE, with WALNUT PANELS; ANOTHER do., 3ft. 6in.; OAK 3ft. 6in. BEDROOM SUITE, ALL IN ALMOST NEW CONDITION; FINE MAHOGANY BOOKCASE and CABINET; 4ft. 6in. ROSEWOOD INLAID DRAWINGROOM CHAIRS, in GENOA VELVET; BEAUTIFUL INLAID ROSEWOOD OVERMANTEL; SEVEN-PIECE DRAWINGROOM PANEL-BACK SUITE, COVERED IN CRIMSON VELVET; ALMOST NEW SWEET-TONED IRON FRAME COTTAGE PIANO, in EBONISED FRAME, by CRANE and KAYE (two hold recent for this instrument, which cost £75 last month); ANOTHER WALNUT do., by J. B. CRAMER and CO. Also, Diningroom Suites, in Leather, Leather Cloth, Saddlebags, &c.; Sets of Dining Chairs, Carpets, Rugs, Linoleums; Ladies' and Gentlemen's Bicycles; Sewing Machines; Couches, Sofas, Deep-seated and other Easy Chairs; Oval, Circular, Writing, Occasional, and Card Tables; Hall Stands and Chairs; Curtains; and a large variety of Double and Single Beds, All-Brass, Black and Brass, and Wooden Bedsteads, fitted with Woven-wire, Springs, Cornflex, Feather Beds, Bolsters and Pillows; also a large miscellaneous collection of useful Deal Furniture, Mangles, Pots, Pans; Cast Clothing, Books, China, Glass, and Ornamental Items. Full particulars in To-morrow's Advertisement.

Purchasers pay Five per cent. Auction Fees.

JAMES HILL & SON, AUCTIONEERS AND VALUERS, 10, 11, 12 Bachelor's Walk.

SALE THIS DAY.

MESSRS. BENNETT and SON will SELL BY AUCTION, AT THEIR SALEROOMS, 6 UPPER ORMOND QUAY, DUBLIN, COMMENCING AT TWELVE O'CLOCK,

MODERN FURNITURE, OIL PAINTINGS & ENGRAVINGS,

Mahogany and Oak Dining Tables, Cabinets, Chairs, Bookcases, and Card Tables; Mahogany and Satin-Walnut Bedroom Suites, Mahogany Wardrobes, Sets of Drawers, Washstands, Dressing Tables, Satin Walnut Duchess Pair; All-Brass, Mahogany, and Oak Bedsteads, Hair Mattresses, Blankets; Tapestry, Velvet, Plush, and Lace Curtains; Toilet Ware, China and Delph;

COLLECTION OF OIL PAINTINGS AND ENGRAVINGS;
AND MISCELLANEOUS EFFECTS.

Terms—Cash and Auction Fees.

BENNETT & SON,
AUCTIONEERS AND VALUERS, 6 UPPER ORMOND QUAY, DUBLIN.

PRELIMINARY NOTICE.

SALE OF PRIME FARM OF LAND, WITH EXCELLENT DWELLINGHOUSE AND OUTOFFICES.

ASHLEAF HOUSE, BLESSINGTON,

On the main road from Dublin to Blessington, alongside Cross Chapel Station, on the Dublin-Blessington Steam Tram Line.

P. GUNNOE and SON are favoured with instructions from L. O'Hanlon, Esq., to SELL BY PUBLIC AUCTION, at their Estate Saleroom, 43 Queen-street, Dublin, on a date to be announced later, all the Interest and Goodwill in the above prime farm, containing 173a. 1r. 7p. Statute, held in fee-simple, subject to the extremely moderate annuity of £74 13s. 8d., payable to the Irish Land Commission.

DESCRIPTIVE PARTICULARS.

The Land is of prime quality, and, with the exception of 25 acres ploughed land (8 acres of which is manured, 10 acres 1s. and 2nd crop meadows), is all in grass, well watered, fenced, and sheltered.

The Residence is a most comfortable one, stone-built and slated, containing: drawingroom and dining-room, 6 bedrooms, servants' rooms, kitchen, scullery, and pantries.

The Outoffices are also stone and slated, and comprise stablery for 5 horses, coachhouse, with loft over, piggery for 10 cows, stalls for 30 head cattle, calf, and lamb houses. There are also two iron hay barns to hold 120 tons hay, together with large fruit and vegetable garden.

The Dwellinghouse and Outoffices are all in excellent order, a considerable sum of money having recently been spent on them. From the convenience of its position, the excellent quality of the land, and the low annuity to which it is subject, the property forms a most desirable investment.

For all further particulars apply to

JOHN J. SHEILS, Esq., Solicitor having Carriage of Sale, 26 Bachelor's Walk, Dublin,

or to the Auctioneers.

SALE OF PEDIGREE
SHORTHORN CATTLE,
AT OUR STAND, CATTLE MARKET, NORTH CIRCULAR ROAD,
On TO-MORROW (THURSDAY), 24th MARCH, at 2 o'clock, for P. F. reilly, Esq.

Thoroughbred Bull by CAPTON CHERRY-STONE (118793), out of CELBRIDGE MAGGIE, aged 3 years, March 25th. Also, Thoroughbred Forward Springer, CELBRIDGE MAGGIE 2nd, by LAVENDER LAD (83867), in calf to YOUNG CAPTON CHERRY.

PATRICK O'CONNOR & SON,
Auctioneers, Valuers, Cattle, Sheep, and Wool Salesmen,
49 QUEEN STREET, DUBLIN.

GRAZING LANDS.

NEAR ARTANE, CO. DUBLIN.

WE are instructed to LET about 37 Acres Irish for the Grazing of Cattle or Sheep.

Terms and particulars may be had on application to

E. & D. CARTON,
Auctioneers, Probate, and General Valuers,
'Phones 2875 and 2876. 35 SMITHFIELD, DUBLIN.

POULTRY, ETC.—CONTINUED (FROM PAGE 2).

DAIRY, Utensils—Separators, Churns, Butterworkers, Washing and Mangling Machines. The Surry Dairy Co., Ireland, Ltd., 21 and 22 Bachelor's Walk, Dublin.

DARLEY, Walter's White Wonder steam, 2 year, absolutely upright, 21/- each—Darley, Rosemount-on-Fergus.

DUCK, Aylesbury, Indian Runner, Upinka x Hunter's record 252 strain (direct, 8/6, carriage paid.—Gilmore, Ringsend, Dublin.

DAY Old Chicks, White Wyandottes, leading pen in "All Ireland" Utility Competition, from 24/- dozen; Kings from 12/6—Atglee, Upton, Cork.

EGGS, Pure Barron's Buff, from tempered diggers (direct) from Barron's Americus and Edward Cave's, Harper Adams' winners, White Wyandottes and Leghorns, from 10/6, carriage paid; catalogue free.—Barron, Limavady. 15 S

EGGS—Sutherlands, Rhode Island Reds, 5/—Apply Miss Tim Fleaker, Drumone, Letrim.

EGGS, Pure Buttercup Indian Runner, 3/- doz. O 251, Irish Times Branch Office, Rathmines.

FOR Sale, Settings of White and Buff Leghorns, W. W. and W. B. Ducks, Simon Hunter's, 7/6 per dozen; free—Miss Dunn, Omeath, Dundalk, Armagh, Co. Cavan.

HATCHING Eggs—White Leghorns, guaranteed layers, 8/- a dozen, per post or rail.—Major Little, Ballybrack, Co. Dublin. Booths sail box, 5/6.

INCUBATORS and Foster Mothers from stock.—The Dairy Engineering Co. of Ireland, Ltd., 21 and 22 Bachelor's Walk, Dublin.

LARGE, Setting Pure Runner Duck Eggs, 7/6, free, for the Setting.—Abbeyville, 4 Shackleton Road, Booterstown.

PURE Embden Geese Quill, 21/- each; Black Minorca, Duck, 5/-—Lydia Bunker, Irish Times Branch Office, Rathmines.

SETTING of Eggs, Settings of White and Buff Leghorns, also Rouen's strain; Black Leghorns (Cock's direct), White Wyandottes (Mrs. Edwards' direct), and Runner Ducks (Sisters of Harper Adams's winners), 10/6. Apply Poultry Dept., Estate Office, Kilkenny.

SITTINGS—Black Minorcas, bred for winter laying, 5/6; Silver Grey Wyandottes, "supreme" strain, 5/6.—Carroll, Moynalty, Meath.

SALE, Setting, La Bresse Cockerel, 10/-; young Rhode Island Cock, 7/6; Hatching Eggs, Rhodes and W. Runner Ducks, 5/- doz.—Lady Pratt, Interested.

ST. Mark's Poultry Farm, Clondalkin—Setting, all breeds, 5/6 dozen.

TWO Indian Runner Ducks for Sale laying; 10/- the pair. Apply Oaklands, Ballsbridge.

W. W. COCKERELS, Mated Isabel (Barron-Sister), 30/-; each, fine healthy birds; W.W. Hatching Eggs (Cave 50/-), 6/- strain later, Barronstrong, exhibition setting, 10/-.—Mrs. Connolly, Ingoldstown. 12 19

WANTED, La Bresse Cockerel, 10/-.—Rectangle Box 1097.—Gregan, Morle, Carlow.

WHITE Wyandottes, Duchess Pen, headed grandson "Lady Eric" (Strong's 311 strain), 9/6 each; also Barron-Strong, 8/6.—Kane, Drumreaske, Monaghan.

5/- Each, Young Cocks, table or stock birds.—B 1513, this office.

16 1919 OBSERBRIED Hens for Sale, 8 1920 Cock Birds, 1 Cock 4/6; Cockerels 2/6 each. Sale at laying. Apply Mrs. Dockrell, Iveagh road, Killorglin, Co. Kerry.

FURNITURE.

AT Highest Value—James Hill and Son, Bachelor's Walk, Auctioneers, Valuers, and Estate Agents.

BEAUTIFUL Mahogany Wardrobe, 6ft. 6in. wide, 7ft. 6in. high; cheap.—Bennett, 3 Charlemont st. E

DININGROOM Suite, White Thorn, Dublin.

FOR Sale, eight Queen Anne Dining Chairs, including two Carvers; beautiful Mahogany Dining Table; Antique Queen Anne Sideboard, two splendid Mahogany Wardrobes; other Furniture, Pictures, Carpets, and Antiques; also Gramophone, Cheval Mirror, Hair Mattresses, solid Brass grate Rods; can be seen by appointment.—Address B 1527, this office.

FOR Sale, genuine Antique Mahogany Sideboard, how 7ft. long, perfect condition.—Z 395, Findlater's, this office.

HANDSOME Overmantel Mirror, carved walnut frame, 6ft. 6 feet high, 3 feet wide, cost £35; last offered £20.—B 1860, this office.

LAWLOR Brisco will Buy or Sell your surplus Furniture during Auction every Thursday.—Ormond quay, 2 doors from Arran Quay Church. 12f

SEAMLESS Linoleum, 2 yards wide, 2/- per yard; 3 and 3½ 6d. per yard; 4 yards wide, 3/- per yard; 4½ and 5 yards wide, 3/6 per yard; 6 yards wide, 4/- per yard; 7½ yards wide, 5/- per yard; 9 yards wide, 6/- per yard; 12 yards wide, 8/- per yard; 15 yards wide, 10/- per yard; 18 yards wide, 12/- per yard; 21 yards wide, 14/- per yard; 24 yards wide, 16/- per yard; 27 yards wide, 18/- per yard; 30 yards wide, 20/- per yard; 33 yards wide, 22/- per yard; 36 yards wide, 24/- per yard; 39 yards wide, 26/- per yard; 42 yards wide, 28/- per yard; 45 yards wide, 30/- per yard; 48 yards wide, 32/- per yard; 51 yards wide, 34/- per yard; 54 yards wide, 36/- per yard; 57 yards wide, 38/- per yard; 60 yards wide, 40/- per yard; 63 yards wide, 42/- per yard; 66 yards wide, 44/- per yard; 69 yards wide, 46/- per yard; 72 yards wide, 48/- per yard; 75 yards wide, 50/- per yard; 78 yards wide, 52/- per yard; 81 yards wide, 54/- per yard; 84 yards wide, 56/- per yard; 87 yards wide, 58/- per yard; 90 yards wide, 60/- per yard; 93 yards wide, 62/- per yard; 96 yards wide, 64/- per yard; 99 yards wide, 66/- per yard; 102 yards wide, 68/- per yard; 105 yards wide, 70/- per yard; 108 yards wide, 72/- per yard; 111 yards wide, 74/- per yard; 114 yards wide, 76/- per yard; 117 yards wide, 78/- per yard; 120 yards wide, 80/- per yard; 123 yards wide, 82/- per yard; 126 yards wide, 84/- per yard; 129 yards wide, 86/- per yard; 132 yards wide, 88/- per yard; 135 yards wide, 90/- per yard; 138 yards wide, 92/- per yard; 141 yards wide, 94/- per yard; 144 yards wide, 96/- per yard; 147 yards wide, 98/- per yard; 150 yards wide, 100/- per yard; 153 yards wide, 102/- per yard; 156 yards wide, 104/- per yard; 159 yards wide, 106/- per yard; 162 yards wide, 108/- per yard; 165 yards wide, 110/- per yard; 168 yards wide, 112/- per yard; 171 yards wide, 114/- per yard; 174 yards wide, 116/- per yard; 177 yards wide, 118/- per yard; 180 yards wide, 120/- per yard; 183 yards wide, 122/- per yard; 186 yards wide, 124/- per yard; 189 yards wide, 126/- per yard; 192 yards wide, 128/- per yard; 195 yards wide, 130/- per yard; 198 yards wide, 132/- per yard; 201 yards wide, 134/- per yard; 204 yards wide, 136/- per yard; 207 yards wide, 138/- per yard; 210 yards wide, 140/- per yard; 213 yards wide, 142/- per yard; 216 yards wide, 144/- per yard; 219 yards wide, 146/- per yard; 222 yards wide, 148/- per yard; 225 yards wide, 150/- per yard; 228 yards wide, 152/- per yard; 231 yards wide, 154/- per yard; 234 yards wide, 156/- per yard; 237 yards wide, 158/- per yard; 240 yards wide, 160/- per yard; 243 yards wide, 162/- per yard; 246 yards wide, 164/- per yard; 249 yards wide, 166/- per yard; 252 yards wide, 168/- per yard; 255 yards wide, 170/- per yard; 258 yards wide, 172/- per yard; 261 yards wide, 174/- per yard; 264 yards wide, 176/- per yard; 267 yards wide, 178/- per yard; 270 yards wide, 180/- per yard; 273 yards wide, 182/- per yard; 276 yards wide, 184/- per yard; 279 yards wide, 186/- per yard; 282 yards wide, 188/- per yard; 285 yards wide, 190/- per yard; 288 yards wide, 192/- per yard; 291 yards wide, 194/- per yard; 294 yards wide, 196/- per yard; 297 yards wide, 198/- per yard; 300 yards wide, 200/- per yard; 303 yards wide, 202/- per yard; 306 yards wide, 204/- per yard; 309 yards wide, 206/- per yard; 312 yards wide, 208/- per yard; 315 yards wide, 210/- per yard; 318 yards wide, 212/- per yard; 321 yards wide, 214/- per yard; 324 yards wide, 216/- per yard; 327 yards wide, 218/- per yard; 330 yards wide, 220/- per yard; 333 yards wide, 222/- per yard; 336 yards wide, 224/- per yard; 339 yards wide, 226/- per yard; 342 yards wide, 228/- per yard; 345 yards wide, 230/- per yard; 348 yards wide, 232/- per yard; 351 yards wide, 234/- per yard; 354 yards wide, 236/- per yard; 357 yards wide, 238/- per yard; 360 yards wide, 240/- per yard; 363 yards wide, 242/- per yard; 366 yards wide, 244/- per yard; 369 yards wide, 246/- per yard; 372 yards wide, 248/- per yard; 375 yards wide, 250/- per yard; 378 yards wide, 252/- per yard; 381 yards wide, 254/- per yard; 384 yards wide, 256/- per yard; 387 yards wide, 258/- per yard; 390 yards wide, 260/- per yard; 393 yards wide, 262/- per yard; 396 yards wide, 264/- per yard; 399 yards wide, 266/- per yard; 402 yards wide, 268/- per yard; 405 yards wide, 270/- per yard; 408 yards wide, 272/- per yard; 411 yards wide, 274/- per yard; 414 yards wide, 276/- per yard; 417 yards wide, 278/- per yard; 420 yards wide, 280/- per yard; 423 yards wide, 282/- per yard; 426 yards wide, 284/- per yard; 429 yards wide, 286/- per yard; 432 yards wide, 288/- per yard; 435 yards wide, 290/- per yard; 438 yards wide, 292/- per yard; 441 yards wide, 294/- per yard; 444 yards wide, 296/- per yard; 447 yards wide, 298/- per yard; 450 yards wide, 300/- per yard; 453 yards wide, 302/- per yard; 456 yards wide, 304/- per yard; 459 yards wide, 306/- per yard; 462 yards wide, 308/- per yard; 465 yards wide, 310/- per yard; 468 yards wide, 312/- per yard; 471 yards wide, 314/- per yard; 474 yards wide, 316/- per yard; 477 yards wide, 318/- per yard; 480 yards wide, 320/- per yard; 483 yards wide, 322/- per yard; 486 yards wide, 324/- per yard; 489 yards wide, 326/- per yard; 492 yards wide, 328/- per yard; 495 yards wide, 330/- per yard; 498 yards wide, 332/- per yard; 501 yards wide, 334/- per yard; 504 yards wide, 336/- per yard; 507 yards wide, 338/- per yard; 510 yards wide, 340/- per yard; 513 yards wide, 342/- per yard; 516 yards wide, 344/- per yard; 519 yards wide, 346/- per yard; 522 yards wide, 348/- per yard; 525 yards wide, 350/- per yard; 528 yards wide, 352/- per yard; 531 yards wide, 354/- per yard; 534 yards wide, 356/- per yard; 537 yards wide, 358/- per yard; 540 yards wide, 360/- per yard; 543 yards wide, 362/- per yard; 546 yards wide, 364/- per yard; 549 yards wide, 366/- per yard; 552 yards wide, 368/- per yard; 555 yards wide, 370/- per yard; 558 yards wide, 372/- per yard; 561 yards wide, 374/- per yard; 564 yards wide, 376/- per yard; 567 yards wide, 378/- per yard; 570 yards wide, 380/- per yard; 573 yards wide, 382/- per yard; 576 yards wide, 384/- per yard; 579 yards wide, 386/- per yard; 582 yards wide, 388/- per yard; 585 yards wide, 390/- per yard; 588 yards wide, 392/- per yard; 591 yards wide, 394/- per yard; 594 yards wide, 396/- per yard; 597 yards wide, 398/- per yard; 600 yards wide, 400/- per yard; 603 yards wide, 402/- per yard; 606 yards wide, 404/- per yard; 609 yards wide, 406/- per yard; 612 yards wide, 408/- per yard; 615 yards wide, 410/- per yard; 618 yards wide, 412/- per yard; 621 yards wide, 414/- per yard; 624 yards wide, 416/- per yard; 627 yards wide, 418/- per yard; 630 yards wide, 420/- per yard; 633 yards wide, 422/- per yard; 636 yards wide, 424/- per yard; 639 yards wide, 426/- per yard; 642 yards wide, 428/- per yard; 645 yards wide, 430/- per yard; 648 yards wide, 432/- per yard; 651 yards wide, 434/- per yard; 654 yards wide, 436/- per yard; 657 yards wide, 438/- per yard; 660 yards wide, 440/- per yard; 663 yards wide, 442/- per yard; 666 yards wide, 444/- per yard; 669 yards wide, 446/- per yard; 672 yards wide, 448/- per yard; 675 yards wide, 450/- per yard; 678 yards wide, 452/- per yard; 681 yards wide, 454/- per yard; 684 yards wide, 456/- per yard; 687 yards wide, 458/- per yard; 690 yards wide, 460/- per yard; 693 yards wide, 462/- per yard; 696 yards wide, 464/- per yard; 699 yards wide, 466/- per yard; 702 yards wide, 468/- per yard; 705 yards wide, 470/- per yard; 708 yards wide, 472/- per yard; 711 yards wide, 474/- per yard; 714 yards wide, 476/- per yard; 717 yards wide, 478/- per yard; 720 yards wide, 480/- per yard; 723 yards wide, 482/- per yard; 726 yards wide, 484/- per yard; 729 yards wide, 486/- per yard; 732 yards wide, 488/- per yard; 735 yards wide, 490/- per yard; 738 yards wide, 492/- per yard; 741 yards wide, 494/- per yard; 744 yards wide, 496/- per yard; 747 yards wide, 498/- per yard; 750 yards wide, 500/- per yard; 753 yards wide, 502/- per yard; 756 yards wide, 504/- per yard; 759 yards wide, 506/- per yard; 762 yards wide, 508/- per yard; 765 yards wide, 510/- per yard; 768 yards wide, 512/- per yard; 771 yards wide, 514/- per yard; 774 yards wide, 516/- per yard; 777 yards wide, 518/- per yard; 780 yards wide, 520/- per yard; 783 yards wide, 522/- per yard; 786 yards wide, 524/- per yard; 789 yards wide, 526/- per yard; 792 yards wide, 528/- per yard; 795 yards wide, 530/- per yard; 798 yards wide, 532/- per yard; 801 yards wide, 534/- per yard; 804 yards wide, 536/- per yard; 807 yards wide, 538/- per yard; 810 yards wide, 540/- per yard; 813 yards wide, 542/- per yard; 816 yards wide, 544/- per yard; 819 yards wide, 546/- per yard; 822 yards wide, 548/- per yard; 825 yards wide, 550/- per yard; 828 yards wide, 552/- per yard; 831 yards wide, 554/- per yard; 834 y